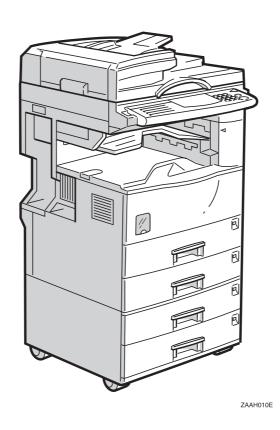
# Russian - C (A265/A267) SERVICE MANUAL



## **⚠IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICES**

## PREVENTION OF PHYSICAL INJURY

- 1. Before disassembling or assembling parts of the copier and peripherals, make sure that the copier power cord is unplugged.
- 2. The wall outlet should be near the copier and easily accessible.
- If any adjustment or operation check has to be made with exterior covers off or open while the main switch is turned on, keep hands away from electrified or mechanically driven components.
- 4. If a job has started before the copier completes the warm-up or initializing period, keep hands away from the mechanical and electrical components because the starts making copies as soon as the warm-up period is completed.
- 5. The inside and the metal parts of the fusing unit become extremely hot while the copier is operating. Be careful to avoid touching those components with your bare hands.

#### **HEALTH SAFETY CONDITIONS**

Toner is non-toxic, but if you get it in your eyes by accident, it may cause temporary eye discomfort. Try to remove with eye drops or flush with water as first aid. If unsuccessful, get medical attention.

#### SAFETY AND ECOLOGICAL NOTES FOR DISPOSAL

- 1. Do not incinerate the toner cassettes. Toner dust may ignite suddenly when exposed to an open flame.
- 2. Dispose of toner cassettes in accordance with local regulations. (This is a non-toxic unit.)
- 3. Dispose of replaced parts in accordance with local regulations.

#### LASER SAFETY

The Center for Devices and Radiological Health (CDRH) prohibits the repair of laser-based optical units in the field. The optical housing unit can only be repaired in a factory or at a location with the requisite equipment. The laser subsystem is replaceable in the field by a qualified Customer Engineer. The laser chassis is not repairable in the field. Customer engineers are therefore directed to return all chassis and laser subsystems to the factory or service depot when replacement of the optical subsystem is required.

## **MARNING**

Use of controls, or adjustment, or performance of procedures other than those specified in this manual may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

## **MARNING FOR LASER UNIT**

WARNING: Turn off the main switch before attempting any of the procedures in the Laser Unit section. Laser beams can seriously damage your eyes.

#### **CAUTION MARKING:**



laser-4.WMF

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## 1. OVERALL MACHINE INFORMATION

## 1.1 SPECIFICATIONS

Configuration: Desktop

Copy Process: Dry electrostatic transfer system

Originals: Sheet/Book

Original Size: Maximum A3/11" x 17"

Copy Paper Size: Maximum

A3/11" x 17"

Minimum

A5/81/2" x 51/2" lengthwise

Custom sizes 2nd paper tray

Width: 100 ~ 297 mm (3.9" ~ 11.5") Length: 148 ~ 432 mm (5.8" ~ 17.0")

By-pass tray (Option):

Width: 90 ~ 305 mm (3.5" ~ 12.0") Length: 148 ~ 1,260 mm (5.8" ~ 49.6")

Copy Paper Weight: Paper Tray:

 $60 \sim 105 \text{ g/m}^2$ ,  $16 \sim 28 \text{ lb (1st paper tray)}$  $60 \sim 157 \text{ g/m}^2$ ,  $16 \sim 43 \text{ lb (2nd paper tray)}$ 

By-pass (Option):

 $60 \sim 157 \text{ g/m}^2$ ,  $16 \sim 42 \text{ lb}$ 

Reproduction Ratios: 5 Enlargement and 7 Reduction

	A4/A3 Version	LT/DLT Version
	400%	400%
	200%	200%
Enlargement	141%	155%
	122%	129%
	115%	121%
Full Size	100%	100%
Reduction	93%	93%
	87%	85%
	82%	78%
	71%	73%
	65%	65%
	50%	50%
	25%	25%

Zoom: 25% to 400% in 1% steps (Platen mode)

50% to 200% in 1% steps (ADF mode)

Power Source: 120 V, 60 Hz:

More than 12 A (for North America)

220 ~ 240 V, 50/60 Hz

More than 6 A (for Europe/Asia)

110 V, 50/60 Hz

More than 13 A (for Taiwan)

#### **Power Consumption:**

	Mainframe Only		Full System	
	120 V	220 ~ 240 V	120 V	220 ~ 240 V
Maximum	Less than	Less than	Less than	Less than
IVIAAIITIUITI	1.44 kW	1.44 kW	1.44 kW	1.44 kW
Copying	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.
Сорупід	500 Wh	500 Wh	500 Wh	500 Wh
Warm-up	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.
waiiii-up	1.0 kW	1.0 kW	1.0 kW	1.0 kW
Stand-by	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.	Approx.
Stariu-by	120 Wh	120 Wh	130 Wh	130 Wh
Low Power Level 1	Approx. 80 Wh	Approx. 85 Wh	Approx. 80 Wh	Approx. 85 Wh
Low Power Level 2	Approx. 50 Wh	Approx. 50 Wh	Approx. 50 Wh	Approx. 50 Wh
Auto Off	10 W		10 W	

**NOTE:** 1) Full system: Mainframe + ADF + 1-bin Sorter + Paper Tray Unit + Duplex Unit + Bridge Unit + Finisher

2) Without the optional heaters, fax unit, and printer controller

#### Noise Emission (Sound Power Level):

Stand-by (Mainframe only): US/Asia Model: 40 dB(A)

Europe Model: 40 dB(A)

Operating (Mainframe only): US/Asia Model: 64 dB(A)

Europe Model: 64 dB(A)

Operating (Full System): 67.5 dB(A)

**NOTE:** 1) The above measurements were made in accordance with ISO 7779.

2) Full System: Mainframe + ADF + 1-bin Sorter + Paper Tray Unit +

Duplex Unit + Bridge Unit + Finisher

Overall Information

Dimensions (W x D x H): 550 x 580 x 709 mm (21.7" x 22.8" x 28.0")

**NOTE:** Measurement Conditions

1) With the paper tray unit or LCT

2) Without the ADF

Weight: Less than 62 kg (136.7 lb)

Copying Speed (copies/minute):

Russian-C1A	A4 sideways/ 11" x 81/2"	A3/11" x 17"
Non-memory copy mode	22	12
Memory copy mode	22	13

Russian-C1B	A4 sideways/ 11" x 81/2"	A3/11" x 17"
Non-memory copy mode	22	12
Memory copy mode	27	15

**NOTE:** Measurement Conditions

1) Not APS mode

2) A4/LT copying

3) Full size

Warm-up Time: Less than 45 seconds (20°C, 68°F)

First Copy Time: Less than 4.9 s (A4), less than 5.0 s (LT)

**NOTE:** Measurement Conditions

1) When the polygonal mirror motor is spinning.

2) From the 1st paper tray

3) Not APS mode

4) Full size

Copy Number Input: Ten-key pad, 1 to 99 (count up or count down)

Manual Image Density: 7 steps

SPECIFICATIONS 20 September 1999

Paper Tray Capacity: Paper Tray:

500 sheets x 2

(Special paper in the 2nd paper tray: 50 sheets)

Paper Tray Unit (Option):

500 sheets x 2 LCT (Option): 1000 sheets x 2 By-pass Tray (Option):

100 sheets (A4, B5, A5, B6, 81/2" x 11", 51/2" x 81/2")

10 sheets (A3, B4, 11" x 17", 81/2" x 13")

1 sheets (non-standard sizes)

**NOTE:** Copy paper weight: 80g/m<sup>2</sup> (20 lb)

Toner Replenishment: Cartridge exchange (360 g/cartridge)

Toner Yield: 10 k copies (A4 sideways, 6% full black, 1 to 1 copying,

ADS mode)

Copy Tray Capacity: Copy Tray: 500 sheets (without 1-bin tray)

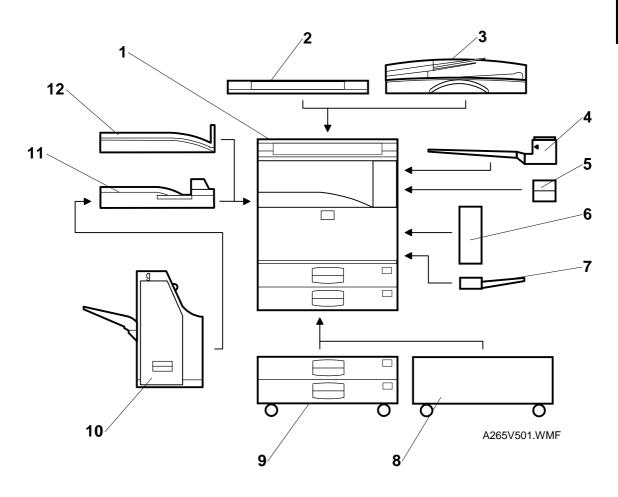
250 sheets (with 1-bin tray)

Memory Capacity: Standard 20 MB, Optional memory 48 MB

# Overall Information

## 1.2 MACHINE CONFIGURATION

## 1.2.1 SYSTEM COMPONENTS



Version	Item	Machine Code	Common with	No.
Copier	Copier (Russian-C1A)	A265		1
Copier (Russian-C1B)		A267		1
	ARDF (Optional)			3
	Platen Cover (Optional)	A893	Stinger-C	2
	Paper Tray Unit - 2 tray (Optional)	A860-11, -21, -56		9
	LCT (Optional)	A862		8
	1-bin Tray (Optional)	A898		4
	Shift Tray (Optional)	B313		12
	Duplex Unit (Optional)	A896		6
	By-pass Tray (Optional)	A899		7
	Interchange Unit (Optional)	B300		5
Bridge Unit (Optional) 1000-sheet Finisher (Optional)		A897		11
		A681	NAD	10
	Copier Feature Expander - Memory 48 MB (Optional)	A887	Stinger-C	
	Key Counter Bracket		Adam	
Fax Controller (Optional)		A895-01, -02, -03		
	G3 Interface Unit (Optional)	A895-11, -12		
	Handset (Optional)	H160	Adam	
	ISDN (Optional)	A895-21, -22		
	PC Fax Expander (Optional)	A894	Stinger-C	
	Fax Function Expander (Optional)	A892	Stinger-C	
Printer	Printer Controller (Optional)	B306		
	PostScript Kit (Optional)	B308	Stinger-C	
	HDD (Optional)	G690	Stinger-C	
	NIB (Optional)	B307	Stinger-C	
	Memory 32 or 64 MB (Optional)	G688	Stinger-C	
Scanner	Scanner Controller (Optional)	A844		

## 1.2.2 INSTALLABLE OPTION TABLE

## Copier options

No.	Option	Russian- C1A/C1B	Note
1	ARDF (Optional)	O	Install either no. 1 or 2
2	Platen Cover (Optional)	0	Install either no. 1 or 2
3	Paper Tray Unit - 2 tray (Optional)	0	Install either no. 3 or 4
4	LCT (Optional)	O	Install either no. 3 or 4
5	1-bin Tray (Optional)	Δ	Requires no.9
6	Shift Tray (Optional)	O	Install either no. 6 or 10
7	Duplex Unit (Optional)	Δ	Requires no.9
8	By-pass Tray (Optional)	O	
9	Interchange Unit (Optional)	O	
10	Bridge Unit (Optional)	Δ	No. 10 requires no.11 Install either no. 6 or 10
11	1000-sheet Finisher (Optional)	Δ	Requires no.10, 12 and either no.3 or 4
12	Memory 48 MB (Optional)	O	
13	Key Counter Bracket	•	



## Fax and printer options

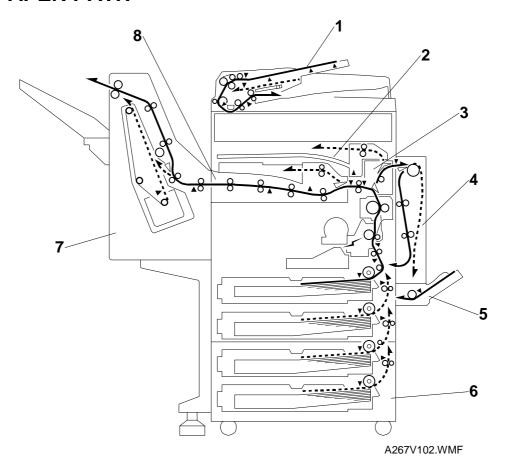
All options for the fax and printer units are available when these units have been installed.

## Scanner option

When the scanner option is installed, the printer option must be installed.

O = Available  $\Delta = Requires another option$ 

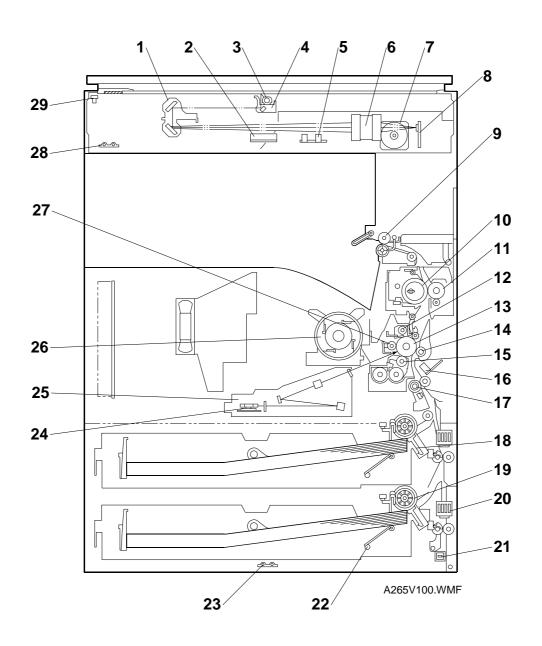
## 1.3 PAPER PATH



- 1. Optional ADF
- 2. Optional 1-bin Tray
- 3. Optional Interchange Unit
- 4. Optional Duplex Unit
- 5. Optional By-pass Feed Tray
- 6. Optional Paper Tray Unit
- 7. Optional 1000-sheet Finisher
- 8. Optional Bridge Unit

## Overall Information

## 1.4 MECHANICAL COMPONENT LAYOUT



- 1. 2nd scanner
- 2. Original width sensor
- 3. Exposure lamp
- 4. 1st scanner
- 5. Original length sensor
- 6. Lens
- 7. Scanner motor
- 8. SBU board
- 9. Exit roller
- 10. Fusing hot roller
- 11. Fusing pressure roller
- 12. Cleaning unit
- 13. OPC drum
- 14. Transfer roller
- 15. Development roller

- 16. ID sensor
- 17. Registration roller
- 18. Friction pad
- 19. Paper feed roller
- 20. Paper size sensor
- 21. Special paper sensor
- 22. Bottom plate
- 23. Tray heater
- 24. Polygon mirror motor
- 25. Laser unit
- 26. Toner supply bottle holder
- 27. Drum charge roller
- 28. Anti-condensation heater
- 29. Scanner home position sensor

## 1.5 ELECTRICAL COMPONENT DESCRIPTIONS

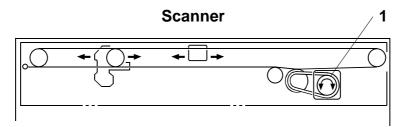
Refer to the electrical component layout on the reverse side of the point-to-point diagram for the location of the components.

Symbol	Name	Function
Motors	l	
M1	Scanner	Drives the 1st and 2nd scanners.
M2	Polygonal Mirror	Turns the polygonal mirror.
M3	Main	Drives the main unit components.
M4	Exhaust Fan	Removes heat from around the fusing unit.
M5	Upper Paper Lift	Raises the bottom plate in the 1st paper tray.
M6	Lower Paper Lift	Raises the bottom plate in the 2nd paper tray.
M7	Toner Supply	Rotates the toner bottle to supply toner to the development unit.
Magnetic	Clutches	
MC1	Upper Paper Feed	Starts paper feed from the 1st paper tray.
MC2	Lower Paper Feed	Starts paper feed from the 2nd paper tray.
MC3	Upper Relay	Drives the upper relay rollers.
MC4	Lower Relay	Drives the lower relay rollers.
MC4	Registration	Drives the registration rollers.
	Trogionanoi:	
Switches	<u>.                                    </u>	
SW1	Main	Provides power to the machine. If this is off, there is no power supplied to the machine.
SW2	Right Upper Cover	Detects whether the right upper cover is open or not.
SW3	Right Cover	Cuts the +5VLD and +24V dc power line and detects whether the right cover is open or not.
SW4	Right Lower Cover	Detects whether the right lower cover is open or not.
SW5	Upper Paper Size	Determines what size of paper is in the upper paper tray.
SW6	Lower Paper Size	Determines what size of paper is in the lower paper tray.
SW7	Special Paper	Determines whether there is special paper in the lower paper tray.
SW8	New PCU Detect	Detects when a new PCU is installed.
SW9	Front Cover Safety	Cuts the +5VLD and +24V dc power line and detects whether the front cover is open or not.
SW10	Operation	Provides power for machine operation. The machine still has power if this switch is off.

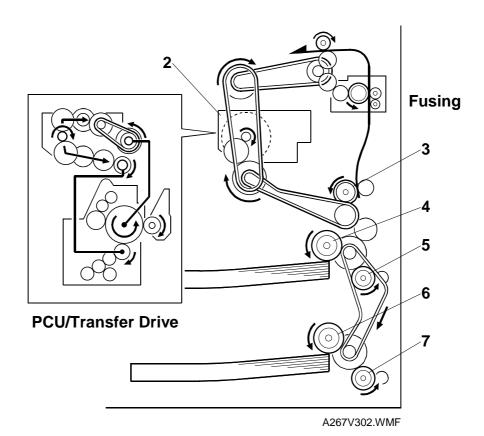
Symbol	Name	Function
Sensors	Hume	1 dilotion
		Informs the CPU when the 1st and 2nd scanners
S1	Scanner HP	are at home position.
		Informs the CPU that the platen cover is in the up
S2	Platen Cover	or down position (related to the APS/ARE
		functions).
S2	Original Width	Detects original width. This is one of the APS
02	Original Width	(Auto Paper Select) sensors.
S4	Original Length 1	Detects original length. This is one of the APS
		(Auto Paper Select) sensors.
S5	Original Length 2	Detects original length. This is one of the APS
		(Auto Paper Select) sensors.  Detects the amount of toner inside the
S6	Toner Density (TD)	development unit.
_		Informs the CPU when the 1st paper tray runs out
S7	1st Paper End	of paper.
	Ond Danes Fud	Informs the CPU when the 2nd paper tray runs out
S8	2nd Paper End	of paper.
S9	Image Density (ID)	Detects the density of various patterns and the
	, ,	reflectivity of the drum for process control.
S10	Paper Overflow	Detects paper overflow in the built-in copy tray.
S11	Paper Exit	Detects misfeeds.
S12	Upper Relay	Detects misfeeds.
S13	Lower Relay	Detects misfeeds.
S14	Registration	Detects misfeeds and controls registration clutch off-on timing.
S15	1st Paper Lift	Detects when the paper in the 1st paper tray is at
		the feed height.
S16	2nd Paper Lift	Detects when the paper in the 2nd paper tray is at the feed height.
S17	1st Paper Height – 1	Detects the amount of paper in the 1st paper tray.
S18	1st Paper Height – 2	Detects the amount of paper in the 1st paper tray.
S19	2nd Paper Height – 1	Detects the amount of paper in the 2nd paper tray.
S20	2nd Paper Height – 2	Detects the amount of paper in the 2nd paper tray.
PCBs		
PCB1	BICU (Base Engine and Image Control Unit)	Controls all base engine functions both directly and through other control boards.
PCB2	PSU (Power Supply Unit)	Provides dc power to the system and ac power to the fusing lamp and heaters.
PCB3	IOB (Input/Output Board)	Controls the fusing lamp and the mechanical parts of the machine.
PCB4	SBU (Sensor Board Unit)	Contains the CCD, and outputs a video signal to the BICU board.
PCB5	Lamp Stabilizer	Stabilizes the power to the exposure lamp.
PCB6	LDD (Laser Diode Driver)	Controls the laser diode.
PCB7	Operation Panel	Controls the operation panel.

Symbol	Name	Function
PCB8	High Voltage Supply	Supplies high voltage to the drum charge roller, development roller, and transfer roller.
PCB9	Memory (Option)	Expands the memory capacity for the copier features.
Lamps		
Lamps		Applied high intensity light to the original for
L1	Exposure Lamp	Applies high intensity light to the original for exposure.
L2	Fusing Lamp	Heats the hot roller.
L3	Quenching Lamp	Neutralizes any charge remaining on the drum surface after cleaning.
Heaters		
H1	Anti-condensation	Turns on when the main power switch is off to
111	(Option)	prevent moisture from forming on the optics.
		Turns on when the main power switch is off to
H2	Tray (Option)	prevent moisture from forming around the paper trays.
		indyo.
Others		
TF1	Fusing Thermofuse	Opens the fusing lamp circuit if the fusing unit overheats.
TH1	Fusing Thermistor	Detects the temperature of the hot roller.
1004	Laser Synchronization	Detects the laser beam at the start of the main
LSD 1	Detector	scan.
CO1	Mechanical Counter	Keeps track of the total number of prints made.
CO2	Key Counter (Option)	Used for control of authorized use. If this feature is enabled for copying, copying will be impossible until it is installed.

## 1.6 DRIVE LAYOUT



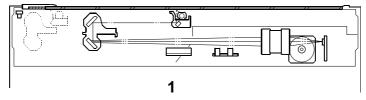
A267V301.WMF



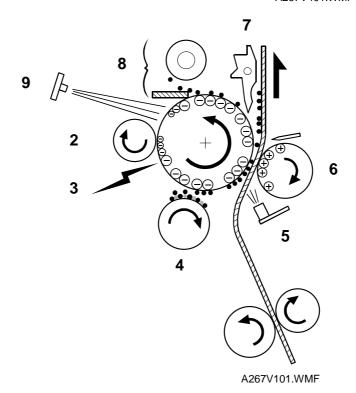
- 1. Scanner Drive Motor
- 2. Main Motor
- 3. Registration Clutch
- 4. Upper Paper Feed Clutch
- 5. Upper Transport Clutch
- 6. Lower Paper Feed Clutch
- 7. Lower Transport Clutch

## 1.7 COPY PROCESS

## 1.7.1 OVERVIEW



A267V401.WMF



#### 1. EXPOSURE

A xenon lamp exposes the original. Light reflected from the original passes to the CCD, where it is converted into an analog data signal. This data is converted to a digital signal, processed and stored in the memory. At the time of printing, the data is retrieved and sent to the laser diode. For multi-copy runs, the original is scanned once only and stored to the memory.

#### 2. DRUM CHARGE

In the dark, the charge roller gives a negative charge to the organic photoconductive (OPC) drum. The charge remains on the surface of the drum because the OPC layer has a high electrical resistance in the dark.

#### 3. LASER EXPOSURE

The processed data scanned from the original is retrieved from the memory and transferred to the drum by a laser beam, which forms an electrical latent image on the drum surface. The amount of charge remaining as a latent image on the drum depends on the laser beam intensity, which is controlled by the BICU board.

## 4. **DEVELOPMENT**

The magnetic developer brush on the development rollers comes in contact with the latent image on the drum surface. Toner particles are electrostatically attached to the areas of the drum surface where the laser reduced the negative charge on the drum.

#### 5. ID SENSOR

The laser forms a sensor pattern on the drum surface. The ID sensor measures the reflectivity of the pattern. The output signal is one of the factors used for toner supply control. Also, the ID sensor measures the reflectivity of the drum surface. The output signal is used for charge roller voltage control.

#### 6. IMAGE TRANSFER

Paper is fed to the area between the drum surface and the transfer roller at the proper time for aligning the copy paper and the developed image on the drum surface. Then, the transfer roller applies a high positive charge to the reverse side of the paper. This positive charge pulls the toner particles from the drum surface onto the paper. At the same time, the paper is electrostatically attracted to the transfer roller.

#### 7. PAPER SEPARATION

Paper separates from the drum as a result of the electrostatic attraction between the paper and the transfer roller. The discharge plate helps separate the paper from the drum.

#### 8. CLEANING

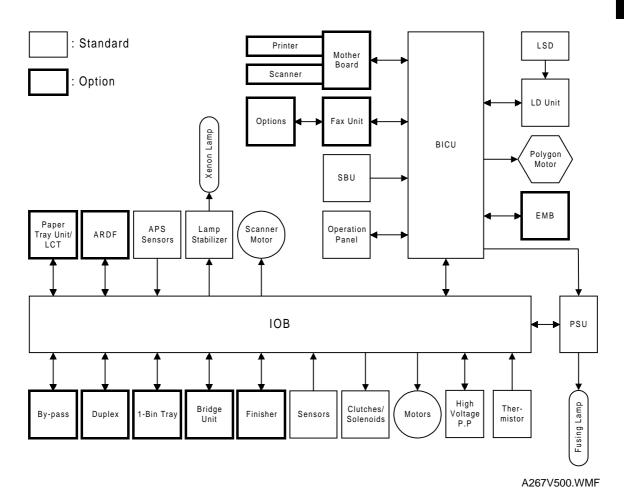
The cleaning blade removes any toner remaining on the drum surface after the image transfers to the paper.

#### 9. QUENCHING

The light from the quenching lamp electrically neutralizes the charge on the drum surface.

## 1.8 BOARD STRUCTURE

## 1.8.1 OVERVIEW



#### 1.8.2 DESCRIPTION

## 1. BICU (Base Engine and Image Control Unit)

The main board controls the following functions:

- Engine sequence
- Scanner, laser printer engine
- Timing control for peripherals
- Image processing, video control
- Operation control
- Various application boards (fax, printer, scanner)
- Machine control, system control

## 2. IOB (I/O Board)

The IOB handles the following functions:

- Drive control for the sensors, motors, and solenoids of the printer and scanner
- High voltage control board control
- Serial interfaces with peripherals
- Fusing control

#### 3. SBU (Sensor Board Unit)

The SBU deals with the analog signals from the CCD and converts them into digital signals.

#### 4. Mother Board (Option)

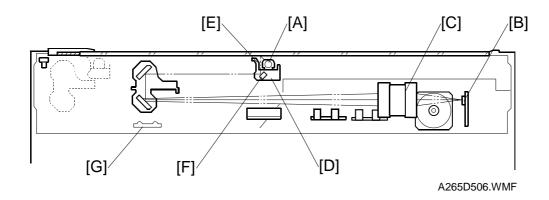
This board interfaces the BICU with the printer controller and/or the scanner controller. The mother board is part of the expansion box option.

## Detailed Descriptions

## 2. DETAILED SECTION DESCRIPTIONS

## 2.1 SCANNING

#### 2.1.1 OVERVIEW



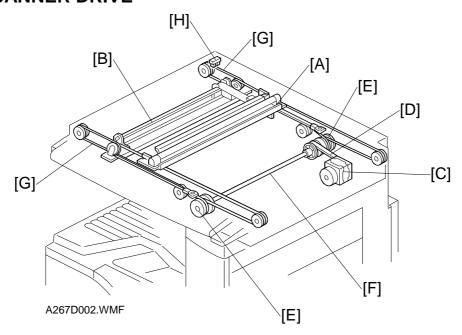
The original is illuminated by the exposure lamp (a xenon lamp in this model) [A]. The image is reflected onto a CCD (charge coupled device) [B] via the 1st, 2nd, 3rd mirrors, and lens [C].

The 1st scanner [D] consists of the exposure lamp, a reflector [E], and the 1st mirror [F].

A lamp stabilizer energizes the exposure lamp. The light reflected by the reflector is of almost equal intensity, to reduce shadows on pasted originals.

An optics anti-condensation heater [G] is available as an option. It can be installed on the left side of the scanner. It turns on whenever the power cord is plugged in.

### 2.1.2 SCANNER DRIVE



A stepper motor drives the scanner. The 1st and 2nd scanners [A,B] are driven by the scanner drive motor [C] through the timing belt [D], scanner drive pulley [E], scanner drive shaft [F], and two scanner wires [G].

#### - Book mode -

The scanner drive board controls and operates the scanner drive motor. In full size mode, the 1st scanner speed is 122 mm/s during scanning. The 2nd scanner speed is half that of the 1st scanner.

In reduction or enlargement mode, the scanning speed depends on the magnification ratio. The returning speed is always the same, whether in full size or magnification mode. The image length change in the sub scan direction is done by changing the scanner drive motor speed, and in the main scan direction it is done by image processing on the BICU board.

Magnification in the sub-scan direction can be adjusted by changing the scanner drive motor speed using SP4-101. Magnification in the main scan direction can be adjusted using SP4-008.

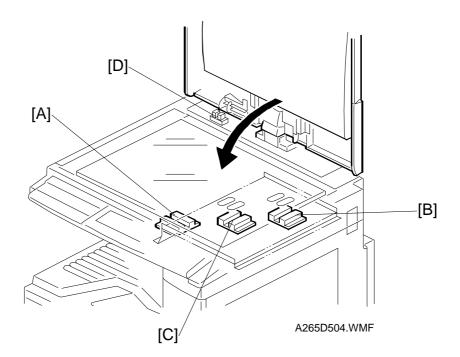
#### - ADF mode -

The scanners are always kept at their home position (the scanner H.P sensor [H] detects the 1st scanner) to scan the original. The ADF motor feeds the original through the ADF. In reduction/enlargement mode, the image length change in the sub-scan direction is done by changing the ADF motor speed. Magnification in the main scan direction is done in the BICU board, like for book mode.

Magnification in the sub-scan direction can be adjusted by changing the ADF motor speed using SP6-007. In the main scan direction, it can be adjusted with SP4-008, like for book mode.

# Detailed Descriptions

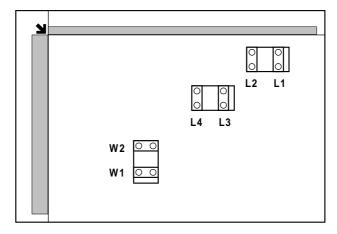
#### 2.1.3 ORIGINAL SIZE DETECTION IN PLATEN MODE



In the optics cavity for original size detection, there are four reflective sensors in the 115V machines ([A] and [B]), and six reflective sensors in the 230V machines. The original width sensors [A] detect the original width, and the original length sensors [B] and [C] detect the original length. These are the APS (Auto Paper Select) sensors. Each APS sensor is a reflective photosensor.

While the main switch is on, these sensors are active and the original size data is always sent to the CPU. However, the CPU checks the data only when the platen cover sensor [D] is activated. This is when the platen is positioned about 15 cm above the exposure glass, for example while it is being closed. The CPU can recognize the original size from the combination of on/off signals from the APS sensors.

If the copy is made with the platen fully open, the CPU decides the original size from the sensor outputs when the Start key is pressed.



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Origin	nal Size		Length	Sensor		Width	Sensor
A4/A3 version	LT/DLT version	L4	L3	L2	L1	W2	W1
A3	11" x 17"	0	0	0	0	0	0
B4	10" x 14"	0	0	0	0	0	Х
Foolscap	8.5" x 13"	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х
A4-L	8.5" x 11"	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
B5-L		0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
A4-S	11" x 8.5"	Х	Х	Х	Χ	0	0
B5-S		Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х
A5-L, A5-S		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

**NOTE:** 1) L: Lengthwise, S: Sideways, O: High (paper present), X: Low 2) The length sensors L3 and L4 are used only for 230V machines.

For other combinations, "CANNOT DETECT ORIG. SIZE" will be indicated on the operation panel display (if SP 4-303 is kept at the default setting).

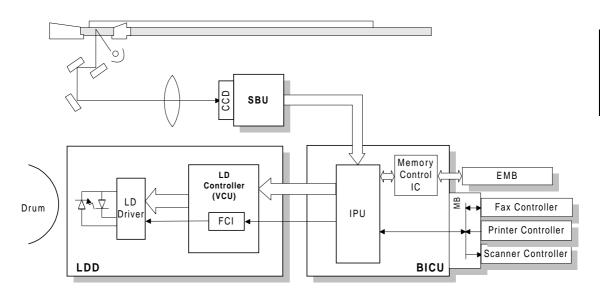
The above table shows the outputs of the sensors for each original size. This original size detection method eliminates the necessity for a pre-scan and increases the machine's productivity.

However, if the by-pass feeder is used, note that the machine assumes that the copy paper is lengthwise. For example, if A4 sideways paper is placed on the by-pass tray, the machine assumes it is A3 paper and scans the full A3 area for the first copy of each page of the original, disregarding the original size sensors. However, for each page, the data signal to the laser diode is stopped to match the copy paper length detected by the registration sensor.

Original size detection using the ADF is described in the manual for the ADF.

### 2.2 IMAGE PROCESSING

#### 2.2.1 OVERVIEW



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The CCD generates an analog video signal. The SBU (Sensor Board Unit) converts the analog signal to an 8-bit digital signal, then it sends the digital signal to the BICU (Base-engine and Image Control Unit) board.

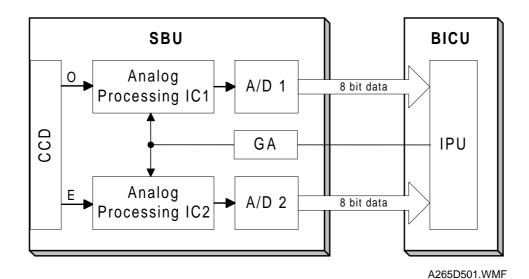
The BICU board can be divided into three image processing blocks; the IPU (Image Processing Unit), FCI (Fine Character Image), and LD controller (VCU).

- IPU: Auto shading, filtering, magnification, γ correction, and gradation processing
- LD controller: LD print timing control and laser power PWM control
- FCI (inside the LD controller): Smoothing (binary picture processing mode only)

Finally, the BICU board sends the video data to the LD drive board at the correct time.

The EMB board is the copier feature expander option, which provides extra memory for the copier features.

### 2.2.2 SBU (SENSOR BOARD UNIT)



The CCD converts the light reflected from the original into an analog signal. The CCD line has 7,450 pixels and the resolution is 600 dpi (23.6 lines/mm).

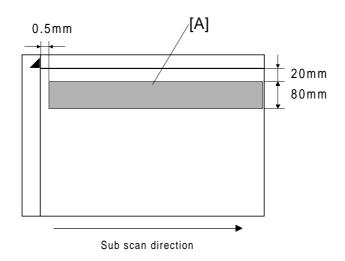
The CCD has two output lines, for odd and even pixels, to the analog processing IC. The analog processing IC performs the following operations on the signals from the CCD:

- Z/C (Zero Clamp):
   Adjusts the black level reference for even pixels to match the odd pixels.
- Signal Amplification:
   The analog signal is amplified by operational amplifiers in the AGC circuit. The maximum gains of the operational amplifiers are controlled by the CPU on the BICU board.

After the above processing, the analog signals are converted to 8-bit signals by the A/D converter. This will give a value for each pixel on a scale of 256 grades. Then, the digitized image data goes to the BICU board.

# Detailed Descriptions

#### 2.2.3 AUTO IMAGE DENSITY



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#### In the SBU

ADS prevents the background of an original from appearing on copies.

The copier scans the auto image density detection area [A] as shown in the diagram. This corresponds to a few mm at one end of the main scan line. As the scanner scans down the page, the IPU on the BICU detects the peak white level for each scan line. The IPU determines the reference value for the A/D conversion for a particular scan line using the peak white level for that scan line. Then, the IPU sends the reference value data to the reference controller on the SBU.

When an original with a gray background is scanned, the density of the gray area is the peak white level density. Therefore, the original background will not appear on copies. Because peak level data is taken for each scan line, ADS corrects for any changes in background density down the page.

As with previous digital copiers, the user can select manual image density when selecting auto image density mode, and the machine will use both settings when processing the original.

#### In the IPU

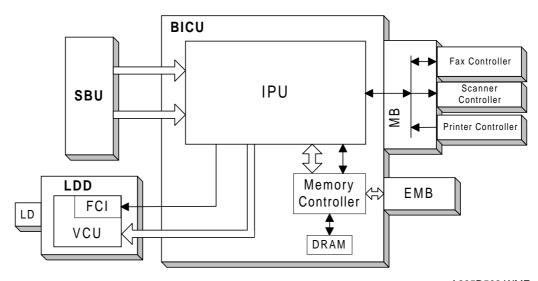
After the SBU process, the IPU board removes background noise resulting from the SBU-BICU wiring by adjusting the white level.

## "Service Mode" Original Types

If the user selects a "Service Mode" original type with the user tools, these two ADS process can be either enabled or disabled (SP4-936, SP4-937), and the amount of white level change for the IPU ADS process can be adjusted (SP4-938).

# 2.2.4 IPU (IMAGE PROCESSING UNIT)

#### **Overview**



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The image data from the SBU goes to the IPU (Image Processing Unit) IC on the BICU board, which carries out the following processes on the image data.

- 1. Auto shading
- 2. Scanner gamma correction
- 3. Filtering (MTF and smoothing)
- 4. Magnification
- 5. ID gamma correction
- 6. Grayscale processing
- 7. Binary picture processing
- 8. Error diffusion
- 9. Dithering
- 10. Video path control
- 11. Test pattern generation

The image data then goes to the LD driver (LDD).

# Detailed Descriptions

#### Image Processing Modes

The user can select text, text/photo, and photo original types, as usual. However, each of these original types has a range of different choices (such as "sharp text", "glossy photo", etc). these are listed in the table on the following page.

 Notice that there is a "Service Mode" for each of the text, text/photo, and photo original modes. This is a customizable mode, with a range of SP modes that can be adjusted to meet user requirements that are not covered by the other original modes.

In addition, there are two main image processing modes: grayscale processing mode (called "Enhanced Mode" on the display) and binary picture processing mode (called "Normal Mode" on the display). Either of these can be selected for each original type.

The user can select the modes that best suit their original with the following user tools:

- Greyscale/Binary Picture: UP mode 2. Copier 1. General Features 08.
   Image Mode Select
- Original Type: UP mode 2. Copier 1. General Features 09. Image Mode Adjustment (select text, text/photo, or photo at the operation panel, then select the sub-type with this UP mode)

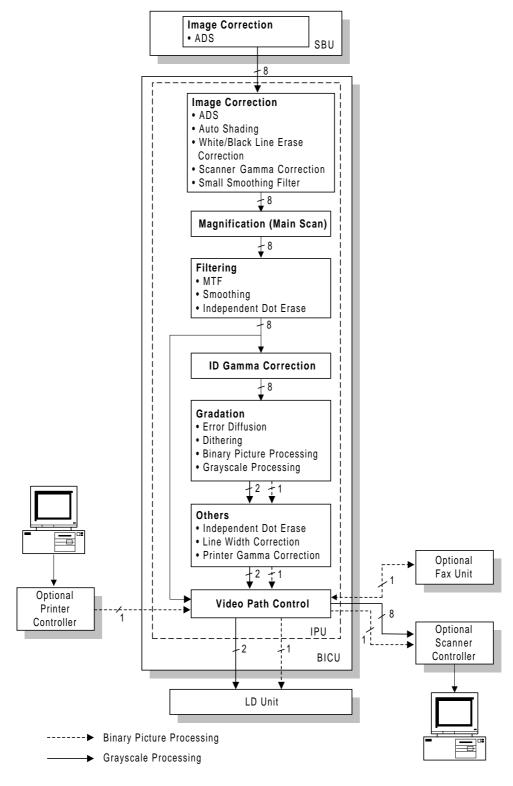
For details of the SP modes that can be used to adjust the image quality for all the original modes, see the "SP Modes for Each Image Processing Step" section.

	Original Type	Mode	Targeted Original Type
Normal Mode	Text	Normal	Normal text originals
(Binary Picture Processing)		Sharp	Newspaper, originals through which the rear side is visible
		Service mode	Default: Printouts from dot matrix printers
	Text/Photo	Photo priority	Text/photo originals which contain mainly photo areas
		Text priority	Text/photo originals which contain mainly text areas
		Service mode	Default: Colored originals (with blue or green text or background)
	Photo	Coarse print	Coarse-grained printed originals, with no text
		Press print	Fine-grained printed originals, with no text
		Glossy photo	Glossy photos
		Service mode	Default: Fine-grained printed originals, with no text.
Enhanced Mode (Grayscale	Text	Pale	Originals with low contrast text (such as written by a pencil)
Processing)		Normal	Normal text originals
		Generation	Copied originals
		Service mode	Default: Printouts from dot matrix printers
	Text/Photo	Text priority	Text/photo originals which contain mainly text areas
		Normal	Text/photo originals
		Photo priority	Text/photo originals which contain mainly photo areas
		Service mode	Default: Colored originals (with blue or green text or background)
	Photo	Press print	Fine-grained printed originals, with no text.
		Normal	Normal photos
		Glossy Photo	Glossy photos
		Service mode	Default: Normal photos

### Image Processing Path

#### **Overview**

This diagram shows the various stages of the image process and where they are done.



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### SP Modes for Each Image Processing Step

The following tables show which SP modes are used for each step in image processing mode.

There are also some SP modes specifically for use with the positive/negative feature:

- 4-403: Can be used to disable greyscale processing for this feature
- 4-947: MTF
- 4-948: Dynamic threshold maximum and minimum limits

#### Text Mode, Binary Picture Processing

		Text Mode	
	Normal	Sharp	Service Mode
ADS (SBU)	As selected at the	e operation panel	As on the op panel 4-936-4
ADS (IPU)	As selected at the	e operation panel	As on the op panel 4-937-4, 4-938-4
Shading Correction	Ena	bled	Enabled
White Line Correction		bled 942	Enabled 4-918-4
Black Line Correction	Enabled (DF only) 4-943	Enabled (DF only) 4-943	Strong (DF only) 4-919-4
Scanner γ Correction	AE li	inear	Linear 4-928-4
Small Smoothing Filter	Not used	Normal	Normal 4-921-3
Main Scan Magnification		Enabled	
Mirroring	Enak	oled only in the ADF r	
MTF/Smoothing Filter	MTF (Medium)	MTF (Weak)	MTF (Weak) 4-915-23~34 4-916-23~34
Independent Dot Erase	We 4-944 (Ena	eak ble/disable)	Strong 4-917-3
ID γ Correction	Text / normal	Text / normal Text / sharp	
Gradation	Error diffusion	Binary pictur	e processing
Threshold	Dynamic	Dynamic	Dynamic 4-922-1 4-923 ~ 4-926 4-931 ~ 4-934
Independent Dot Erase (after image process)	No	ne	None 4-939
Line Width Correction	Disa	ubled	Thinner Lines (medium) 4-935-4

# Text Mode, Grayscale Processing

		Text	Mode	
	Pale	Normal	Generation	Service Mode
ADS (SBU)	As select	ed at the operat	ion panel	As op panel 4-936-1
ADS (IPU)	As select	ed at the operat	ion panel	As op panel 4-937-1 4-938-1
Shading Correction		Enabled		Enabled
White Line Correction		Enabled 4-942		Enabled 4-918-1
Black Line Correction	Enal	oled (DF only) 4	-943	Strong (DF only) 4-919-1
Scanner γ Correction		AE linear		Linear 4-928-1
Small Smoothing Filter		Normal		Normal 4-921-1
Main Scan Magnification		Ena	bled	
Mirroring		Enabled only in	the ADF mode	
MTF/Smoothing Filter		MTF (Medium)		MTF (Medium) 4-915-1~10 4-916-1~10
Independent Dot Erase	4-9	Weak 44 (Enable/disa	ble)	Strong 4-917-1
ID γ Correction	Text			Text 4-940-1
Gradation		Error d	iffusion	
Threshold		Constant		Constant 4-929-1
Independent Dot Erase (after image process)		None		None 4-939
Line Width Correction	Thick (Medium)	Disabled	Thin (Medium)	Disabled 4-935-1

# Text/Photo Mode, Binary Picture Processing

		Text/Photo Mode	
	Photo Priority	Text Priority	Service Mode
ADS (SBU)	As selected at the	e operation panel	As on the op panel 4-936-5
ADS (IPU)	As selected at the	e operation panel	As on the op panel 4-937-5, 4-938-5
Shading Correction	Ena	bled	Enabled
White Line Correction		bled 942	Enabled 4-918-5
Black Line Correction	Enabled (DF only) 4-943	Enabled (DF only) 4-943	Strong (DF only) 4-919-5
Scanner γ Correction	AE li	inear	As op panel 4-928-5
Small Smoothing Filter	Not used	Normal	Normal 4-921-4
Main Scan Magnification		Enabled	
Mirroring	Enak	oled only in the ADF r	
MTF/Smoothing Filter	MTF (Weak)	MTF (Weakest)	MTF (Weakest) 4-915-35~48 4-916-35~48
Independent Dot Erase		eak ble/disable)	Weak 4-917-4
ID γ Correction	Photo priority	Text Priority	Text Priority 4-940-5
Gradation		Error diffusion	
Threshold	Cons	stant	Constant 4-922-2 4-929-4
Independent Dot Erase (after image process)		None	
Line Width Correction	Disa	bled	Thicker Lines (strong) 4-935-5

# Text/Photo Mode, Grayscale Processing

		Text/Pho	oto Mode		
	Text Priority	Normal	Photo Priority	Service Mode	
ADS (SBU)	As select	ed at the operat	tion panel	As op panel 4-936-2	
ADS (IPU)	As select	ed at the operat	ion panel	As op panel 4-937-2 4-938-2	
Shading Correction		Enabled		Enabled	
White Line Correction		Enabled 4-942		Enabled 4-918-2	
Black Line Correction	Enat	oled (DF only) 4	-943	Strong (DF only) 4-919-2	
Scanner γ Correction		AE linear		As op panel 4-928-2	
Small Smoothing Filter		Normal		Normal 4-921-2	
Main Scan Magnification		Ena	bled		
Mirroring		Enabled only in	the ADF mode		
MTF/Smoothing Filter	MTF (Weak)	MTF (W	/eakest)	MTF (Weak) 4-915-11~22 4-916-11~22	
Independent Dot Erase	Weak 4-944 (Enable/disable)			Weak 4-917-2	
ID γ Correction	Text p	•	Photo priority	Text priority 4-940-2	
Gradation		Error diffusion			
Threshold		Constant		Constant 4-929-2	
Independent Dot Erase (after image process)		No	one		
Line Width Correction		Disabled		Thick (Strong) 4-935-2	

# Photo Mode, Binary Picture Processing

		Photo	Mode	
	Coarse print	Press print	Glossy photo	Service Mode
ADS (SBU)	As select	ed at the operat	tion panel	As op panel 4-936-6
ADS (IPU)	As select	ed at the operat	tion panel	As op panel 4-937-6 4-938-6
Shading Correction		Enabled		Enabled
White Line Correction		Enabled 4-942		Enabled 4-918-6
Black Line Correction	Enal	oled (DF only) 4	-943	Strong (DF only) 4-919-6
Scanner γ Correction		NAE linear		As op panel 4-928-6
Small Smoothing Filter		Not	used	
Main Scan Magnification		Ena	bled	
Mirroring		Enabled only in	the ADF mode	
MTF/Smoothing Filter	Smoothin	g (Strong)	MTF (Weak)	Smoothing (Strong) 4-927-2
Independent Dot Erase				
ID $\gamma$ Correction	Coarse print Press print Glossy photo			Press print 4-940-6
Gradation	Dither (53 lines)	Dither (105 lines)	Error diffusion	Dither (105 lines) 4-929-5
Threshold			Constant	
Independent Dot Erase (after image process)		No	one	
Line Width Correction		Disabled		Disabled 4-935-6

# Photo Mode, Grayscale Processing

		Photo	Mode	
	Coarse print	Press print	Glossy photo	Service Mode
ADS (SBU)	As select	ed at the opera	tion panel	As op panel 4-936-3
ADS (IPU)	As select	ed at the opera	tion panel	As op panel 4-937-3 4-938-3
Shading Correction		Enabled		Enabled
White Line Correction		Enabled 4-942		Enabled 4-918-3
Black Line Correction	Enal	oled (DF only) 4	-943	Strong (DF only) 4-919-3
Scanner γ Correction		NAE linear		As op panel 4-928-3
Small Smoothing Filter		Not	used	
Main Scan Magnification		Ena	bled	
Mirroring		Enabled only in	the ADF mode	
MTF/Smoothing Filter	Smoothing (Strong)	Smoothing (Medium)	MTF (Weakest)	Smoothing (Medium) 4-927-1
Independent Dot Erase		No	one	
ID γ Correction	Coarse print	Press print 4-940-3		
Gradation	Dither (105 lines)	Dither (143 lines)	Error diffusion	Dither (143 lines) 4-929-3
Threshold			Dynamic	
Independent Dot Erase (after image process)		No	one	
Line Width Correction		Disabled		Disabled 4-935-3

#### **Auto Shading**

There are two auto shading methods. black level correction and white level correction. Auto shading corrects errors in the signal level for each pixel.

#### **Black Level Correction**

The CPU reads the black dummy data from one end of the CCD signal (32 pixels at the end are blacked off) and takes the average of the black dummy data. Then, the IPU deletes the black level value from each image pixel.

#### White Level Correction

Before scanning the original, the machine reads a reference waveform from the white plate. The average of the white video level for each pixel is stored as the white shading data in the FIFO memory in the IPU chip.

The video signal information for each pixel obtained during image scanning is corrected by the IPU chip.

Auto shading for the first original is done before the scanning.

After scanning every page, auto shading is done to prepare for the next page.

If the copy image density or the original mode is changed during copy run, the auto shading for the next scan is done before the scanning to respond to the mode changed.

#### White Line Erase Compensation

During the white level correction, if extremely low CCD output is detected in some parts of the line, the machine assumes this is due to abnormal black lines on the white plate. This low output is corrected using neighboring pixels. To switch off this correction, use SP4-918 (for the original modes known as "Service Mode") and SP4-942 (other original modes).

#### Black Line Erase Compensation

In ADF mode, if extremely low CCD output is detected on the scanning line before the leading edge of original arrives there, this is attributed to abnormal black dots on the exposure glass. This low output is corrected using neighboring pixels. To adjust or switch off this correction, use SP4-919 (for the original modes known as "Service Mode") and SP4-943 (other original modes).

#### Scanner Gamma (γ) Correction

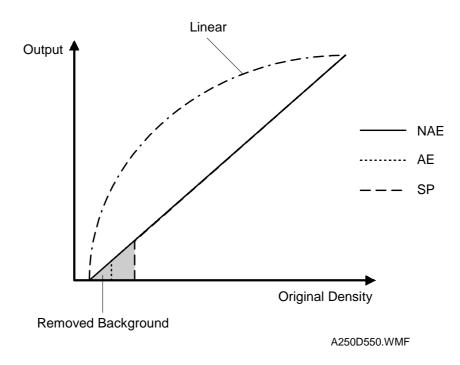
The CCD output is not proportional to the quantity of the light received. Scanner gamma ( $\gamma$ ) correction corrects the CCD output so that grayscale data is proportion to the quantity of the light received.

The machine has four possible scanner gamma curves. The curve used by the machine depends on the original type selected by the user (at the operation panel and with 09. Image Mode Adjustment in the user tools). If the user selects one of the original modes known as 'service mode', the gamma curve can be selected with SP4-928.

If "0" is selected with SP 4-928, the scanner gamma curve is either AE or NAE, depending on the selected original mode (text, photo, etc.).

The four gamma ( $\gamma$ ) correction curves and their characteristics are as follows:

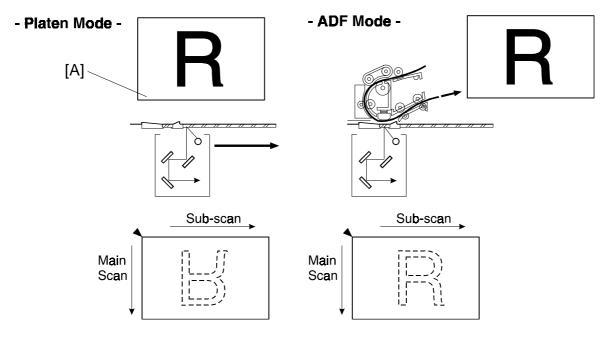
- Non Auto Exposure ID linear (NAE): Corrects the image data in proportion to the original density.
- Auto Exposure ID linear (AE): Removes the background from the image data to some extent and corrects the rest of the image data in proportion to the original density.
- Reflection Ratio ID Linear (Linear): Uses the image data without correction.
- Removed background (SP): Removes the background area completely and corrects the rest of the image data in proportion to the original density.



#### Main Scan Magnification/Reduction

Changing the scanner speed enables reduction and enlargement in the sub-scan direction. However, the IPU chip handles reduction and enlargement in the main scan direction. The processing for main scan magnification/reduction is the same as in the previous digital machines.

#### Mirroring for ADF Mode



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When making a copy using the ADF, the magnification circuit creates a mirror image. This is because the scanning starting position in the main scan direction is at the other end of the scan line in ADF mode (compared with platen mode). In platen mode, the original is placed face down on the exposure glass, and the corner at [A] is at the start of the main scan. The scanner moves down the page. In ADF mode, the ADF feeds the leading edge of the original to the DF exposure glass, and the opposite top corner of the original is at the main scan start position.

To create the mirror image, the IPU stores each line in a LIFO (Last In First Out) memory.

#### **Filtering**

#### **Overview**

There are some software filters for enhancing the desired image qualities of the selected original mode. These filters are the MTF filter, the smoothing filter, and independent dot erase.

The MTF filter emphasizes sharpness and is used in Text and Text/Photo modes.

The smoothing filter is used in Photo mode, except for Glossy Photo mode. In Glossy Photo mode, the MTF filter is used.

Independent dot erase removes unwanted dots from the image.

#### MTF Filter Adjustment - Text and Text/Photo Modes

When the user selects "Service Mode" for either Text or Text/Photo original type, the MTF filter strength and coefficient can be adjusted with SP4-915 and 4-916.

It is difficult to simply explain the relationships between the filter coefficient and filter strengths. Refer to the following charts to determine how to make the filters weaker or stronger. A circle indicates the default setting.

When the filter is stronger in the main scan direction, lines parallel to the feed direction are emphasized. When the filter is stronger in the sub-scan direction, lines at right angles to the feed direction are emphasized. A stronger MTF filter can make a low ID image visible but moiré may become more visible. Moiré is reduced using a smoothing filter specially designed for this purpose (see "Smoothing Filter Adjustment - Text/Photo").

# **Grayscale Processing**

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# **Binary Picture Processing**

laya	L	>	Weak	♦																			П	$\  \ $	↑	Strong	, o	<sub>0</sub>	
																												,	
Main Scan: Filter Coefficient	0	_	1 3	-	1	1	3	2	3	1	3	8	1	1 11	3	3	4	4	2	3	3	2	4	4	15	8	7	15 15	15
Sub-Scan: Filter Coefficient	0	_	2 3	2	က	2	က	က	က	2	-	œ	2	4	3	11	2	4	2	3	2	2	2	8	12	11		12 11 11 12 13	13
Main Scan: Filter Strength	0	8	3	4	4	4	4	4	7	2	2	က	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
Sub-Scan: Filter Strength	0	3	3 3	4	4	4	4	4	2	4	4	3	5	5	5	4	2	2	2	0	0	9	0	0	4	0	0	2	0
Text (25% to 49%) SP4-915-23, 29 SP4-916-23, 29				0																									
Text (50% to 95%) SP4-915-24, 30 SP4-916-24, 30				0																									
Text (96% to 125%) SP4-915-25, 31 SP4-916-25, 31													0																
Text (126% to 159%) SP4-915-26, 32 SP4-916-26, 32															0														
Text (160% to 200%) SP4-915-27, 33 SP4-916-27, 33																		0											
Text (201% to 400%) SP4-915-28, 34 SP4-916-28, 34																		0											
Text/Photo (25% to 49%) SP4-915-35, 42 SP4-916-35, 42				0																									
Text/Photo (50% to 89%) SP4-915-36, 43 SP4-916-36, 43				0																									
Text/Photo (90% to 95%) SP4-915-37, 44 SP4-916-37, 44				0																									
Text/Photo (96% to 125%) SP4-915-38, 45 SP4-916-38, 45													0																
Text/Photo (126% to 159%) SP4-915-39, 46 SP4-916-39, 46													0																
Text/Photo (160% to 200%) SP4-915-40, 47 SP4-916-40, 47													0																
Text/Photo (201% to 400%) SP4-915-41, 48 SP4-916-41, 48													0																
																l		l	l										

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#### Smoothing Filter Adjustment - Photo Mode

When the user selects "Service Mode" for Photo original type, the smoothing filter can be changed with SP4-927. A stronger smoothing filter makes the image more blurred (1: Weak ~ 8: Strong).

#### Smoothing Filter Adjustment - Text and Text/Photo Modes

To reduce the possibility of moiré, a small-matrix smoothing filter is used after scanner gamma (γ) correction in the Text and Text/Photo mode.

This is only used when the user selects "Service Mode" for either Text or Text/Photo original type. The level of smoothing can be adjusted with SP4-921.

#### **Independent Dot Erase**

In Text mode and in Text/Photo mode, independent dots are detected using a 7 x 9 matrix and erased from the image.

The independent dot detection level can be adjusted with SP4-917 (for the original modes known as "Service Mode") and SP4-944 (other original modes – on/off only; no adjustment). With a larger SP setting, more dots are detected as independent dots and erased, even if the dot's density is high. However, dots in mesh-like images may be detected as independent dots mistakenly.

#### Independent Dot Erase after Binary Picture Processing

Normally, independent dot erase is done in the filtering stage. However, when the user selects "Service Mode" for Text original type, independent dots may reappear in the image after the binary picture processing. These independent dots are erased after gradation processing.

SP4-939 changes the filter that is used for this process, and it can be also used to disable this feature. A smaller matrix is more likely to remove dots.

# Detailed Descriptions

#### ID Gamma (γ) Correction

The machine automatically selects the most appropriate ID gamma correction based on the selected original type (and the user tool Image Adjustment setting) and ID setting made at the operation panel.

When the user selects "Service Mode" for any original type, you can use SP4-940 to change ID correction in service mode. The types that can be selected with SP4-940 are different for each original mode (Text, Text/Photo, or Photo).

#### **Gradation Processing**

#### **Overview**

There are four types of gradation processing. Refer to the "Default Image Processing Mode for Each Original Type" section for more details on which processes are used for each original mode.

- Grayscale processing: This has 4 output levels for each pixel.
- Binary picture processing: This has only two output levels (black and white).
- Error diffusion: This is used with either grayscale processing or binary picture processing mode.
- Dithering: This is used with either grayscale processing or binary picture processing mode.

#### Grayscale Processing

In this machine, the 8-bit image data is converted into 2-bit data. This produces up to 4 image density levels for each pixel.

To realize this, this machine uses a form of pulse width modulation. In this machine, pulse width modulation consists of the following processes:

- Laser diode pulse positioning
- Laser diode power/pulse width modulation

Laser diode power and pulse width modulation is done by the laser diode drive board (LDD). Briefly, the width of the laser pulse for a pixel depends on the output level (image density level: from 0 to 255) required for the pixel.

This machine can also change the laser pulse position (at the left side of the pixel, at the center, or at the right side) automatically, depending on the location of the image pixel so that the edges of characters and lines become clearer. There is no SP mode adjustment for this, unlike in some earlier models.

Note that although the LDD can create 256 levels per pixel, the machine only uses 16 of these, and only four are used for any one job. A gamma table determines which four output levels are used. The gamma table is different for each original type setting.

#### **Binary Picture Processing**

The 8-bit image data is converted into 1-bit data (black and white image data).

#### Constant and Dynamic Thresholding

There are two types of threshold:

- Constant threshold: The threshold is fixed
- Dynamic threshold: The threshold value for each pixel depends on the surrounding pixels.

The type that is used depends on the selected original type (text, text/photo, photo) and user tool Image Mode Adjustment setting.

However, if the user selects "Service Mode" for either Text or Text/Photo original type (User Tools - General Features - 09. Image Mode Adjustment), the thresholding type can be changed with SP4-922, but only for binary picture processing.

#### - Constant threshold value -

The threshold remains the same all the time.

The threshold can be adjusted with SP 4-923 when the user selects "Service Mode" for the Text original type, but only for binary picture processing.

Decreasing the threshold value creates a darker image.

#### - Dynamic threshold value -

Dynamic thresholding is designed to clearly separate text/vector graphic objects from the background. It prevents low contrast text from disappearing.

The software compares each pixel with the pixels immediately surrounding it. It is tested in four directions: horizontal, vertical, and in the two diagonal directions. If the image density difference between the object pixel and the surrounding pixels is more than a certain value in any one of these directions, the pixel is determined to be on an edge.

Pixels on the edge are treated with dynamic thresholding. The threshold is calculated by averaging the densities of pixels in the surrounding 7 x 7 area. However, the calculated threshold cannot exceed maximum and minimum limits; if it does, the upper or lower limit is used.

Pixels that are not on an edge are treated with a constant threshold value.

As a side-effect of the dynamic threshold process, copies of originals where the rear side is visible through the paper or the background is dark, may tend to have dirty background. In this case it is necessary to adjust the image density level with the image density key on the operation panel. These adjustments are only for binary picture processing mode.

- Edge detection: SP4-931 (vertical direction), 4-932 (horizontal direction), 4-933 (diagonal from top right to bottom left), 4-934 (diagonal from top left to bottom right). Decreasing the SP mode value causes a lighter line to be detected as an edge.
- Threshold limits for edges, and the threshold for non-edge pixels: SP4-924 (Max), 4-925 (Min), and 4-926 (Center, used for non-edge pixels). The closer that the upper or lower limit is adjusted to the center threshold, the fewer stains appear. However, a low ID contrast image cannot be copied.

#### Error Diffusion

The error diffusion process reduces the difference in contrast between light and dark areas of a halftone image. Each pixel is corrected using the difference between it and the surrounding pixels. The corrected pixels are compared with an error diffusion matrix.

If the user selects "Service Mode" for Text (greyscale mode) or Text/Photo (greyscale or binary picture mode) and the thresholding type is changed from constant to dynamic, an error diffusion matrix can be selected with SP4-929-1 (No.1: 4 x 4 matrix and No.2: 8 x 8 matrix). The two selections are prepared for future use to match original types which are not supported currently. Therefore, at this moment SP4-929-1 should not be used.

Error diffusion cannot be selected in Photo mode.

#### Dithering

Each pixel is compared with the pixel in the same position in a dither matrix. Several matrixes are available, to increase or decrease the detail on the copy. If the user selects "Service Mode" for Photo original type, the dither matrix can be selected with SP4-929-3 and SP4-929-5. A larger value for this SP mode increases the number of gradations. However, the image will not have much contrast.

#### Line width correction

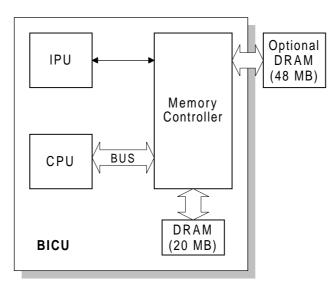
This function is effective only in pale mode and copied original mode (these are original types for Text mode with greyscale).

Usually, lines will bulge in the main scan direction as a result of the negative/positive development system that is used in this model. So, pixels on edges between black and white areas are compared with adjacent pixels, and if the pixel is on a line, the line thickness will be reduced.

The line width correction is done in the IPU chip.

The line width correction type can be selected with SP4-935.

# 2.2.5 MEMORY CONTROLLER AND ENHANCED MEMORY BOARD (EMB)



A265D515.WMF

The BICU consists of the memory controller and the DRAM. The functions of each device are as follows.

Memory Controller: Compressing the 1-bit image data and 2-bit image data

Image rotation

Image data transfer to the DRAM

DRAM (standard 20MB): Stores the compressed data

Working area

The data goes to the memory controller after binary picture processing or grayscale processing. The data is first compressed and then stored in the DRAM. For printing, the data from the DRAM goes back to the memory controller, where it is decompressed and image editing is done (e.g., image rotation, repeat image).

The memory capacity changes after installing optional memory on the BICU board, as follows.

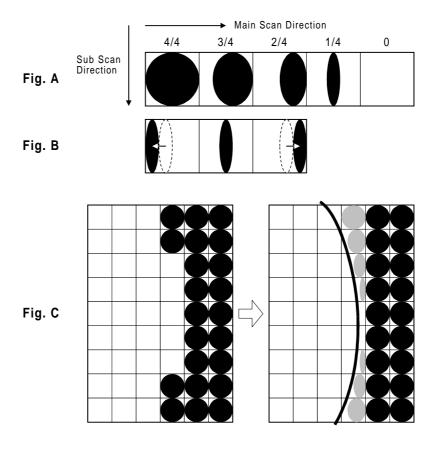
		Standard (20 MB)	20 MB + Optional (68 MB total)
Binary picture	A4 6%	88	99
processing	ITU-T#4 (12% black)	32	99
Grayscale	A4 6%	Not available	99
processing	ITU-T#4 (12% black)	Not available	52

[A4 size, Text mode (Number of pages)]

### 2.2.6 VIDEO CONTROL UNIT (VCU)

#### Fine Character and Image (FCI)

The FCI performs image smoothing. This functions only affects binary picture processed images in sharp text mode.



A250D554.WMF

Usually, binary picture processing generates jagged edges on characters, as shown in the above illustration. These are reduced using edge smoothing. The FCI changes the laser pulse duration and position for certain pixels.

Fig. A shows the four possible pulse durations, and Fig. B shows how the laser pulse can be in one of three positions within the pixel. Fig. C shows an example of how edge smoothing is used.

SP2-902 switches FCI smoothing on or off, but is only valid for copy mode.

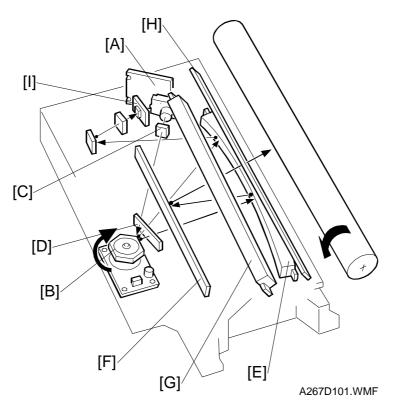
#### **Printer Gamma Correction**

Printer correction corrects the data output from the IPU to the laser diode to account for the characteristics of the printer (e.g., the characteristics of the drum, laser diode, and lenses).

The machine chooses the most suitable gamma curve for the original type selected by the user. There is no SP adjustment for this.

### 2.3 LASER EXPOSURE

#### 2.3.1 OVERVIEW



The optical path from the laser diode to the drum is shown above.

The LD unit [A] outputs a laser beam to the polygon mirror [B] through the cylindrical lens [C]. The shield glass [D] prevents dust from reaching the polygon mirror.

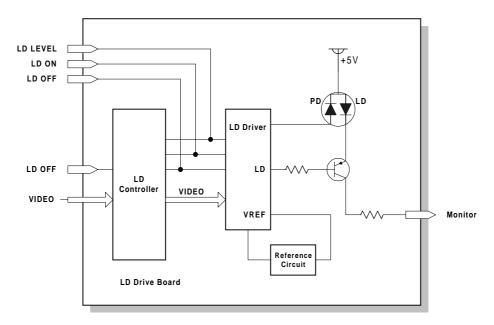
Each surface of the polygon mirror reflects one full main scan line. The laser beam goes to the F-theta mirror [E], mirror [F], and BTL (barrel toroidal lens) [G]. Then the laser beam goes to the drum through the toner shield glass [H].

The laser synchronizing detector [I] determines the main scan starting position.

The speed of the polygon mirror motor is 28,818.9 rpm for 600 dpi.

# Detailed escriptions

## 2.3.2 AUTO POWER CONTROL (APC)



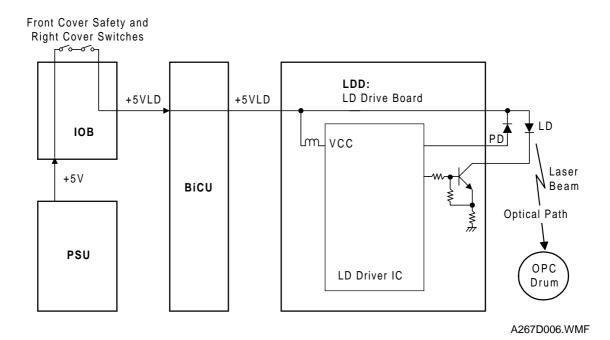
A267D510.WMF

The LD driver IC drives the laser diode. To prevent the intensity of the laser beam from changing because of the temperature, the machine monitors the current passing through the laser diode (LD). The machine adjusts the current to the laser diode by comparing it with the reference level from the reference circuit. This auto power control is done just after the machine is turned on and during printing while the laser diode is active.

The laser diode power is adjusted on the production line.

**NOTE:** Do not touch the variable resistors on the LD unit in the field.

#### 2.3.3 LD SAFETY SWITCH

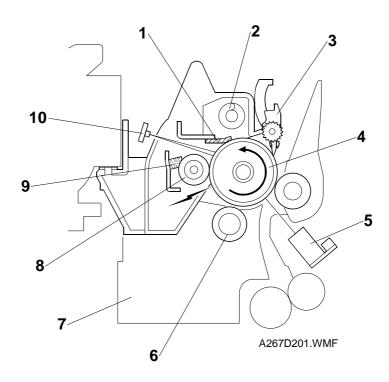


To ensure technician and user safety and to prevent the laser beam from inadvertently switching on during servicing, safety switches are located at the front and right covers. The switches are installed on the +5VLD line coming from the power supply unit through the IOB and BICU boards.

When the front cover or the right cover is opened, the power supply to the laser diode is interrupted.

# 2.4 PHOTOCONDUCTOR UNIT (PCU)

#### 2.4.1 OVERVIEW



The PCU consists of the components shown in the above illustration. An organic photoconductor (OPC) drum (diameter: 30 mm) is used in this machine.

- 1. Cleaning Blade
- 2. Toner Collection Coil
- 3. Pick-off Pawl
- 4. OPC Drum
- 5. ID Sensor (see note)

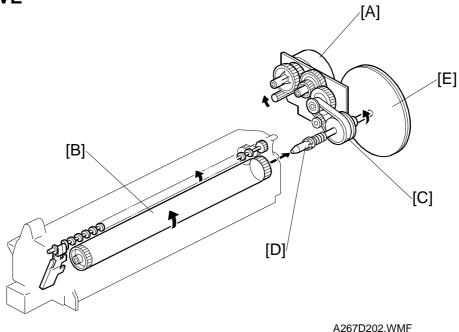
- 6. Development Roller
- 7. Development Unit
- 8. Charge Roller
- 9. Charge Roller Cleaning Pad
- 10. Quenching Lamp (see note)

**NOTE:** These parts are not included in the PCU.

The machine informs the user when the PCU life has finished. However, the user can continue to make copies.

SP5-912 can be used to enable or disable this warning message, and to change the default replacement interval (the default is 60k).

## **2.4.2 DRIVE**



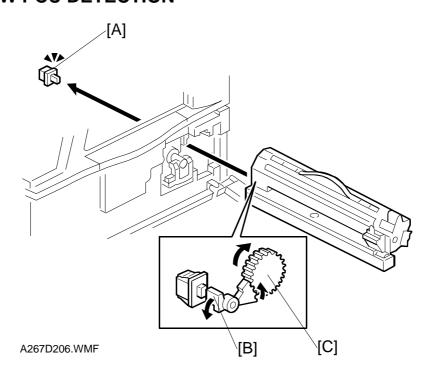
AZ67DZUZ.VVIVIF

The main motor [A] drives the drum [B] through a series of gears, a timing belt [C], and the drum drive shaft [D]. The main motor assembly includes a drive controller, which outputs a motor lock signal when the rotation speed is out of the specified range.

The fly-wheel [E] on the end of the drum drive shaft stabilizes the rotation speed (this prevents banding and jitter from appearing on copies).

# Detailed Descriptions

#### 2.4.3 NEW PCU DETECTION



The new PCU detect switch [A] detects when a new PCU is installed. Each PCU has an actuator [B]. When a new PCU is installed in the machine, the actuator [B] pushes the new PCU detect switch. The actuator is a sector gear, and this gear engages with the drum gear [C]. When the drum rotates, the actuator is released from the drum gear. The actuator drops away from the new PCU detect switch and remains in this "down" position for the duration of the PCU's life.

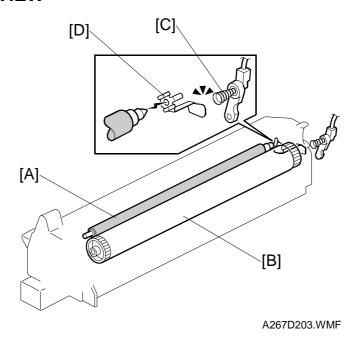
The machine recognizes when a new PCU has been installed in the machine because the actuator of the new PCU contacts the new PCU detect switch. After the front cover and right cover are closed, the machine then performs the TD sensor initial setting procedure automatically (for about 45 seconds). During this time, the drum rotates and the actuator drops away from the sensor.

Also, while the machine performs the TD sensor initial setting, the machine makes a ID sensor pattern on the drum. This checks whether the developer has fallen into the development unit (in other words, it checks whether the technician remembered to remove the developer seal from the PCU at machine installation). If the machine does not detect the ID sensor pattern, SC 392 will be generated.

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# 2.5 DRUM CHARGE

## 2.5.1 OVERVIEW

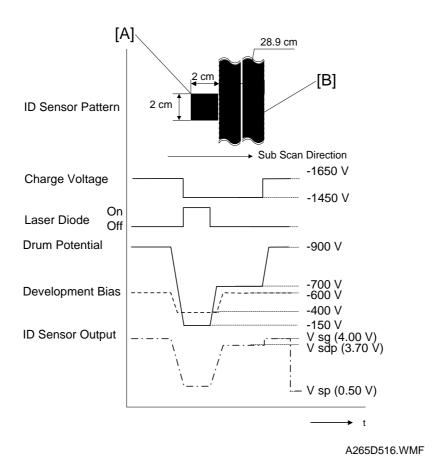


This copier uses a drum charge roller to charge the drum. The drum charge roller [A] always contacts the surface of the drum [B] to give it a negative charge of – 900V.

The high voltage supply board gives a negative dc voltage to the drum charge roller through the spring [C] and terminal plate [D].

#### 2.5.1 CHARGE ROLLER VOLTAGE CORRECTION

#### Correction for Environmental Conditions



Detailed Descriptions

With a drum charge roller system, the voltage transferred from roller to drum varies with the temperature and humidity around the drum charge roller. The lower the temperature or humidity is, the higher the applied voltage required.

To compensate, the machine uses the ID sensor to measure the effects of current environmental conditions. For this measurement, the process control parameters are balanced so that any small change in drum potential caused by environmental effects is reflected in a change in the amount of toner transferred to the drum.

This measurement is made immediately after the ID sensor pattern for toner density control. Immediately after making ID sensor pattern [A], the charge roller voltage stays on, but the development bias goes up to -600V; as a result the drum potential is reduced to -700V. The laser diode is not switched on, and the drum potential is now slightly higher than the development bias, so only a very small amount of toner transfers to the drum. The ID sensor measures the density of this pattern [B], and the output voltage is known as Vsdp. This voltage is compared with Vsg (read from the bare drum at the same time).

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If the humidity drops, the drum potential goes up (to a higher –ve voltage) even if the charge roller voltage supply stays the same (efficiency of voltage transfer is higher with lower humidity). As a result, less toner is transferred to ID sensor pattern [B]. If the sensor output reaches a certain point, the drum charge voltage will be reduced.

To determine whether to change the drum charge roller voltage, the machine compares Vsdp with Vsg.

- Vsdp / Vsg > 0.95 = Reduce the magnitude of the drum charge voltage by 50 V
- Vsdp / Vsg < 0.90 = Increase the magnitude of the drum charge voltage by 50 V</li>

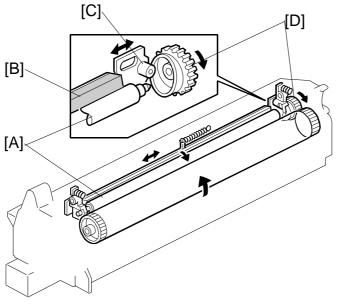
#### 2.5.2 ID SENSOR PATTERN PRODUCTION TIMING

The ID sensor pattern is not made every page or every job. It is only made in the following conditions:

- During warming up at power on
- If the machine starts warming up after a certain time (default: 30 minutes) has passed since entering night mode or low power mode

The 30-minute interval can be changed using SP2-995.

## 2.5.3 DRUM CHARGE ROLLER CLEANING



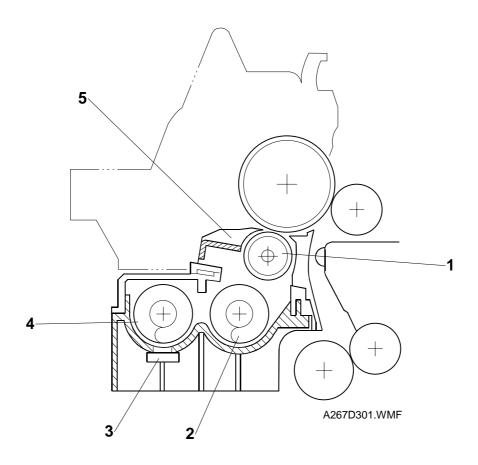
A267D204.WMF

Because the drum charge roller [A] always contacts the drum, it gets dirty easily. So, the cleaning pad [B] also contacts the drum charge roller all the time to clean the surface of the drum charge roller.

The pin [C] at the rear of the cleaning pad holder touches the cam gear [D], and this gear moves the cleaning pad from side to side. This movement improves the cleaning.

# 2.6 DEVELOPMENT

## 2.6.1 OVERVIEW



The development unit consists of the following parts.

1. Development roller

4. Mixing auger 1

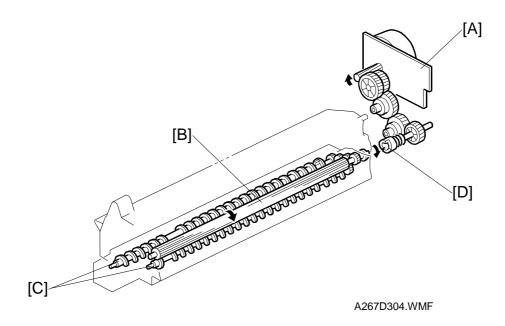
2. Mixing auger 2

5. Doctor blade

3. TD sensor

This machine uses a single-roller development system. Two mixing augers mix the developer. The toner density (TD) sensor and image density (ID) sensor (see the illustration in the PCU section) are used to control toner density.

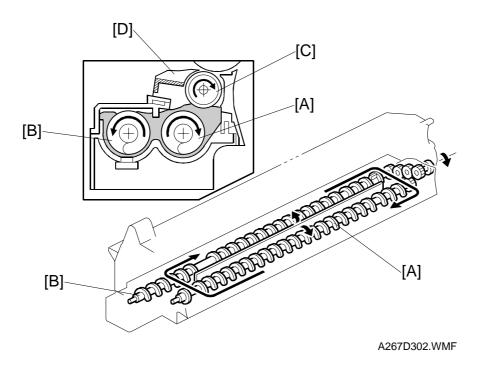
## 2.6.2 **DRIVE**



The main motor [A] drives the development roller [B] and mixing augers [C] through a train of gears and the development drive shaft [D]. When the PCU is pushed in, the development drive shaft engages the development roller gear.

The development drive gears (except for the gears in the development unit) are helical gears. These gears are quieter than normal gears.

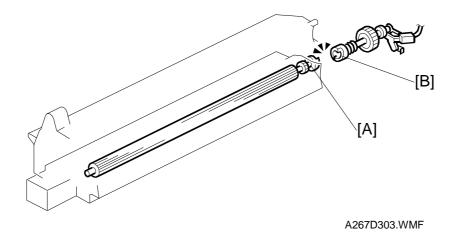
## 2.6.3 DEVELOPER MIXING



This copier uses 2 mixing augers, [A] and [B], to keep the developer evenly mixed. Mixing auger 2 [A] transports excess developer, scraped off the development roller [C] by the doctor blade [D], towards the front of the machine. Mixing auger 1 [B] returns the excess developer, along with new toner, to the rear of the mixing assembly. Here the developer is reapplied to the development roller.

# S

## 2.6.4 DEVELOPMENT BIAS



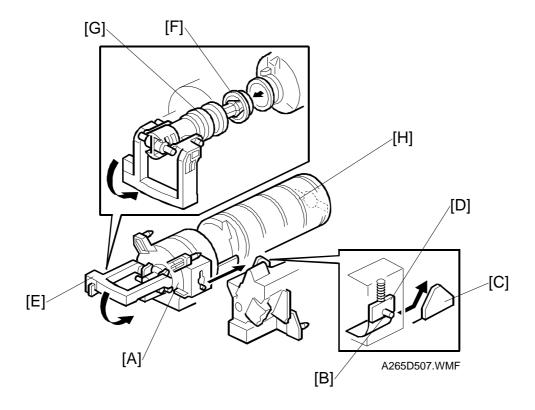
This machine uses a negative-positive development system, in which black areas of the latent image are at a low negative charge (about  $-150 \pm 50$  V) and white areas are at a high negative charge (about -900 V).

To attract negatively charged toner to the black areas of the latent image on the drum, the high voltage supply board applies a bias of -600 volts to the development rollers throughout the image development process. The bias is applied to the development roller shaft [A] through the drive shaft [B].

The development bias voltage (-600 V) can be adjusted with SP2-201-1.

#### 2.6.5 TONER SUPPLY

## Toner bottle replenishment mechanism



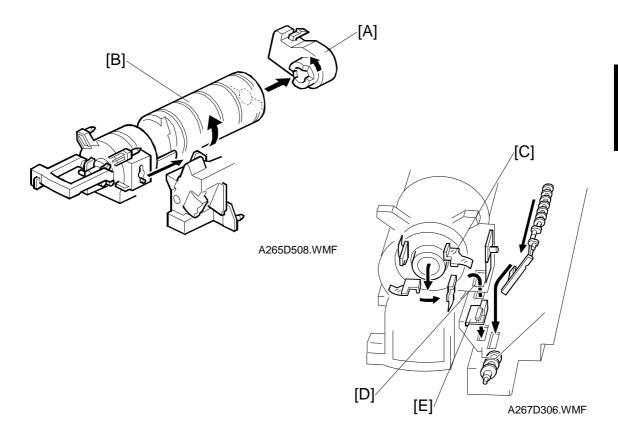
When a toner bottle is placed in the bottle holder unit [A] and the unit is pushed in completely, pin [B] moves against the side [C] of the PCU, and the toner shutter [D] is pulled out to open the bottle. When the toner bottle holder lever [E] is put back in the original position, the cap [F] on the toner bottle is pulled away and kept in place by the chuck [G].

The toner supply mechanism transports toner from the bottle to the development unit. The toner bottle has a spiral groove [H] that helps move toner to the development unit.

When the bottle holder unit is pulled out to add a new toner bottle, the following happens automatically to prevent toner from scattering.

- The chuck releases the toner bottle cap into its proper position.
- The toner shutter shuts to block the opening as a result of pressure from a spring.

## Toner supply mechanism



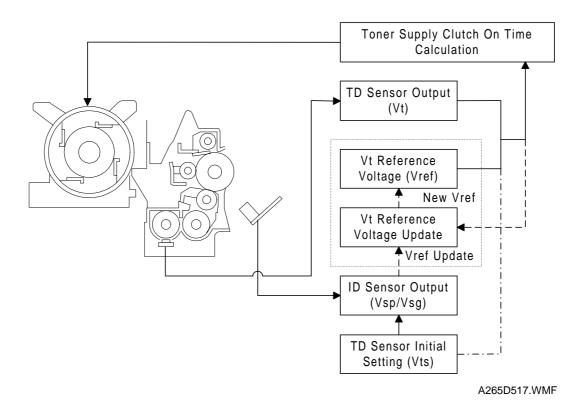
The toner supply motor [A] drives the toner bottle [B] and the mylar blades [C]. First, the toner falls down into the toner bottle holder. The toner supply mylar blades transfer the toner to the slit [D]. When the PCU is installed in the machine, the shutter [E] above the PCU is opened by the machine frame. Then the toner falls down into the development unit through the slit and the shutter.

## 2.6.6 TONER DENSITY CONTROL

#### **Overview**

There are four modes for controlling toner supply as shown in the following tables. The mode can be changed with by SP2-921. The factory setting is sensor control 1 mode.

Basically, toner density is controlled using the standard TD sensor voltage (Vts), toner supply reference voltage (Vref), actual TD sensor output voltage (Vt), and ID sensor output data (Vsp/Vsg).



There are four toner density control modes as follows.

Mode	Sensor control 1 (SP2-921, "0"): Normally use this setting only
Toner supply decision	Compare Vt with a reference voltage (Vts or Vref)
Toner control process	Toner is supplied to the development unit when Vt is higher than the reference voltage (Vts or Vref). This mode keeps the Vref value for use the next toner density control.  Vts is used for the first toner density control after a new PCU has been installed, until it has been corrected with the ID
	sensor output.  Vref is used after Vts has been corrected with the ID sensor output voltage (corrected during the first toner density control for a new PCU).
Toner supply amount	Varies
Toner end detection	Performed

Mode	Sensor control 2 (SP2-921, "1"): For designer's use only; do not use in the field	
Toner supply decision	Compare Vt with a reference voltage (Vts)	
Toner control process	This toner control process is the same as sensor control 1 mode. However, the reference voltage used is always Vts.	
Toner supply amount	Varies	
Toner end detection	Performed	

Mode	Fixed control 1 (SP2-921, "2"): For designer's use only; do not use in the field
Toner supply decision	Compare Vt with a reference voltage (Vts or Vref)
Toner control process	This toner control process is the same as sensor control 1 mode.
Toner supply amount	Fixed (SP2-925)
Toner end detection	Performed

Mode Fixed control 2 (SP2-921, "3"): Use temporarily if the TD sensor needs to be replaced	
Toner supply decision	None
Toner control process	Toner is supplied every printed page regardless of Vt.
Toner supply amount	Fixed (SP2-925)
Toner end detection	Not performed

### Toner density sensor initial setting

The TD sensor initial setting procedure is performed automatically when the new PCU is installed in the machine. During TD sensor initial setting, the TD sensor is set so that the TD sensor output to the value of SP2-926 (default: 2.3V). This value will be used as the standard reference voltage (Vts) of the TD sensor.

### Toner density measurement

Toner density in the developer is detected once every copy cycle. The sensor output voltage (Vt) during the detection cycle is compared with the standard reference voltage (Vts) or the toner supply reference voltage (Vref).

## Vsp/Vsg detection

The ID sensor detects the following voltages.

- Vsg: The ID sensor output when checking the drum surface
- Vsp: The ID sensor output when checking the ID sensor pattern

In this way, the reflectivity of both the drum surface and the pattern on the drum are checked. This compensates for any variations in the reflectivity of the pattern on the drum or the reflectivity of the drum surface.

The ID sensor pattern is made on the drum by charge roller and laser diode.

Vsp/Vsg is not detected every page or job; it is detected at the following times to decide Vref.

- During warming up at power on
- If the machine starts warming up after a certain time (default: 30 minutes) has passed since entering night mode or low power mode

The 30-minute interval can be changed using SP2-995.

## Toner supply reference voltage (Vref) determination

The toner supply reference voltage (Vref) is the threshold voltage for the toner supply determination. Vref is determined using the following data:

- ID sensor output (Vsp/Vsg)
- (Vts or the current Vref) Vt

### Toner supply determination

The reference voltage (Vts or Vref) is the threshold voltage for determining whether or not to supply toner. If Vt becomes greater than the reference voltage, the machine supplies additional toner.

### **Toner Supply Motor On Time Determinations**

For fixed control mode, the toner supply motor on time is specified by the setting of SP2-925, and does not vary. The default setting is 200 ms for each copy. The toner supply motor on time for each value of SP2-925 is as follows.

Value of SP2-925	Motor On Time (t = 200 ms)		
0	t		
1	2t		
2	4t		
3	8t		
4	12t		
5	16t		
6	Continuously		
7	Not supplied		

For sensor control modes 1 and 2, the toner supply motor on time is decided by the following factors.

- Vt
- Vref or Vts
- TD sensor sensitivity (coefficient: S, value is 0.4)

There are seven levels for toner supply motor on time as shown below.

Level	Decision	Motor On Time (seconds)
1	(Vts or Vref) < Vt ≤ (Vts or Vref) + S/16	t (0.6)
2	(Vts or Vref) < Vt ≤ (Vts or Vref) + S/8	t x 2 (1.2)
3	(Vts or Vref) < Vt ≤ (Vts or Vref) + S/4	t x 4 (2.4)
4	(Vts or Vref) < Vt ≤ (Vts or Vref) + S/2	t x 8 (4.8)
5	(Vts or Vref) < Vt ≤ (Vts or Vref) + 4S/5	t x 16 (9.6)
6	Vt ≥ (Vts or Vref) + 4S/16 (near-end)	T (30); see note 3
7	Vt ≥ (Vts or Vref) + S (toner end)	T (30); see note 3

**NOTE:** 1) The value of "t" can be changed using SP2-922 (default: 0.6 second)

- 2) The value of "T" can be changed using SP2-923 (default: 30 seconds)
- 3) T (30) means that toner is supplied intermittently in a 1/3 duty cycle (1 s on, 2 s off) for 30 seconds

#### 2.6.7 TONER SUPPLY IN ABNORMAL SENSOR CONDITIONS

#### ID sensor

Readings are abnormal if any of the following conditions occur:

- Vsq ≤ 2.5V
- Vsg < 3.5V when maximum power (254) is applied</li>
- Vsp ≥ 2.5V
- (Vsg − Vsp) < 1.0V</li>
- ID sensor power required to make the standard output reaches the maximum value (254)

The above ID sensor values can be checked using SP2-221.

When this is detected, the machine changes the value of Vref to 2.5V then does the toner density control process (in a similar way to sensor control mode 2).

No SC code is generated if the ID sensor is defective.

#### TD Sensor

The TD sensor is checked every copy. If the readings from TD sensor become abnormal, the machine changes the toner density control mode to fixed supply mode 2, and the toner supply amount per page is always 200 ms, regardless of the value of SP2-925. Then at the end of a job (if the optional fax unit is installed), or 100 copies after the TD sensor error was detected (if no fax unit is installed), an SC code is generated (SC390) and the machine must be repaired. The 100-copy threshold can be adjusted with SP 2-992.

#### 2.6.8 TONER NEAR END/END DETECTION AND RECOVERY

The toner near end and end conditions are detected using the Vt and Vref values, in a similar way to toner density control.

This is done in all toner supply modes except for fixed mode 2, when toner end is not detected.

#### **Toner Near End Detection**

If Vt is at level 6 (see the table on the previous page) five times consecutively, the machine enters the toner near end condition and the toner end indicator starts blinking. Then the machine supplies toner for a certain time, which depends on the setting of SP 2-923 (see the previous page).

### Toner Near End Recovery

If the machine detects "Vt < (Vref or Vts) + 4S/5" twice consecutively when in one of the following situations, the machine leaves the toner near end condition.

- While in the toner recovery cycle (supplying toner on and off for 30 s see the previous page) after the machine has detected a toner near end condition.
- During copying in the toner near end condition.
- If the front cover is opened and closed for more than 10 seconds while a toner near end condition exists.

#### **Toner End Detection**

There are two situations for entering the toner end condition.

 When Vt is level 7 three times consecutively, the machine enters the toner end condition.



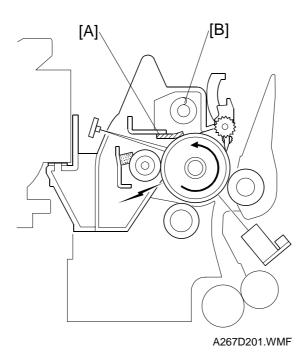
 When "Vt+S > Vt > (Vref or Vts) + 4S/5" is detected in the toner near end condition, then 50 copies can be made after this condition (the number of copies between this condition and toner end can be changed using SP2-213).

## Toner End Recovery

If the front cover is opened and closed for 10 seconds while a toner end condition exists and the toner bottle is replaced, the machine attempts to recover using the same procedure as for toner near end/end detection.

## 2.7 DRUM CLEANING AND TONER RECYCLING

#### 2.7.1 DRUM CLEANING

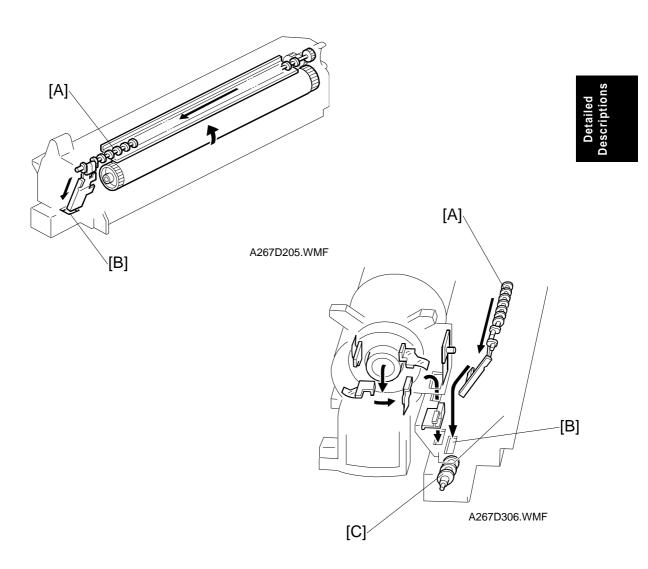


The cleaning blade [A] removes any toner remaining on the drum after the image is transferred to the paper. This model uses a counter blade system.

The cleaning blade scrapes off toner remaining on the drum. When toner builds up in the cleaning unit, toner at the top of the pile is removed by the toner collection coil [B].

To remove the toner and other particles that are accumulated at the edge of the cleaning blade, the drum turns in reverse for about 5 mm at the end of every copy job.

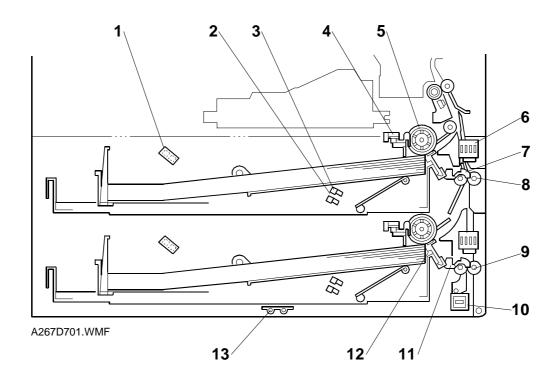
## 2.7.2 TONER RECYCLING



Toner picked up by the toner collection coil [A], is transported to the opening [B] in the side of the PCU. Then, this toner falls into the development unit with new toner coming from the toner bottle and it is all mixed together by mixing auger 1 [C] and used again.

## 2.8 PAPER FEED

## 2.8.1 OVERVIEW



There are two paper trays, each of which can hold 500 sheets.

The paper tray feed stations use a friction pad system.

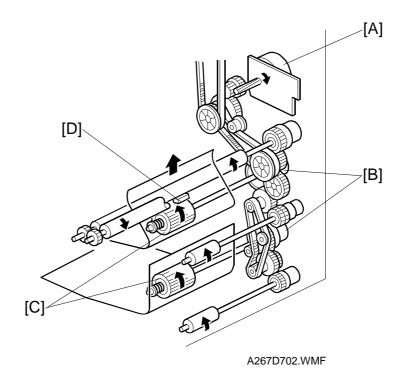
The two relay sensors are used for paper jam detection.

The components of the paper feed station are as follows.

- 1. Paper Lift Sensor
- 2. Paper Height –1 Sensor
- 3. Paper Height –2 Sensor
- 4. Paper End Sensor
- 5. Paper Feed Roller
- 6. Paper Size Sensor
- 7. Upper Relay Sensor

- 8. Upper Relay Roller
- 9. Lower Relay Roller
- 10. Special Paper Sensor
- 11. Lower Relay Sensor
- 12. Friction Pad
- 13. Tray Heater (Option)

## 2.8.2 PAPER FEED DRIVE MECHANISM

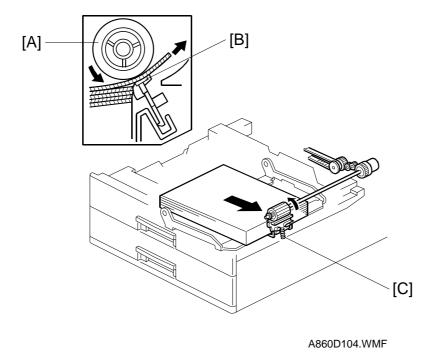


The main motor [A] drives the pick-up and feed mechanism of both the first and second paper trays. The paper feed clutches [B] transfer drive from this motor to the paper feed rollers [C].

When the paper feed clutch turns on, the feed rollers start to feed the paper. The paper feed clutch stays on until shortly after the registration sensor [D] has been activated.

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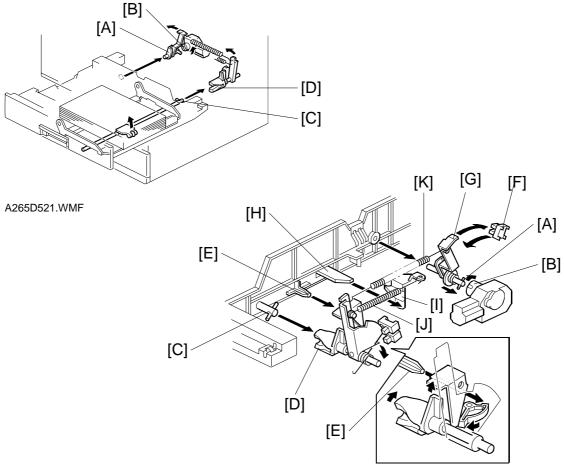
## 2.8.3 PAPER FEED AND SEPARATION MECHANISM



The paper feed roller [A] drives the top sheet of paper from the paper tray to the copier. The friction pad [B] allows only one sheet to feed at a time. The friction pad applies pressure to the feed roller with a spring [C].

The friction pad pressure cannot be adjusted.





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The paper size switch detects when the tray is pushed in.

When the paper tray is pushed into the machine, the pin [A] for the lift motor pressure shaft engages the lift motor coupling [B] and the pin [C] for the bottom plate lift shaft in the tray engages the bottom plate pressure lever coupling [D]. The pin [E] on the rear of the tray pushes the lock lever so that the lift motor can lift the bottom plate pressure lever.

The lift motor turns on, and turns clockwise as shown in the diagram. The main pressure spring [K] pulls the bottom plate pressure lever, and this lifts the tray bottom plate.

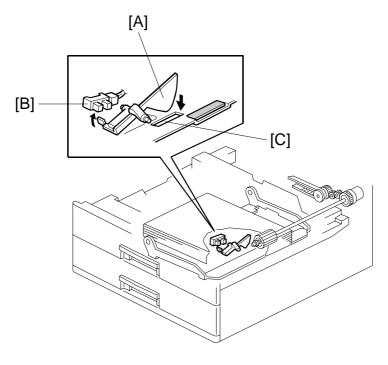
When the top of the stack touches the feed roller, the motor cannot pull up the plate any more, so it pulls the actuator [G] into the lift sensor [F]. Then the lift motor stops. The pressure of the feed roller on the paper is now too high, so the lift motor reverses a certain time (200 ms or 600 ms), depending on the paper size, to reduce this pressure. For smaller paper, it reverses the larger amount (600 ms) to reduce the pressure more.

**NOTE:** The relationship between the bottom plate pressure adjustment, paper size thresholds, and the related SP modes is explained in "Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment for Paper Size".

For A4-width paper or wider, a projection [H] on the side fence engages the secondary pressure spring [J] through a lever [I]. Then, the secondary pressure spring [J] applies paper feed pressure in addition to the main pressure spring [K], to ensure that extra pressure is applied to wider paper.

When the paper tray is pulled out, the pins [A, C] disengage from the couplings [B, D], and the bottom plate drops. To make it easier to push the tray in, the lift motor rotates backwards 1.7 seconds to return the bottom plate pressure lever coupling [D] to the original position. The amount of reverse can be adjusted with SP 1-912.

#### 2.8.5 PAPER END DETECTION



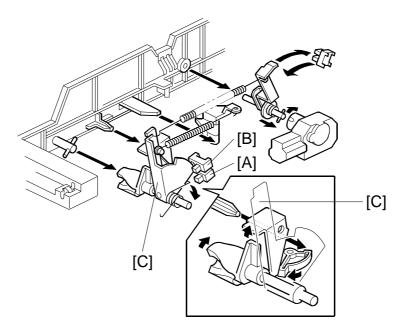
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If there is some paper in the paper tray, the paper stack raises the paper end feeler [A] and the paper end sensor [B] is deactivated.

When the paper tray runs out of paper, the paper end feeler drops into the cutout [C] in the tray bottom plate and the paper end sensor is activated.

When the paper tray is drawn out with no paper in the tray, the shape of the paper end feeler causes it to lift up.

#### 2.8.6 PAPER HEIGHT DETECTION



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The amount of paper in the tray is detected by the combination of on/off signals from two paper height sensors [A] and [B]. However, these outputs are only used when the optional printer controller is installed.

When the amount of paper decreases, the bottom plate pressure lever [C] moves the actuator up.

The following combination of sensor signals is sent to the copier.

Amount of Paper	Paper Height Sensor 1	Paper Height Sensor 2
Near End	OFF	ON
30%	ON	ON
70%	ON	OFF
100%	OFF	OFF

When the tray contains paper of a small width, the paper feed pressure may become too low when the thickness of the remaining stack of paper has decreased. The lift motor rotates forward 400 ms after the sensor detects a certain amount of paper remaining in the tray to increase paper feed pressure, simulating the pressure generated by a full tray.

**NOTE:** The relationship between the bottom plate re-adjustment timing, paper size threshold, and the related SP modes is explained in "Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment for Paper Size".

#### 2.8.7 FEED PRESSURE ADJUSTMENT FOR PAPER SIZE

#### **Overview**

For the friction pad system, the pressure from the top of the stack against the feed rolleris very important for paper feed quality from the paper tray. If the pressure is high, double feed may occur. On the other hand, if the pressure is low, non-feed may occur. Because of this, the pressure must be varied depending on the paper size, paper weight, and amount of paper remaining in the tray. To achieve this, the pressure for each paper tray can be adjusted using SP mode.

### Paper Size Thresholds

The upward pressure from the bottom plate spring is always the same. However, downward pressure from the stack on the bottom plate depends on the paper size. Because of this, for a smaller paper size, the pressure of the top of the stack against the feed roller is more than normal (because of the smaller downward pressure from the stack), so adjustment may be necessary.

Using the following SP modes, either two or three paper size ranges can be specified. Using other SP modes (explained later), the pressure can be adjusted separately for each of these ranges to deal with any feed problems that have been occurring.

	Normal	Small Size	Middle Size
Paper Size	Greater than HLT/A5	HLT/A5 or smaller	None
	(default setting)	(default setting)	(default setting)
1st paper tray		SP1-908-8	SP1-908-9
2nd paper tray		SP1-909-8	SP1-909-9
3rd paper tray		SP1-910-8	SP1-910-9
4th paper tray		SP1-911-8	SP1-911-9

Paper Size Ranges

For Three Size Ranges

Small paper size range: Paper sizes equal to the 'Small' SP mode value, or smaller.

Middle paper size range: Paper sizes greater than the small paper size, up to and including the middle paper size specified by the 'Middle' SP mode.

Normal paper size range: Paper sizes greater than the 'Middle' SP mode.

For Two Size Ranges

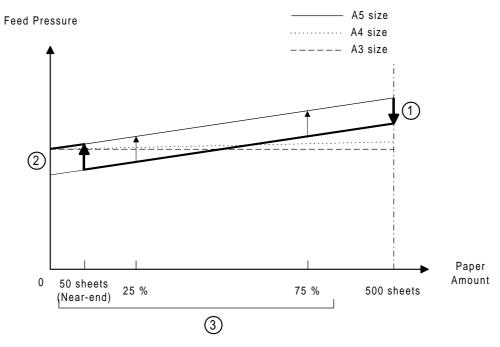
Small paper size range: Paper sizes equal to the 'Small' SP mode value, or smaller.

Normal paper size range: Paper sizes greater than the 'Small' SP mode.

### Feed Pressure Adjustment

The pressure can be adjusted to solve a paper feed problem. This adjusts the amount of lift motor reverse just after the lift sensor is activated when lifting the stack to the paper feed position. To apply less pressure to the top of the stack, the amount of reverse should be increased.

### Effect of the Amount of Remaining Paper



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#### From tray full to paper near-end

The pressure between the top of the stack and the fed roller also depends on the amount of remaining paper, especially for small paper sizes, as shown in the above graph. The pressure for A5 changes significantly between stack heights of 500 sheets and 50 sheets, but not much for A4 or A3 paper.

For 500 sheets of A5, the pressure is too high. To counter this, the lift motor reverses 600 ms (① in the graph), as explained in the previous section. The SP modes in the following table are for solving feed problems that occur when the tray is between full and near-end.

	Normal	Small Size	Middle Size
Paper Size	Greater than HLT/A5	HLT/A5 or smaller	None
	(default setting)	(default setting)	(default setting)
1st paper tray	SP1-908-1	SP1-908-2	SP1-908-3
2nd paper tray	SP1-909-1	SP1-909-2	SP1-909-3
3rd paper tray	SP1-910-1	SP1-910-2	SP1-910-3
4th paper tray	SP1-911-1	SP1-911-2	SP1-911-3
Default (all trays)	200 ms	600 ms	200 ms
			(default: not used)

#### From paper near end to paper end

When paper is used up, the pressure on the bottom plate reduces, so the upward pressure increases, causing the pressure of the feed roller against the top of the stack to increase.

However, for small paper sizes, because of the previous correction (600 ms reverse rotation of the lift motor), the pressure between the feed roller and the top of the stack becomes too small at some point as paper is used up, and this could cause paper feed problems. This condition is more significant for smaller paper sizes, such as A5, as shown in the diagram.

If a paper feed problem occurs when the stack is partly used up, the pressure can be re-adjusted (② in the graph) using the following SP modes. The default is set for 50 sheets (at the near-end point)

The lift motor rotates forward for the time specified by the SP mode to increase the pressure.

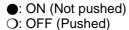
	Small Size	Middle Size		
Paper Size	HLT/A5 or smaller	None		
	(default setting)	(default setting)		
1st paper tray	SP1-908-4	SP1-908-5		
2nd paper tray	SP1-909-4	SP1-909-5		
3rd paper tray	SP1-910-4	SP1-910-5		
4th paper tray	SP1-911-4	SP1-911-5		
Default (all trays)	400 ms	300 ms		
		(default: not used)		

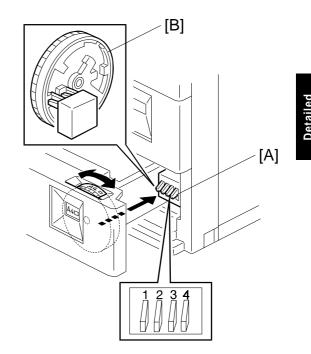
Also, the point at which this adjustment is applied (near-end [50 sheets], 25% full, 75% full) can be selected (③ in the graph) using the following SP modes.

	Small Size	Middle Size	
Paper Size	HLT/A5 or smaller	None	
	(default setting)	(default setting)	
1st paper tray	SP1-908-6	SP1-908-7	
2nd paper tray	SP1-909-6	SP1-909-7	
3rd paper tray	SP1-910-6	SP1-910-7	
4th paper tray	SP1-911-6	SP1-911-7	
Default (all trays)	Near-end	Near-end	
		(default: not used)	

#### 2.8.8 PAPER SIZE DETECTION

SW Size	1	2	3	4
A3	О	О	О	О
A4 Sideways	•	•	0	•
A4 Lengthwise	•	•	0	O
A5 Lengthwise, 81/2" x 14"	О	О	•	•
B4, 11" x 17"	•	О	•	О
B5 Sideways, 11" x 81/2"	•	О	О	О
B5 Lengthwise, 81/2" x 11"	О	•	•	•
* (Asterisk)	О		О	





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There are four paper size microswitches [A] on the front right plate of the paper tray unit. The switches are actuated by a paper size actuator [B] behind the paper size indicator plate, which is on the front right of the tray.

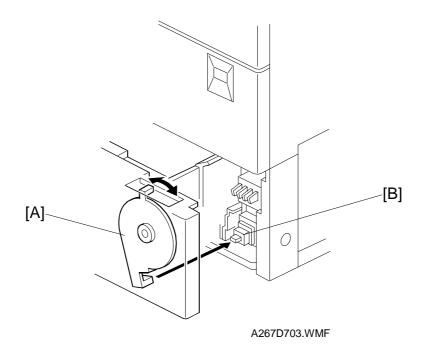
Each paper size has its own actuator, with a unique combination of notches. To determine which size has been installed, the CPU reads which microswitches the actuator has switched off.

The CPU disables paper feed from a tray if the paper size cannot be detected. If the paper size actuator is broken, or if there is no tray installed, the Add Paper indicator will light.

When the paper size actuator is at the "\*" mark, the paper tray can be set up to accommodate one of a wider range of paper sizes by using user tools. If the paper size for this position is changed without changing the user tool setting, a paper jam will result.

#### 2.8.9 SPECIAL PAPER SETTING

PAPER FEED



When feeding thick paper and envelopes, the user must use the 2nd paper tray (if the optional by-pass table is not installed), and turn lever [A] to the right. Then, when sliding the tray into the machine, the lever does not push the special paper switch [B] (it stays off), and the machine detects that there is special paper in the 2nd paper tray.

When the machine detects the special paper signal, the fusing temperature and the transfer roller current will be changed as follows.

1. Fusing temperature: Current operation temperature + 10 °C

2. Transfer roller current:

A3 width (11"): 14 μA

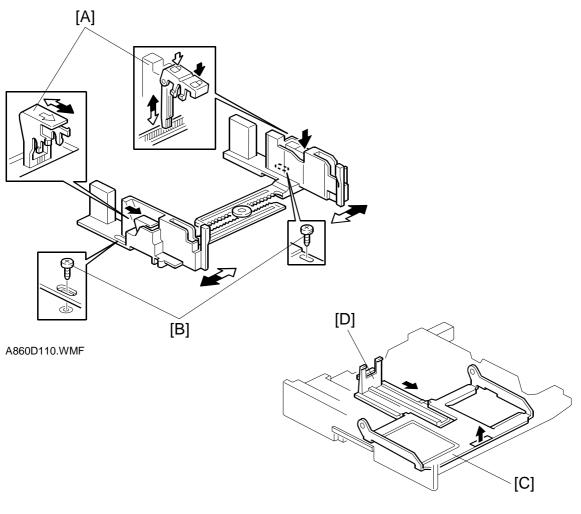
B4 width (10"): 15 μA

A4 width (8.5"): 17 μA

A5 width (5.5"): 20 μA

Note that for the by-pass tray, the fusing and transfer conditions for special paper are also applied if the user uses thick (non-standard) mode.

## 2.8.10 SIDE AND END FENCES



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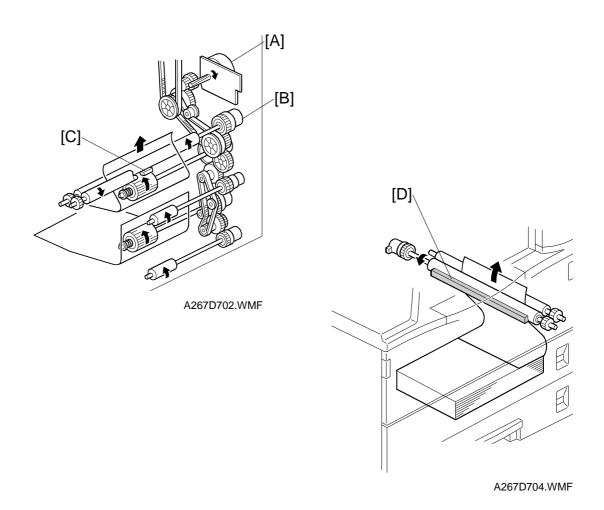
#### Side Fences

If the tray is full of paper and it is pushed in strongly, the fences may deform or bend. This may cause the paper to skew or the side-to-side registration to be incorrect. To correct this, each side fence has a stopper [A] attached to it. Each side fence can be secured with a screw [B], for customers who do not want to change the paper size.

#### End Fence

As the amount of paper in the tray decreases, the bottom plate [C] lifts up gradually. The end fence [D] is connected to the bottom plate. When the tray bottom plate rises, the end fence moves forward and pushes the back of the paper stack to keep it squared up.

#### 2.8.11 PAPER REGISTRATION



The drive from the main motor [A] is transmitted to the registration roller through the registration clutch gear [B].

The registration sensor [C] is used for correcting paper skew and for detecting paper misfeeds.

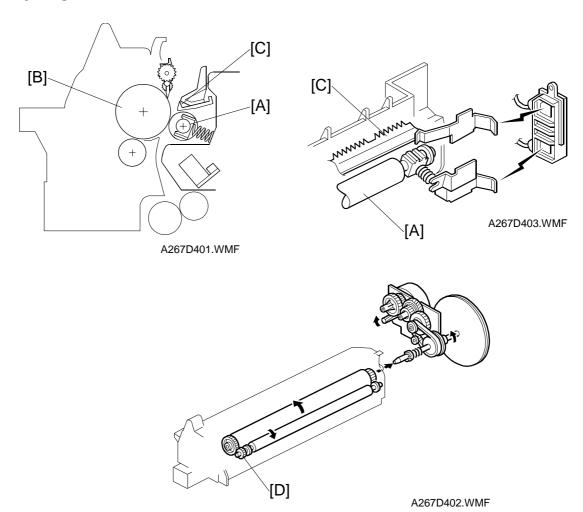
The cleaning pad [D] contacts the registration roller. It removes paper dust from the registration roller so that this dust will not transfer into the development unit through the drum cleaning unit.

The amount of paper buckle at the registration roller to correct skew can be adjusted with SP 1-003.

If jams frequently occur after registration, the paper feed clutch can be reenergized so that the feed roller can assist the registration roller to re-start paper feed. This may be needed when feeding thicker paper. This adjustment is made with SP 1-903; it can be adjusted separately for tray 1 and the by-pass feeder, so place the problem paper type in one of these and adjust SP 1-903 for that tray only.

## 2.9 IMAGE TRANSFER AND PAPER SEPARATION

## 2.9.1 OVERVIEW



The machine uses a transfer roller [A], which touches the surface of the drum [B]. The high voltage supply board supplies a positive current to the transfer roller, which attracts the toner from the drum onto the paper. The current depends on the paper width, paper type, and paper feed tray.

The curvature of the drum and the discharge plate [C] help the paper to separate from the drum. The high voltage supply board also supplies a negative dc voltage to the discharge plate.

Drive from the drum through a gear [D] turns the transfer roller

#### 2.9.2 IMAGE TRANSFER CURRENT TIMING

There are two transfer current levels: low transfer current level and high transfer current level. The image transfer procedure is as follows:

- 1. When the CPU receives the image writing start signal, the CPU instructs the high voltage supply board to supply +10µA (low transfer current level) to the roller. This prevents any positively charged toner on the drum surface from transferring to the transfer roller.
- At a certain time after the low transfer current has been supplied to the roller, +13μA (paper fed from the paper tray) is applied to the roller to transfer the toner to the paper.
- 3. After the trailing edge of the paper has passed through the roller, transfer current turns off. In multiple copy mode, the transfer current shifts again to the low transfer current.

The default transfer roller current (high transfer current level) is as shown in the following table. The transfer current can be adjusted using SP2-301, except for the low transfer current.

Paper Size	Paper Tray / By-pass Tray (Normal)	Duplex (2nd Side)	By-pass Tray (Thick) / 2nd Paper Tray (Special Paper)
A3/11" x 17", A4/81/2 x 11"sideways	13 μΑ	10 μΑ	14 μΑ
B4	13 μΑ	12 μΑ	15 μΑ
A4/11" x 81/2 lengthwise, A5/51/2 x 81/2 sidewise	13 μΑ	16 μΑ	17 μΑ
A5/81/2 x 51/2 lengthwise	15 μΑ	16 μΑ	20 μΑ

Be careful when increasing the transfer current. This might cause a ghosting effect, in which part of the image at the top of the page is repeated lower down the page at a lower density. It may also damage the OPC drum in the worst case.

#### 2.9.3 TRANSFER ROLLER CLEANING

If the paper size is smaller than the image, or if a paper jam occurs during printing, toner may be transferred to the roller surface. To prevent the toner from transferring to the back side of the printouts, the transfer roller requires cleaning before the next printing run.

During transfer roller cleaning, the high voltage supply unit supplies a negative cleaning current (-4  $\mu$ A) to the transfer roller. Any negatively charged toner on the transfer roller is then transferred back to the drum. Then a positive cleaning current (+10  $\mu$ A) is applied to the transfer roller to push back to the drum any positively charged toner on the transfer roller.

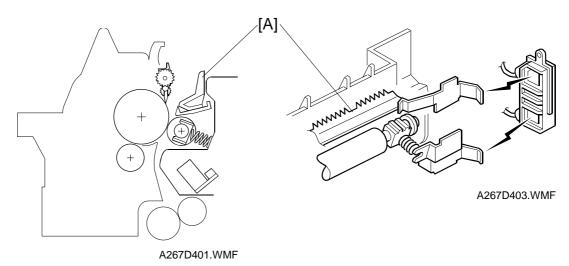
The machine goes through the cleaning mode in the following conditions:

- Before starting the printing job (only if enabled with SP2-996; note that the default setting is off)
- Just after the power is switched on.
- After a copy jam has been cleared

The transfer roller cleaning function is done.

Also, the transfer roller cleaning current can be adjusted using SP2-301-4.

## 2.9.4 PAPER SEPARATION MECHANISM

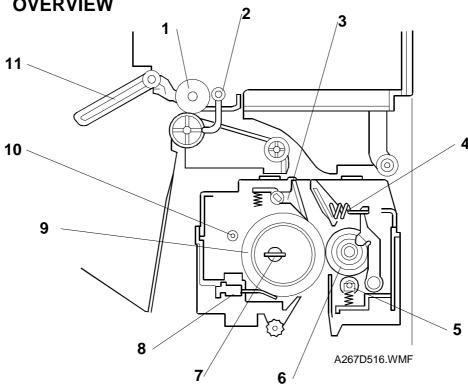


The discharge plate [A] and the drum curvature of the drum help the paper to separate away from the drum. The high voltage supply board applies a constant dc voltage, -1.8 kV (when feeding from a paper tray) or -2.1 kV (from the duplex unit) to the discharge plate.

The discharge plate voltage can be adjusted using SP2-901.

# 2.10 IMAGE FUSING AND PAPER EXIT

## **2.10.1 OVERVIEW**

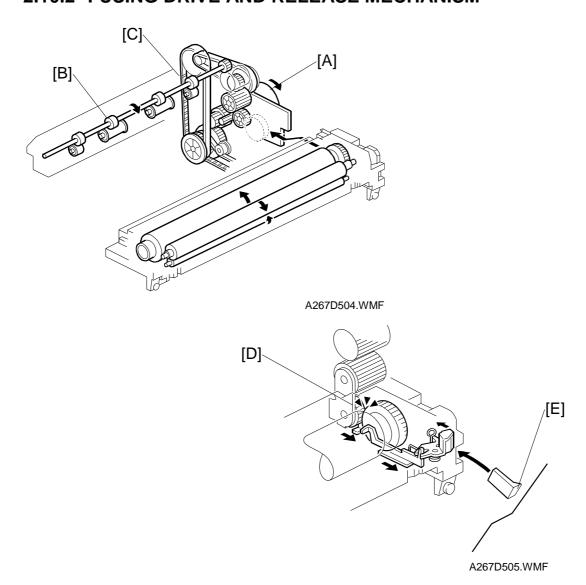


The fusing unit and paper exit area consist of the following parts.

- 1. Paper exit roller
- 2. Fusing exit sensor
- 3. Hot roller strippers
- 4. Pressure spring
- 5. Cleaning roller
- 6. Pressure roller

- 7. Fusing lamps
- 8. Thermistor
- 9. Hot roller
- 10. Thermofuse
- 11. Paper overflow sensor

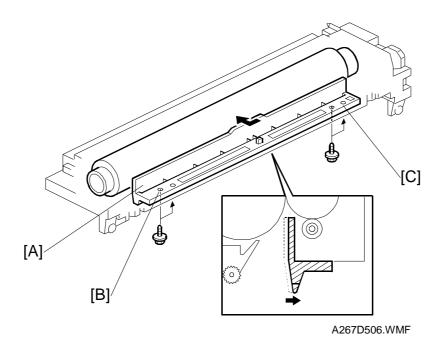
## 2.10.2 FUSING DRIVE AND RELEASE MECHANISM



The main motor [A] drives the fusing unit through a gear train and drives the paper exit rollers [B] through a timing belt [C].

The fusing unit release mechanism automatically disengages the fusing unit drive gear [D] when the right cover [E] is opened. This allows the fusing unit drive gear to rotate freely so that misfed paper can easily be removed.

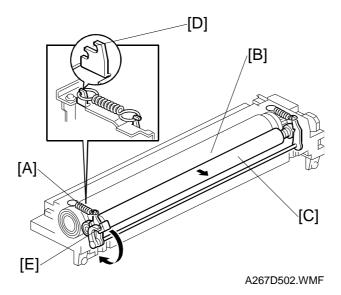
## 2.10.3 FUSING ENTRANCE GUIDE SHIFT MECHANISM



The entrance guide [A] is adjustable for paper thickness to prevent creasing. The left screw holes [B] on each side are used as the default setting.

If creasing occurs frequently in the fusing unit, adjust the entrance guide to the right, by securing it with the other holes [C]. This allows more direct access to the gap between the hot roller and the pressure roller.

## 2.10.4 PRESSURE ROLLER

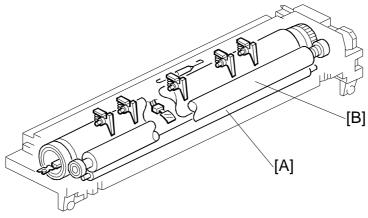


The pressure springs [A] constantly apply pressure between the hot roller [B] and the pressure roller [C].

Applied pressure can be changed by adjusting the position of the pressure springs. The spring is positioned at the top [D] as the default setting.

The user moves lever [E] when using thicker copy paper or envelopes, to reduce the pressure between the hot and pressure rollers.

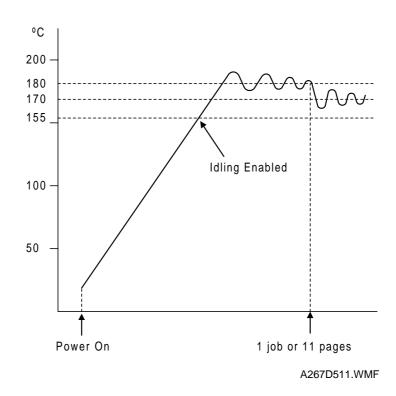
#### 2.10.5 CLEANING MECHANISM



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The cleaning roller [A] is always in contact with the pressure roller [B]. It collects toner and paper dust adhered to the surface of the pressure roller.

#### 2.10.6 FUSING TEMPERATURE CONTROL



# Temperature Control

When the main power switch is turned on, the CPU turns on the fusing lamp to maintain the fusing temperature of 180°C for the first job, or for the first 11 consecutive pages of printing. After that, the machine maintains the fusing temperature at 170°C.

Note that the fusing temperature is higher if the user uses special paper in the 2<sup>nd</sup> tray or thick paper mode from the bypass tray (see Paper Feed – Special Paper).

To prevent each end of the hot roller temperature from becoming too high, the machine lowers the fusing temperature to 155°C when it detects that paper which is less than 216 mm width is consecutively fed.

#### Fusing Lamp Control

Turning on and off the fusing lamp power causes fluorescent light in the room to flicker. To reduce the flickering, use the following SP modes.

#### Fusing temperature detection cycle (SP mode 1-108)

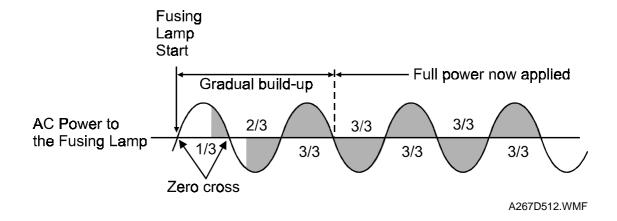
The CPU checks the output from the fusing thermistor once a second (default setting). The CPU compares the current and previous temperatures. Based on the result, it then decides how long the fusing lamp power should be on during the next one-second interval (also, if the current temperature is too high, the power will not be needed).

Starting and stopping the fusing lamp power every second causes fluorescent lighting in the room to flicker. To reduce this flickering, use SP1-108 to change the cycle from 1 second to 3 seconds.

#### Fusing soft-start (SP mode 1-107)

In addition, whenever the fusing lamp power switches on, full power is applied to the fusing lamp gradually, not all at once. This prevents the power in the room from dropping suddenly. This feature is known as "Soft Start". The machine does this by gradually allowing more power to the fusing lamp over a number of zero-cross cycles of the ac supply. The diagram below shows full power being applied gradually over the duration of 3 zero-cross cycles. With SP1-107, this number can be set to 3, 10, or 20 (USA version) or 5, 10, or 20 (Europe/Asia version). Soft start occurs every time the fusing lamp power switches on (i.e., at some time during every second), not just at the start of the print job.

**NOTE:** This SP mode is effective to counter flickering lights. However, generated noise increases if the setting is changed from the default. If a radio or a TV is close by the machine, the noise may have some effect on the image or sound.

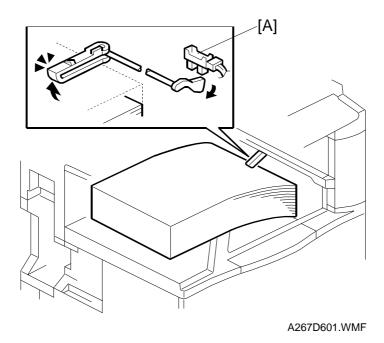


#### 2.10.7 OVERHEAT PROTECTION

If the hot roller temperature becomes higher than 231°C, the CPU cuts off the power to the fusing lamp. At the same time, SC543 is generated.

Even if the thermistor overheat protection fails, there is a thermofuse in series with the common ground line of the fusing lamp. If the temperature of the thremofuse reaches 169°C, the thermofuse opens, removing power from the fusing lamp. At the same time, SC 542 is generated and the machine stops operating.

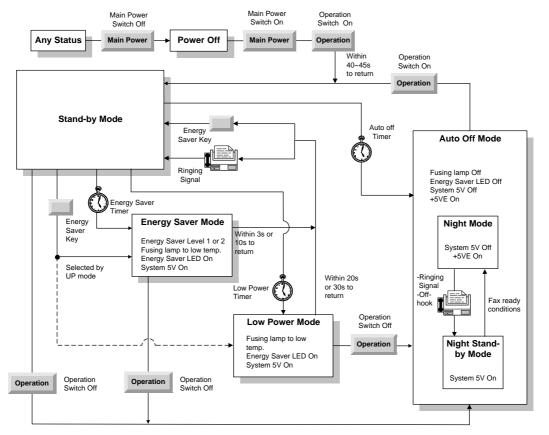
#### **2.10.8 PAPER EXIT**



The paper overflow detection sensor [A] is located at the paper exit section of the fusing unit. When this sensor is activated, the machine detects that the paper stack height exceeded a certain limit and stops printing.

#### 2.11 ENERGY SAVER MODES

#### **2.11.1 OVERVIEW**



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When the machine is not used, the energy saver function reduces power consumption by lowering the fusing temperature.

This machine has four types of energy saver mode as follows.

- 1) Energy saver mode (called 'panel off mode' in the operation manual)
- 2) Low power mode (called 'energy saver mode' in the operation manual)
- 3) Auto off mode (copier configuration only)
- 4) Night mode (copier/fax, copier/printer, copier/fax/printer configurations only)

These modes are controlled by the following UP and SP modes.

- Energy saver timer
- Low power timer
- Auto off timer
- Energy saver mode
- Auto off disabling (UP mode only)

The way that the machine operates depends on the combination of installed equipment (copier only, or whether a fax and/or printer is installed).

#### 2.11.2 ENERGY SAVER MODE

#### Entering the energy saver mode

The machine enters energy saver mode when one of the following is done.

- The Energy Saver Key is held down for a second.
- The energy saver timer runs out after the last job (User Tools System Settings Panel Off Timer: default setting is 60 s).

#### What happens in energy saver mode

When the machine enters energy saver mode, the fusing lamp drops to a certain temperature and the operation panel indicators are turned off except for the Energy Saver LED and the Power LED.

If the CPU receives the image print out command from an application (e. g. to print incoming fax data or to print data from a PC), the fusing temperature rises to print the data. However, the operation indicators stay off.

#### Return to stand-by mode

If one of the following is done, the machine returns to stand-by mode:

- The Energy Saver Mode key is pressed
- · An original is placed in the ADF
- The ADF is lifted
- A sheet of paper is placed in the by-pass feed table

The recovery time from energy saver mode is about **3 s**.

Mode	Operation Switch	Energy Saver LED	Fusing Temp.	System +5V
Energy Saver Mode	On	On	160 °C	On

#### 2.11.3 LOW POWER MODE

#### Entering the low power mode

The machine enters low power mode when:

The low power shift timer runs out after the last job.
 (User Tools - System Settings - Energy Saver Timer: default setting is 15 min)

#### What happens in low power mode

There are two low power modes; Low Power Mode Level 1 and Low Power Mode Level 2. This can be selected by UP mode (User Tools - System Settings - Energy Saver Level).

The fusing lamp drops to a certain temperature, as shown in the table below (the temperature drops more than that in energy saver mode). The other conditions are the same as for the energy saver mode.

The fusing temperature for the level 2 low power mode can be changed by SP 1-105 (the default setting is 80 °C).

#### Return to stand-by mode

The machine returns to standby mode in the same way as from the energy saver mode.

Mode	Operation Switch	Energy Saver LED	Fusing Temp.	Approx. Recovery Time	System +5V
Low Power Mode Level 1	On	On	120 °C	15 s	On
Low Power Mode Level 2	On	On	80 °C	30 s	On

#### 2.11.4 AUTO OFF MODE

Auto off mode is used only if no optional fax or printer unit is installed.

#### Entering auto off mode

The machine enters auto off mode when one of the following is done.

- The auto off timer runs out after the last job (SP 5-904 or User Tools System Settings – Auto Off Timer: default setting is 60 min)
- The operation switch is pressed to turn the power off

#### What happens in auto off mode

When the machine enters auto off mode, the operation switch (USA) or the main power switch (Europe/Asia) turns off automatically. The fusing lamp and all dc supplies except +5VE (+5V for energy saver mode) turn off. At this time, only the main power LED is lit.

#### Returning to stand-by mode

The machine returns to stand-by mode when the operation switch (USA) or the main power switch (Europe/Asia) is pressed.

Operation Switch	Energy Saver LED	Fusing Temp.	System +5V	Note
Off	Off	Room Temp. (Fusing lamp off)	Off	Only +5VE is supplied to the BICU.

#### Disabling auto off mode

If the user wishes to disable auto off mode, use the following user tool: User Tools – System Settings – AOF (change the setting to 'OFF').

# Detailed Descriptions

#### **2.11.5 NIGHT MODE**

This is used instead of auto off mode when an optional fax and/or printer unit is installed.

There are two types of night mode: Night Stand-by Mode and Night Mode. The difference between night stand-by mode and night mode is the machine's condition when the machine enters auto off mode.

#### Entering night stand-by and night modes

The machine enters the night stand-by mode and night modes when one of the following is done.

- The operation switch is pressed to turn the power off
- The auto off timer runs out (the operation switch is then turned off)

If the machine is in one or more of the following conditions, the machine enters night stand-by mode. If not, the machine enters night mode.

- Error or SC condition
- An optional G4 unit is installed
- Image data is stored in the memory
- During memory Tx or polling Rx
- The handset is off hook
- An original is in the ADF
- The ADF is open
- Paper is left in the Duplex unit or staple tray

#### What happens in night stand-by and night modes

When the machine enters either of these modes, the fusing lamp and operation switch turn off, and only the main power LED is lit.

#### Night stand-by mode

The system +5V and +24 V are supplied to all components.

Note that SP5-909 allows +24V to be supplied during night mode. This allows the machine's condition to be displayed on the screen, so that any problems such as paper end can be discovered quickly, to allow normal reception and printing of fax messages.

#### Night mode

The system +5V supply is also turned off. However, +5VE (+5V for energy saver mode) is still activated. When the machine detects a ringing signal, or off-hook signal, the machine goes back to night stand-by mode and the system +5V and +24V supplies are activated. Then the machine receives the incoming message and prints it.

# Returning to stand-by mode

The machine returns to stand-by mode when the operation switch is pressed.

The recovery time is about 45 s.

Mode	Operation Switch	Energy Saver LED	Fusing Temp.	System +5V	Note
Night stand- by mode	Off	Off	Room Temp. (Fusing lamp off)	On	
Night mode	Off	Off	Room Temp. (Fusing lamp off)	Off	Only +5VE is supplied to the fax controller.

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# 3. INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

# 3.1 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

#### 3.1.1 ENVIRONMENT

1. Temperature Range: 10 °C to 32 °C (50 °F to 89.6 °F)

2. Humidity Range: 15 % to 80 % RH

3. Ambient Illumination: Less than 1,500 lux (do not expose to direct sunlight.)
4. Ventilation: Room air should turn over at least 30 m3/hr/person

5. Ambient Dust: Less than 0.10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (2.7 x 10 -6 oz/yd<sup>3</sup>)

6. Avoid an area which is exposed to sudden temperature changes. This includes:

1) Areas directly exposed to cool air from an air conditioner.

2) Areas directly exposed to heat from a heater.

7. Do not place the machine in an area where it will be exposed to corrosive gases.

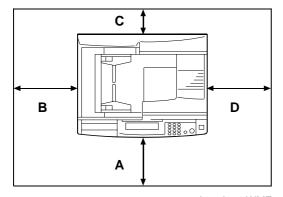
- 8. Do not install the machine at any location over 2,000 m (6,500 ft.) above sea level.
- 9. Place the copier on a strong and level base. (Inclination on any side should be no more than 5 mm.)
- 10. Do not place the machine where it may be subjected to strong vibrations.

#### 3.1.2 MACHINE LEVEL

Front to back: Within 5 mm (0.2") of level Right to left: With in 5 mm (0.2") of level

# 3.1.3 MINIMUM SPACE REQUIREMENTS

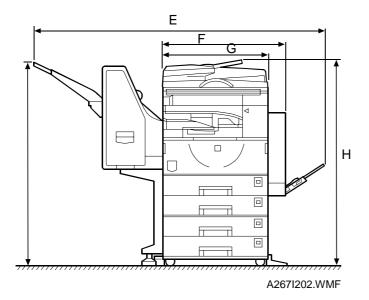
Place the copier near the power source, providing clearance as shown:



A: In Front: Over 750 mm (29.6")

B: Left: Over 10 mm (4")
C: To Rear: Over 10 mm (4")
D: Right: Over 10 mm (4")

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E: 1406 mm (55.4") F: 640 mm (25.2") G: 550 mm (21.7") H: 1137 mm (44.8")

**NOTE:** The 750 mm recommended for the space at the front is only for pulling out the paper tray. If an operator stands at the front of the copier, more space is required.

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#### 3.1.4 POWER REQUIREMENTS

# **⚠CAUTION**

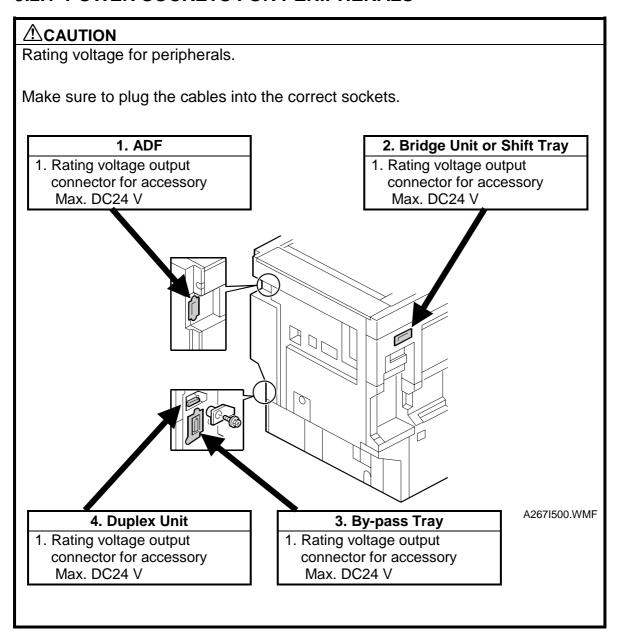
- 1. Make sure that the wall outlet is near the copier and easily accessible. Make sure the plug is firmly inserted in the outlet.
- 2. Avoid multi-wiring.
- 3. Be sure to ground the machine.
- 1. Input voltage level: 120 V, 60 Hz: More than 12 A

220 V ~ 240 V, 50 Hz/60 Hz: More than 6 A 110V, 50 Hz/60 Hz: More than 13 A

- 2. Permissible voltage fluctuation: ±10 %
- 3. Do not set anything on the power cord.

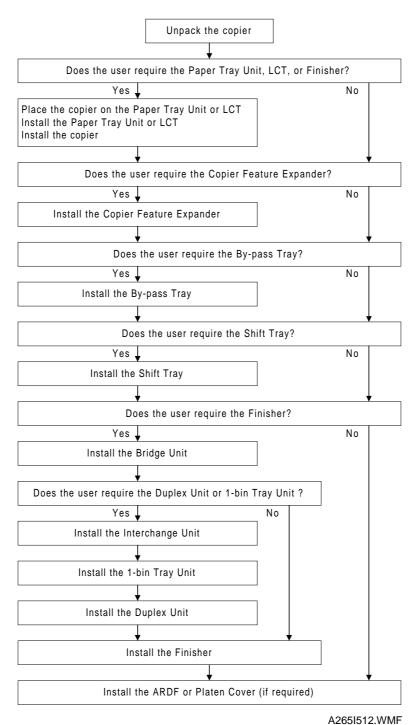
# 3.2 COPIER INSTALLATION

# 3.2.1 POWER SOCKETS FOR PERIPHERALS



#### 3.2.2 INSTALLATION FLOW CHART

The following flow chart shows how to install the optional units more efficiently.



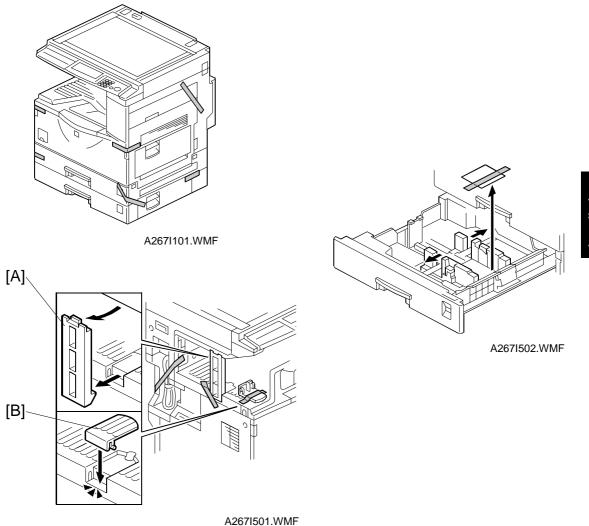
# 3.2.3 ACCESSORY CHECK

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories in the box against the following list:

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Paper Tray Decal	1
2	Model Name Decal (-15 and -22 machine)	1
3	NECR	1
4	End Fence	1
5	Operating Instructions – System Setting	1
6	Operating Instructions – Copy Reference	1
7	Operating Instructions – Copy Quick Guide	1

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#### 3.2.4 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



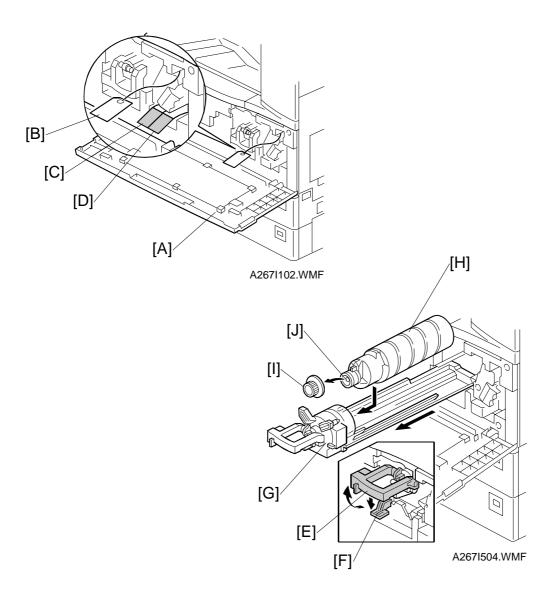
# **ACAUTION**

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

If the optional paper tray or the optional LCT is going to be installed now, put the copier on the paper tray unit or the LCT first, then install these options, then install the copier.

**NOTE:** Keep the shipping retainers after installing the machine. They will be reused if the machine is moved to another location in the future.

- 1. Remove the tapes and the shipping retainer [A] on the exterior of the copier.
- 2. Install the end fence [B].



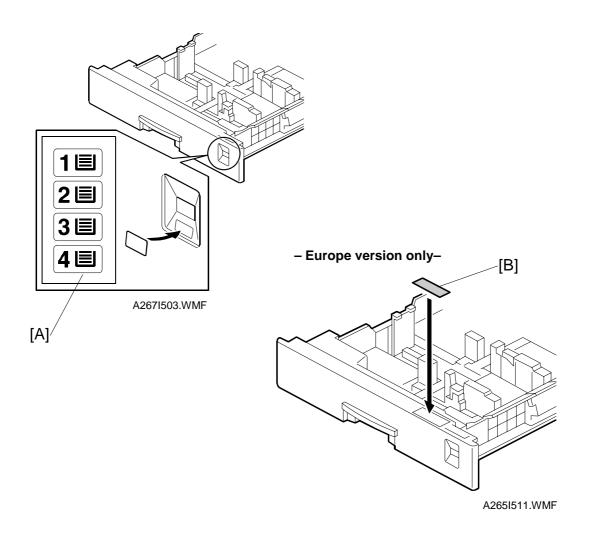
- 3. Open the front cover [A].
- 4. Remove the red tag [B] and toner seal [C], then peel the sealing tape [D] off to install the developer.
- 5. Raise the toner bottle holder lever [E], push lever [F] down, and pull the toner bottle holder [G] out.
- 6. Shake the toner bottle [H] well.

**NOTE:** Do not remove the toner bottle cap [I] until after shaking.

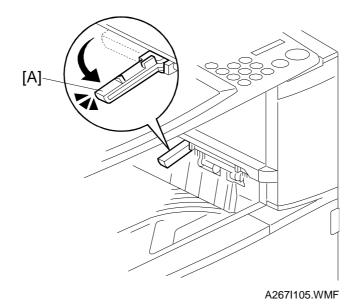
7. Unscrew the bottle cap [I] and insert the bottle into the holder.

NOTE: Do not touch the inner bottle cap [J].

8. Reposition the holder and press down the holder lever to secure the bottle.



- 9. Pull the paper tray out and turn the paper size dial to select the appropriate size. Adjust the side guides and end guide to match the paper size.
  - **NOTE:** To move the side guides, first pull out the tray fully, then push down the green lock at the rear of the tray.
- 10. Attach the appropriate paper tray number decal [A] to the paper tray.
  - **NOTE:** Paper tray number decals are also used for the optional paper tray or the optional LCT. Keep any remaining decals for use with these optional units.
- 11. **European version only:** Attach the special paper decal [B] to the 2nd paper tray, as shown.



- 12. **If the optional bridge unit will not be installed:** Swing the sensor feeler [A] out.
- 13. Install the optional ARDF or the optional platen cover (see ARDF Installation or Platen Cover Installation).
- 14. Plug in the machine and turn the main power switch on. The machine automatically performs TD sensor initial setting (approximately 45 seconds).
- 15. Select the correct display language using SP 5-808 or UP mode (Language).
- 16. Check the copy quality and copying functions.
- 17. Initialize the electrical total counter using SP7-825, depending on the service contract type.

**NOTE:** Select 1, then press the Original Type and OK keys at the same time. If the reset is successful, the beeper sounds 5 times.

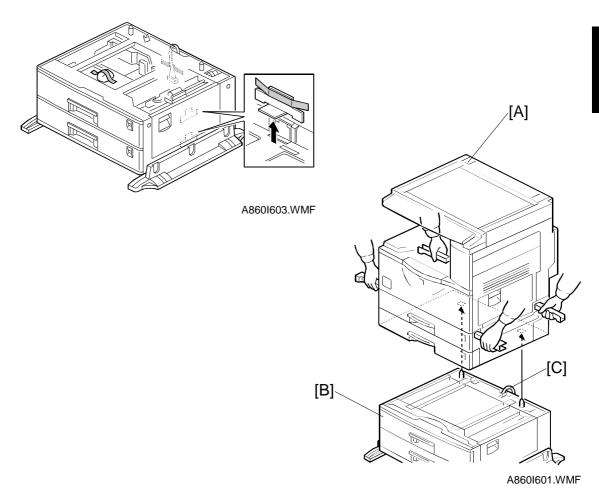
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# 3.3 PAPER TRAY UNIT INSTALLATION

#### 3.3.1 ACCESSORY CHECK

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

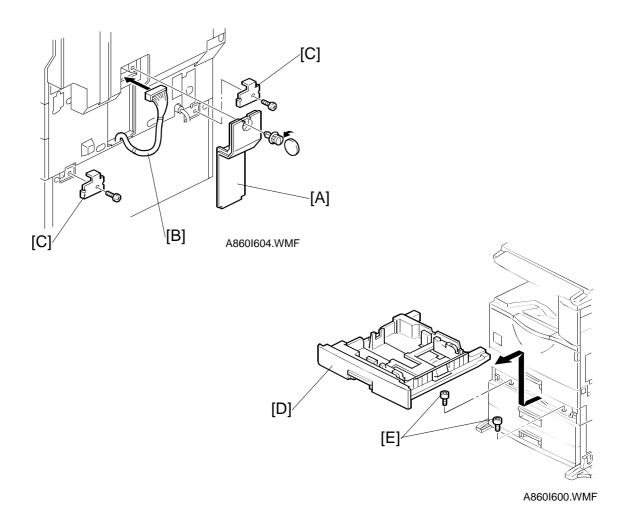
No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Securing Bracket	2
2	Screw – M4x10	4



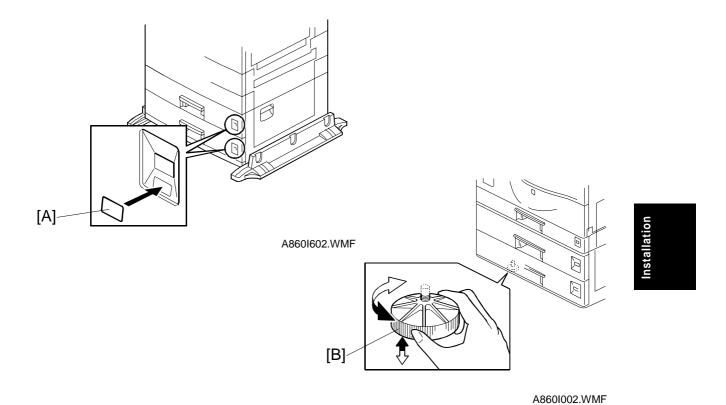
# **ACAUTION**

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove the strips of tape.
- Set the copier [A] on the paper tray unit [B].
   NOTE: When installing the copier, be careful not to pinch the cable [C].



- 3. Remove the connector cover [A] (1 screw).
- 4. Connect the cable [B] to the copier, as shown.
- 5. Attach a securing bracket [C] to each side of the paper tray unit, as shown (1 screw each).
- 6. Re-install the connector cover.
- 7. Remove the 2nd paper tray [D] and secure the paper tray unit with two screws [E].



8. Reinstall the 2nd paper tray and attach the appropriate paper tray number decal [A] to the paper tray.

**NOTE:** The paper tray number decal is in the accessory box for the main copier.

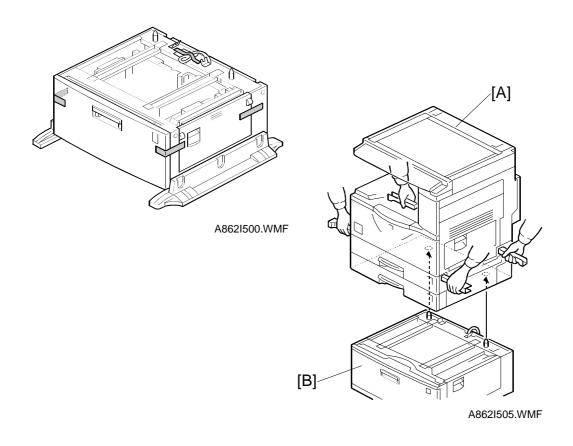
- 9. Rotate the adjuster [B] until the machine cannot be pushed across the floor.
- 10. Load paper into the paper trays and select the proper paper size.
- 11. Turn on the main switch.
- 12. Check the machine's operation and copy quality.

# 3.4 LCT INSTALLATION

# 3.4.1 ACCESSORY CHECK

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Securing Bracket	2
2	Screw – M4x10	4
3	Paper Size Decal	1

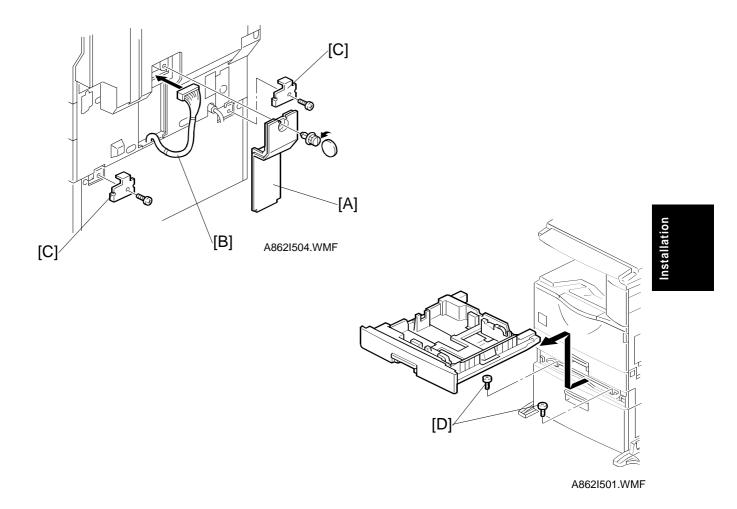


# **ACAUTION**

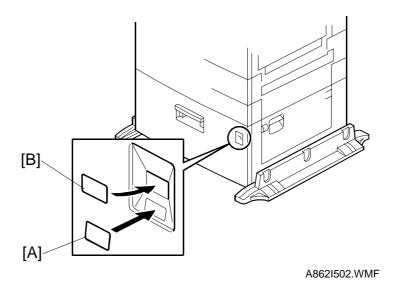
Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove the strips of tape.
- 2. Set the copier [A] on the LCT [B].

**NOTE:** When installing the copier, be careful not to pinch the cable [C].



- 3. Remove the connector cover [A] (1 screw).
- 4. Connect the cable [B] to the copier, as shown.
- 5. Attach a securing bracket [C] to each side of the LCT, as shown (1 screw each).
- 6. Re-install the connector cover.
- 7. Remove the 2nd paper tray and secure the LCT with two screws [D].



- 8. Load paper into the LCT.
- 9. Reinstall the 2nd paper tray and attach the appropriate paper tray number decal [A] and paper size decal [B] to the LCT.

**NOTE:** The paper tray number decal is in the accessory box for the main copier.

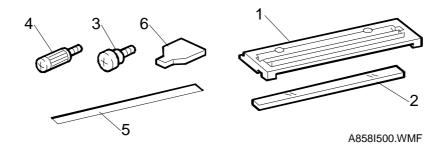
- 10. Turn on the main switch.
- 11. Check the machine's operation and copy quality.

# 3.5 AUTO REVERSE DOCUMENT FEEDER **INSTALLATION**

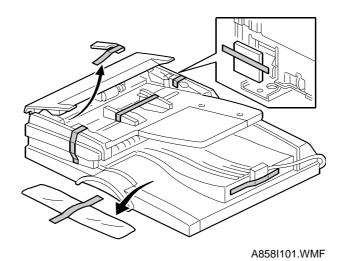
# 3.5.1 ACCESSORY CHECK

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Scale Guide	1
2	DF Exposure Glass	1
3	Stud Screw	2
4	Knob Screw	2
5	Original Size Decal	2
6	Screwdriver Tool	1



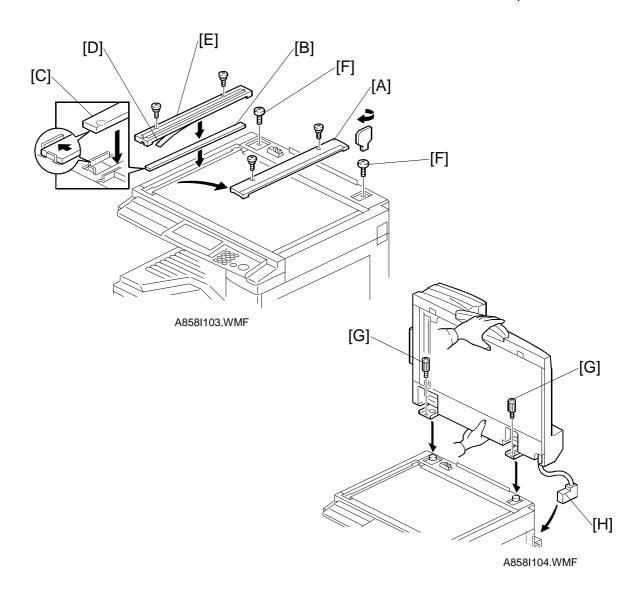
# 3.5.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



**⚠CAUTION** 

Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

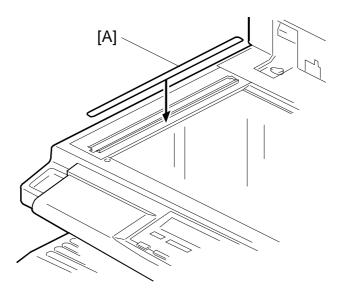
1. Remove the strips of tape.



- 2. Remove the left scale [A] (2 screws).
- 3. Place the DF exposure glass [B] on the glass holder.

**NOTE:** When installing the DF exposure glass, make sure that the white point [C] is on the lower front side of the glass, as shown.

- 4. Peel off the backing [D] of the double-sided tape attached to the rear side of the scale guide [E], then install it (2 screws removed in step 2).
- 5. Install the two stud screws [F].
- 6. Mount the DF on the copier, then slide the DF to the front.
- 7. Secure the DF unit with two screws [G].
- 8. Connect the cable [H] to the copier.



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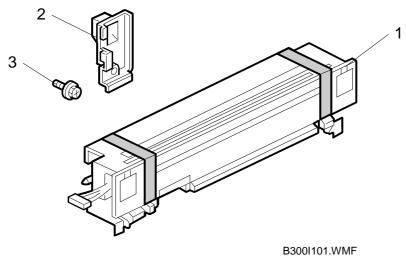
- 9. Attach the appropriate scale decal [A] as shown.
- 10. Turn the main power switch on. Then check if the document feeder works properly.
- 11. Make a full size copy. Then check to make sure the side-to-side and leading edge registrations are correct. If they are not, adjust the side-to-side and leading edge registrations.

# 3.6 INTERCHANGE UNIT INSTALLATION

# 3.6.1 COMPONENT CHECK

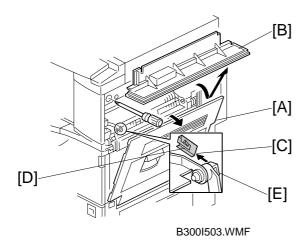
Check the quantity and condition of the components against the following list.

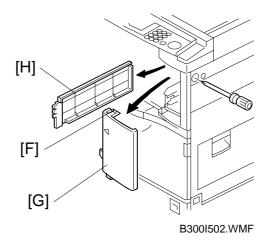
No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Interchange Unit	1
2	Connector Cover	1
3	Tapping Screw M3x8	1



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#### 3.6.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE





#### **A**CAUTION

Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

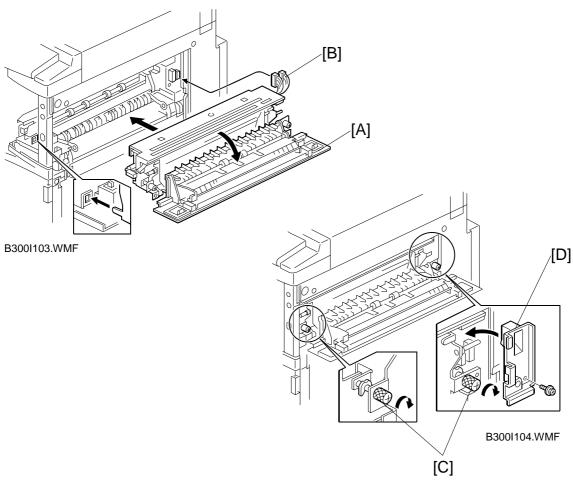
- 1. Remove all tapes.
- 2. Open the right cover [A] of the copier.
- 3. Open cover [B]
- 4. Remove the metal clip [C].

**NOTE:** To remove the clip, push the small tab [D] on the clip into the slot [E], then the clip can be removed.

5. Remove the cover [B].

#### If the optional 1-bin tray unit will be installed, do steps 6 and 7.

- 6. Loosen the screw, push down tab [F] with a screwdriver, and remove the front right cover [G].
- 7. Slide out the exit cover [H].



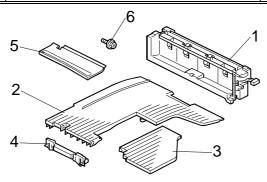
- 8. Open the cover [A] of the interchange unit.
- 9. Install the interchange unit (2 connectors [B].)
- 10. Secure the interchange unit with the knob screws [C].
- 11. Attach the connector cover [D] (1 screw).

# 3.7 1-BIN TRAY UNIT INSTALLATION

#### 3.7.1 COMPONENT CHECK

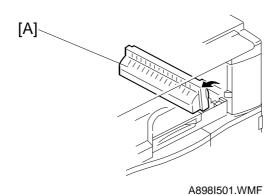
Check the quantity and condition of the components against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	1-Bin Tray Unit	1
2	Tray	1
3	Sub-Tray	1
4	Tray Guide	1
5	Paper Guide	1
6	Tapping Screw M3x8	1



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#### 3.7.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE

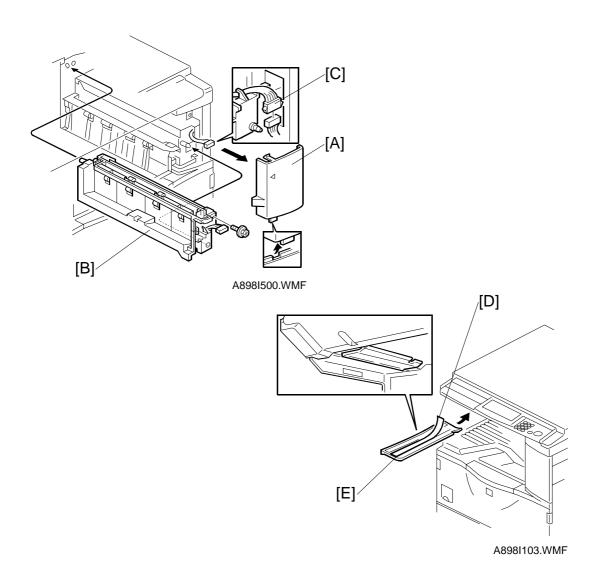


#### **A**CAUTION

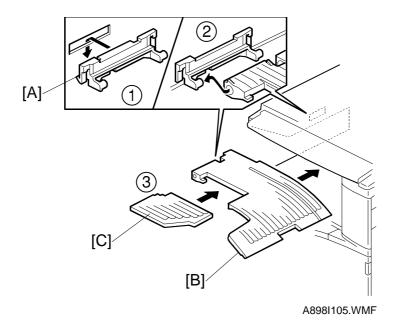
Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

NOTE: Before installing this 1-bin tray unit, the optional interchange unit (B300) must be installed.

- 1. Remove all tapes.
- 2. If the optional bridge unit (A897) has been installed, open the right jam removal cover [A] of the bridge unit.
  - If the optional bridge unit is not installed, skip this step.



- 3. If the front right cover [A] is installed, remove it.
- 4. Install the 1-bin tray unit [B] (1 screw).
- 5. Connect the connector [C].
- 6. Reinstall the front right cover.
- 7. Peel off the backing [D] of the double-sided tape attached to the paper guide [E]. Then attach the paper guide to the underside of the scanner unit as shown.



- 8. Install the tray guide [A].
- 9. Install the tray [B].
- 10. Install the sub-tray [C].
- 11. Turn on the main power switch and check the 1-bin tray unit operation.

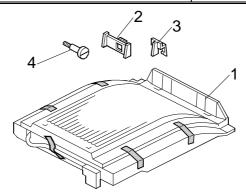
SHIFT TRAY 20 September 1999

#### 3.8 SHIFT TRAY

# 3.8.1 COMPONENT CHECK

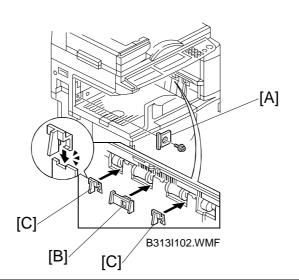
Check the quantity and condition of the components against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Shift Tray Unit	1
2	Paper Guide - Large	1
3	Paper Guide - Small	2
4	Stepped Screw	1



B313I101.WMF

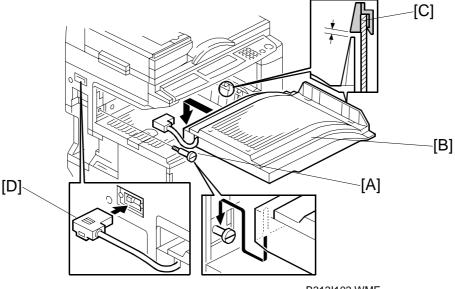
#### 3.8.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



**ACAUTION** 

Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove all tapes.
- 2. Remove the plate [A] (1 screw).
- 3. Install the large paper guide [B] and two small paper guides [C], as shown.



B313I103.WMF

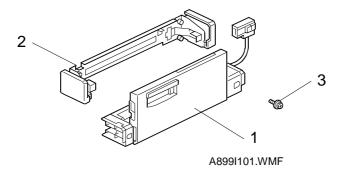
- 4. Install the stepped screw [A].
- 5. Install the shift tray unit [B], as shown.
  - NOTE: 1) Set the shift tray on the stepped screw.
    - 2) The shift tray must be installed under the paper guide [C] installed in step 3.
- 6. Connect the cable [D] to the copier.
- 7. Turn on the main power switch. Then select the shift tray using the UP mode "2. Copier – 3. Input/Output – 6. Sort – Shift Sort".
- 8. Check the shift tray operation.

# 3.9 BY-PASS FEED UNIT INSTALLATION

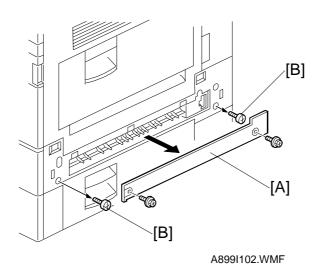
#### 3.9.1 COMPONENTS CHECK

Check the quantity and condition of the components against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	By-pass Tray Unit	1
2	Unit Holder	1
3	Tapping Screw	2

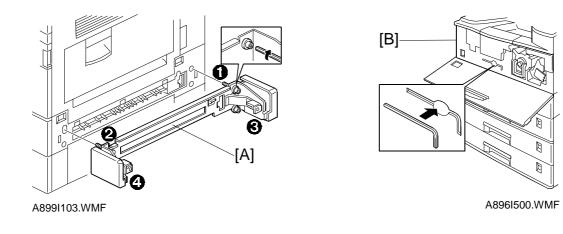


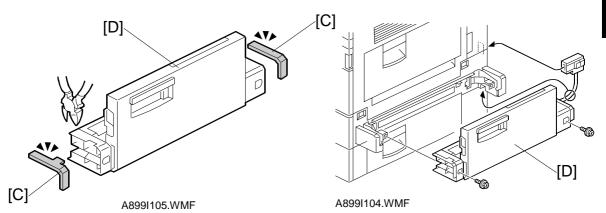
# 3.9.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



⚠CAUTION
Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove all tapes.
- 2. Remove the entrance cover [A] (2 screws) and two screws [B].





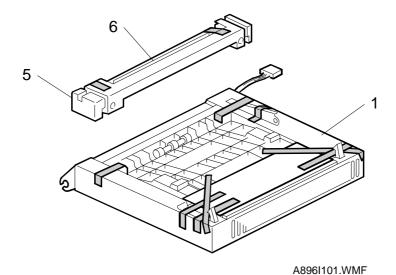
- 3. Install the unit holder [A] using the Allen key (4 set screws).
- **NOTE:** 1) Make sure that the four screws are tightened in the proper order, as shown above. Otherwise, when the optional duplex unit (A896) is installed, it will not properly lock in place.
  - 2) After securing the unit, store the Allen key in the inner cover [B] for future use.
- 4. **If the optional duplex unit (A896) will be installed:** Remove the indicated parts [C] of the by-pass tray unit [D].
- 5. Install the by-pass tray unit (2 screws, 1 connector).
- 6. Turn the main power switch on and check the by-pass tray function.
- 7. Make a copy from the by-pass tray. Then check the registration.

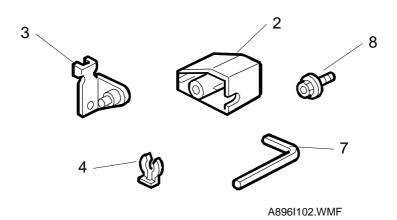
# 3.10 DUPLEX UNIT INSTALLATION

# 3.10.1 ACCESSORY CHECK

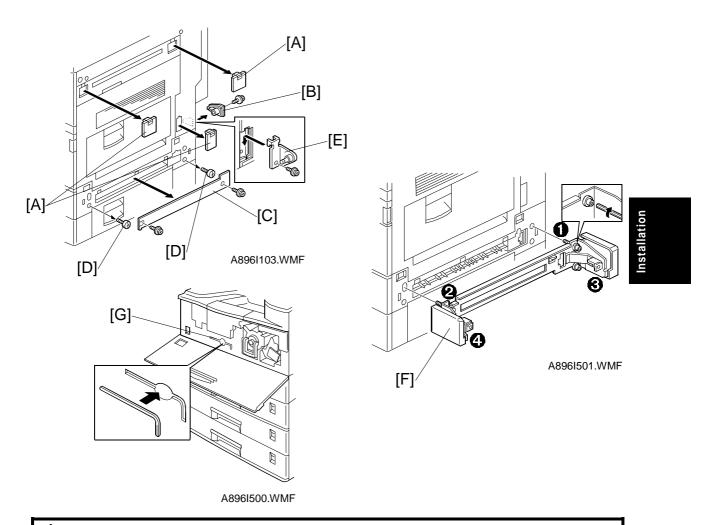
Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Duplex Unit	1
2	Connector Cover	1
3	Bracket	1
4	Clip	1
5	Unit Holder	1
6	Unit Holder Cover	1
7	Allen Key	1
8	Tapping Screw - M3x8	4





#### 3.10.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



**A**CAUTION

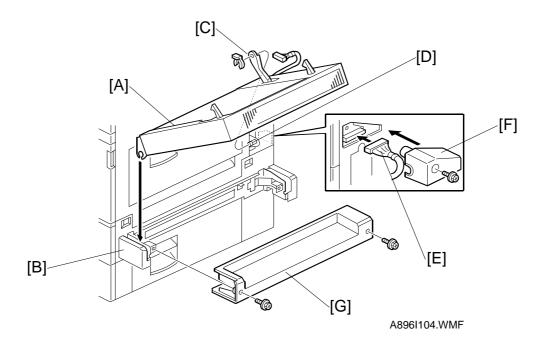
Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

NOTE: Before installing the duplex unit, the optional interchange unit (B300) must be installed.

- 1. Remove all tapes.
- 2. Remove three covers [A].
- 3. Remove the connector cover [B] (1 screw), the entrance cover [C] (2 screws; if the by-pass tray has not been installed), and two screws [D].
- 4. Install the bracket [E] (1 screw).
- 5. **If the by-pass tray has already been installed, skip this step:** Install the unit holder [F] using the Allen key (4 set screws).

**NOTE:** 1) Make sure that the four screws are tightened in the proper order, as shown above. Otherwise, the duplex unit will not properly lock in place.

2) After securing the unit, store the Allen key in the inner cover [G] for future use.



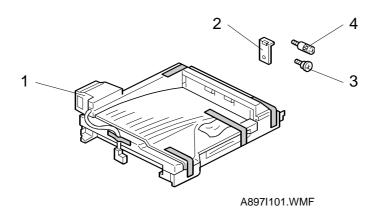
- 6. Set the duplex unit [A] on the unit holder [B] or on the by-pass tray unit if it has already been installed.
- 7. Attach the link [C] to the shaft [D] and secure it with the clip.
- 8. Connect the cable [E] and install the connector cover [F] (1 screw).
- 9. **If the by-pass tray has already been installed, skip this step:** Install the unit holder cover [G] (2 screws).
- 10. Turn on the main power switch and check the duplex unit function.

# 3.11 BRIDGE UNIT INSTALLATION

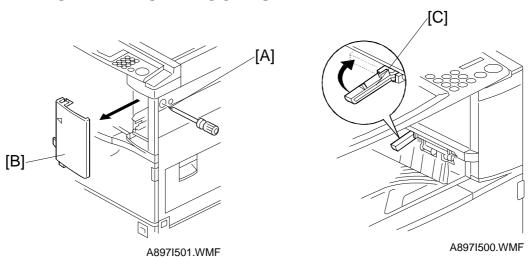
#### 3.11.1 ACCESSORY CHECK

Check the quantity and condition of the accessories against the following list.

No.	Description	Q'ty
1	Bridge Unit	1
2	Securing Plate	1
3	Shoulder Screw	1
4	Knob Screw	1

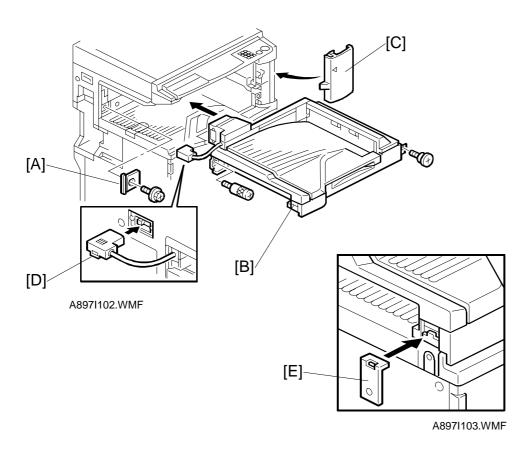


# 3.11.2 INSTALLATION PROCEDURE



# ⚠CAUTION Unplug the copier power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove all tapes.
- 2. Loosen the screw [A] and remove the front right cover [B].
- 3. If the sensor feeler [C] is out, fold it away into the machine.

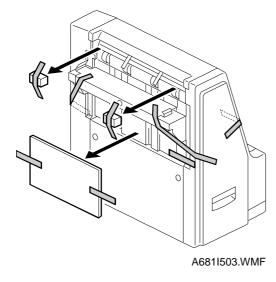


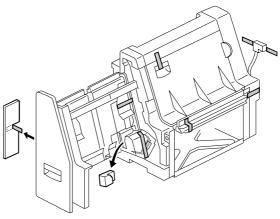
- 4. Remove the cover [A] (1 screw).
- 5. Install the bridge unit [B] (1 shoulder screw, 1 knob screw).
- 6. Reinstall the front right cover [C].
- 7. Connect the cable [D] to the main machine.
- 8. Attach the securing plate [E], as shown.

**NOTE:** Do not attach it with a screw; this is done when securing the front stand for the optional finisher.

9. Install the optional finisher (A681) (refer to the 1000-sheet finisher installation procedure).

# 3.12 1,000-SHEET FINISHER INSTALLATION





A681I504.WMF

## **∆** CAUTION

Unplug the main machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

**NOTE:** 1) If this finisher will be installed on the A265 or A267 copier or G038 printer, the following options must be installed before installing this finisher.

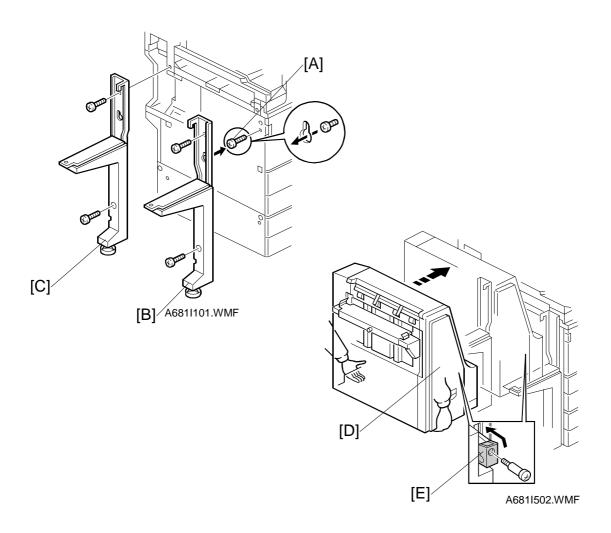
Bridge Unit (A897)

Paper Tray Unit (A860) or LCT (A862)

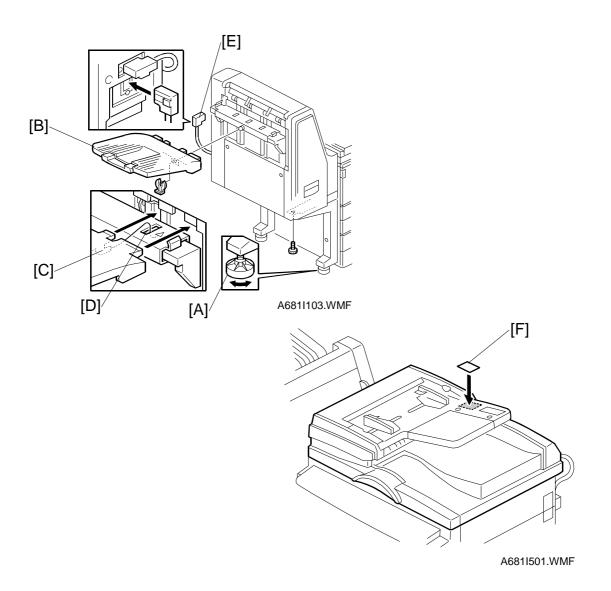
2) If this finisher will be installed on the A265 or A267 copier, the following option should also be installed.

Copier Memory Unit (A887)

1. Unpack the finisher and remove the tapes.

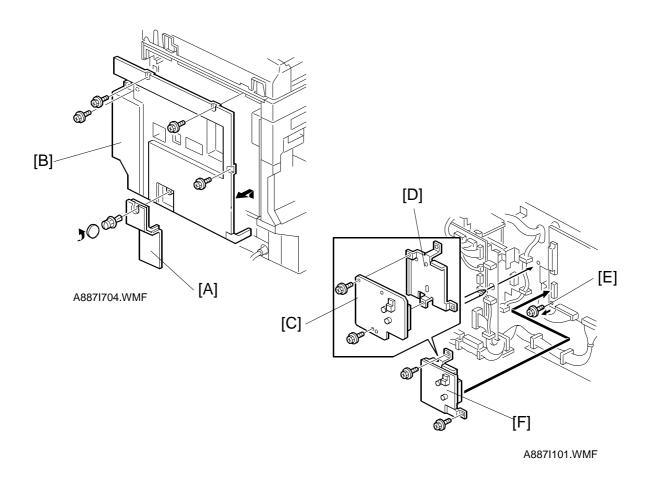


- 2. Install screw [A] loosely.
- 3. Hang the front stand [B] on the screw which was installed in step 2.
- 4. Secure the front stand (3 screws, including screws [A]).
- 5. Install the rear stand [C] (2 screws).
- 6. Pull out the stapler unit [D].
- 7. Draw out the locking lever [E] (1 screw).
- 8. Align the finisher on the stands, and lock it in place by pushing the locking lever.
- 9. Secure the locking lever (1 screw) and push the stapler unit into the finisher.



- 10. Secure the finisher (1 screw).
- 11. Adjust the securing knobs [A] under the front and rear stand until the finisher is perpendicular to the floor.
- 12. Install the shift tray [B] (1 snap ring).NOTE: Make sure that the three pegs [C] fit into the slots [D] properly.
- 13. Connect the finisher cable [E] to the optional bridge unit.
- 14. Attach the staple position decal [F] to the ARDF as shown.
- 15. Turn on the main power switch and check the finisher operation.

# 3.13 COPIER FEATURE EXPANDER INSTALLATION



# **A**CAUTION

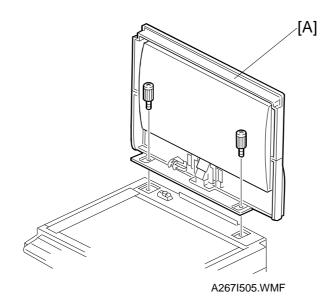
Before installing this option, turn off the main switch and disconnect the power cord, the telephone line, and the network cable.

**NOTE:** If an expansion box was installed, remove it before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove the connector cover [A] and rear cover [B] (4 screws, 1 plastic pin).
- 2. Attach the board [C] to the bracket [D] (2 screws).
- 3. Remove screw [E].
- 4. Install the board assembly [F] (3 screws, including screw [E]).

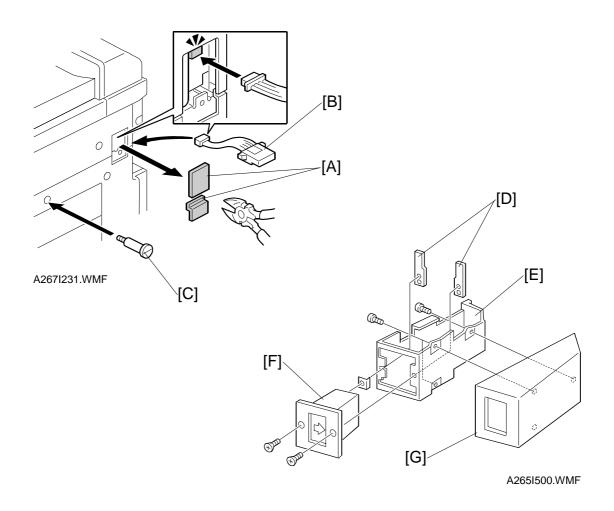
# nstallatio

# **3.14 PLATEN COVER INSTALLATION**



1. Install the platen cover [A] (2 screws).

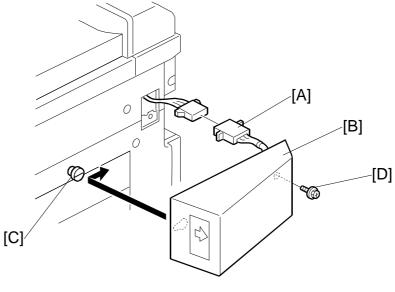
# 3.15 KEY COUNTER INSTALLATION



#### **A**CAUTION

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

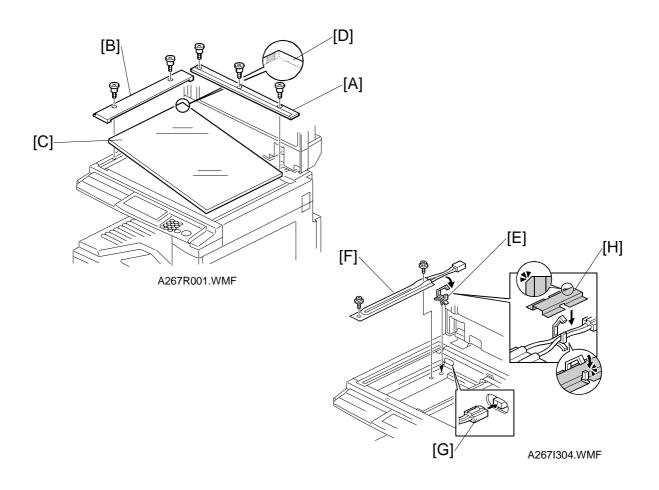
- 1. Remove two caps [A].
- 2. Connect the key counter cable [B].
- 3. Install the stepped screw [C].
- 4. Hold the key counter plate nuts [D] on the inside of the key counter bracket [E] and insert the key counter holder [F].
- 5. Secure the key counter holder to the bracket (2 screws).
- 6. Install the key counter cover [G] (2 screws).



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- 7. Connect the cable [A].
- 8. Hook the key counter holder assembly [B] onto the stepped screw [C].
- 9. Secure the key counter holder assembly with a screw [D].
- 10. Change the value of SP5-113 to "1".

# 3.16 ANTI-CONDENSATION HEATER



#### **A**CAUTION

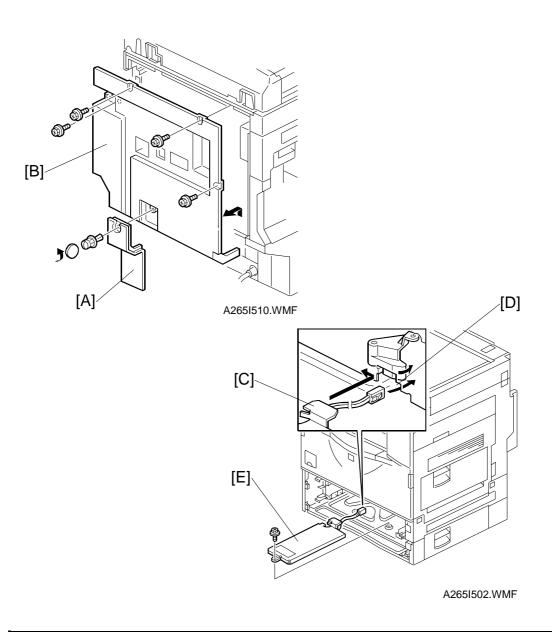
Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

1. Remove the rear scale [A] (3 screws), left scale [B] (2 screws), and exposure glass [C].

**NOTE:** When reinstalling the exposure glass, make sure that the mark [D] is positioned at the rear left corner, as shown.

- 2. Move the 1st and 2nd scanners to the right.
- 3. Install the cable clamp [E].
- 4. Install the anti-condensation heater [F] (2 screws).
- 5. Join the connectors [G]
- 6. Attach the cable cover [H], as shown.

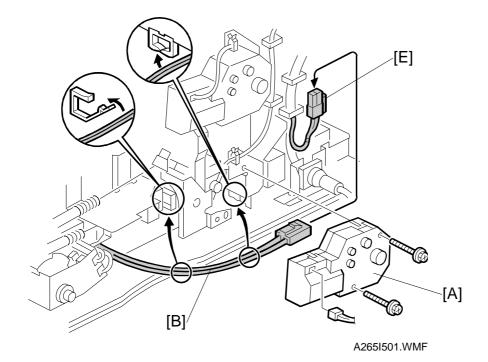
# **3.17 TRAY HEATER**

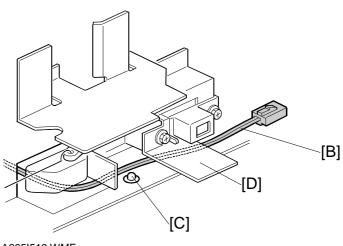


# **A**CAUTION

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

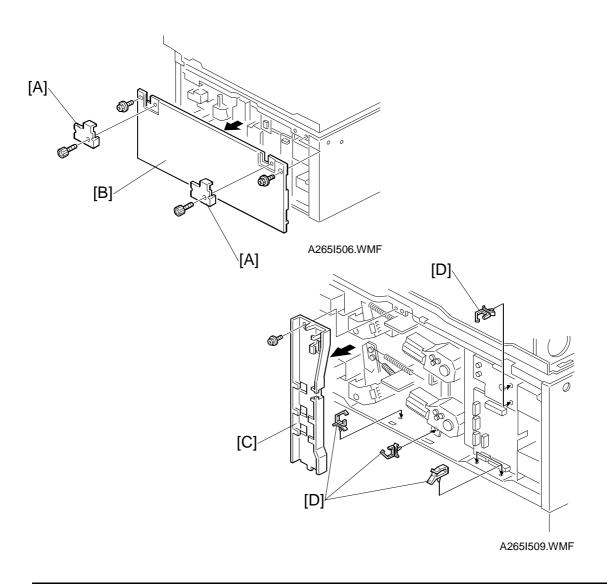
- 1. Remove the connector cover [A] and rear cover [B] (4 screws).
- 2. Slide out the 1st and 2nd paper trays.
- 3. Pass the connector [C] through the opening [D].
- 4. Install the tray heater assembly [E] (1 screw).





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- 5. Remove the 2nd paper lift motor [A] (2 screws, 1 connector).
- 6. Route the heater cable [B] to the side of rivet [C] and under bracket [D].
- 7. Clamp the heater cable [B] as shown.
- 8. Joint the heater cable and the ac cable [E].
- 9. Reinstall the paper lift motor [A] and reassemble the machine.

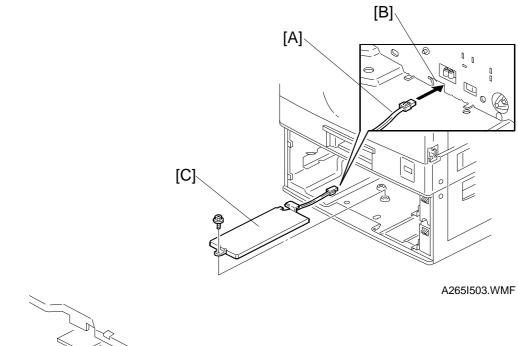
# 3.18 TRAY HEATER (OPTIONAL PAPER TRAY UNIT)

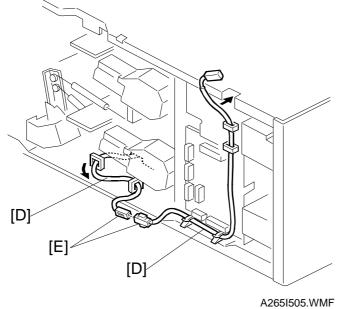


**⚠**CAUTION

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove the joint brackets [A] (1 screw each).
- 2. Remove the rear cover [B] for the optional paper tray unit (2 screws).
- 3. Remove the cable guide [C] (1 screw).
- 4. Install the clamps [D].

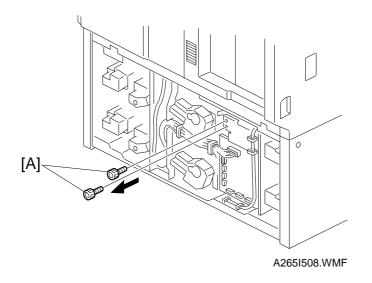


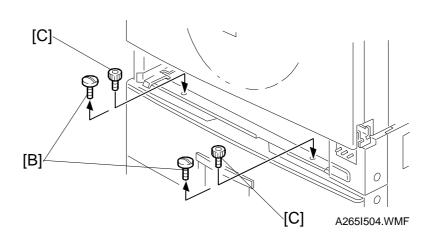


5. Slide out the two paper trays from the optional paper tray unit.



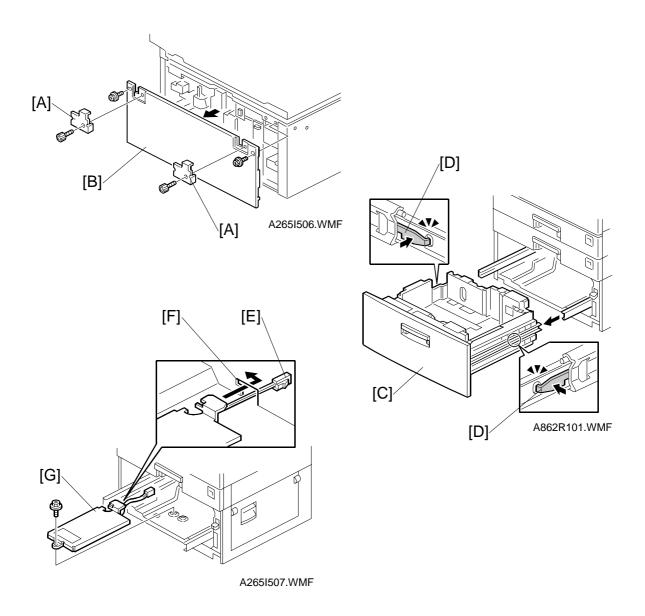
- 6. Attach the tray heater [A] to the heater bracket [B], as shown.
- 6. Pass the connector [A] through the opening [B].
- 7. Install the tray heater assembly [C] (1 screw).
- 8. Clamp the cables [D], as shown.
- 9. Join the connectors [E].
- 11. Reinstall the cable guide.





- 12. Remove two screws [A] from the rear side of the paper feed unit.
- 13. Reinstall the rear cover for the optional paper tray unit.
- 14. Reinstall the two paper trays into the optional paper tray unit.
- 15. Remove the 2nd paper tray of the copier.
- 16. Remove two screws [B] and install the screws [C] which were removed in step 12.
- 17. Reinstall the 2nd paper tray of the copier.

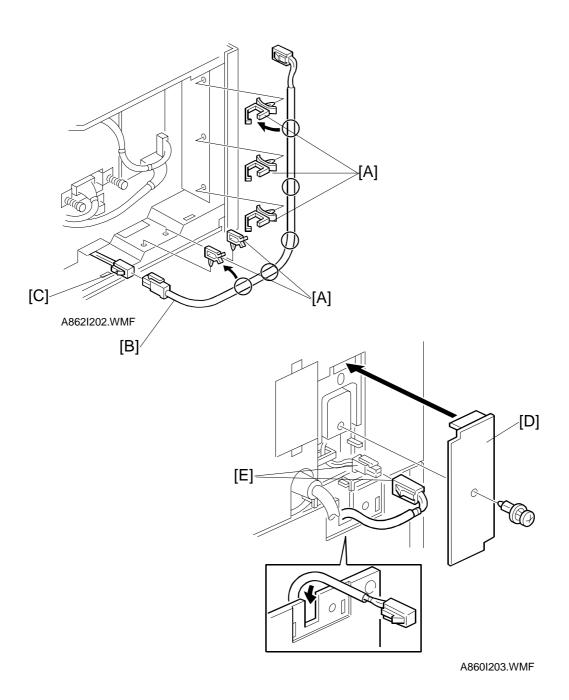
# 3.19 TRAY HEATER (OPTIONAL LCT)



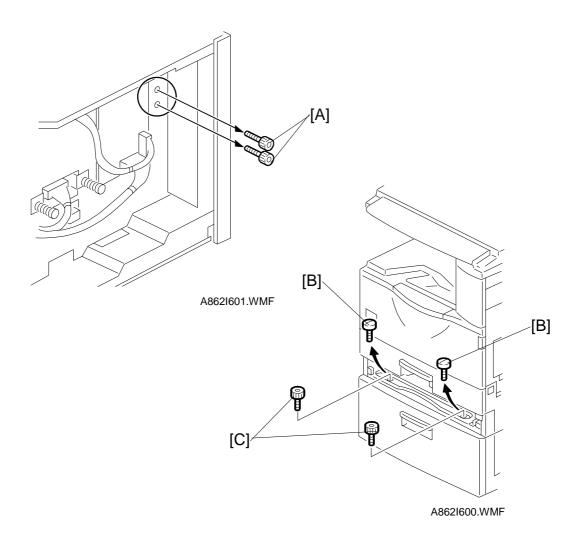
## **ACAUTION**

Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove two joint brackets [A] (1 screw each).
- 2. Remove the rear cover for the LCT [B] (2 screws).
- 3. Slide out the paper tray [C].
- 4. Push the stopper [D] on both slide rails and remove the paper tray.
- 5. Pass the connector [E] through the opening [F].
- 6. Install the tray heater [G] (1 screw).



- 7. Install five clamps [A].
- 8. Connect the cable [B] to the tray heater cable [C].
- 9. Route the cable and clamp it.
- 10. Remove the connector cover of the copier [D].
- 11. Join the connectors [E].
- 12. Reinstall the connector cover of the copier.



- 13. Remove two screws [A] from the rear side of the LCT.
- 14. Reinstall the rear cover of the LCT.
- 15. Reinstall the paper tray.
- 16. Remove the 2nd paper tray of the copier.
- 17. Remove two screws [B] and install the screws [C] which were removed in step 13.
- 18. Reinstall the 2nd paper tray of the copier.

# ervice Tables

# 4. SERVICE TABLES

### 4.1 GENERAL CAUTION

Do not turn off the main switch while any of the electrical components are active. Doing so might cause damage to units, such as the PCU, when they are pulled out of or put back into the copier.

# **4.1.1 PCU (PHOTOCONDUCTOR UNIT)**

The PCU consists of the OPC drum, development unit, charge roller, and cleaning unit. Follow the cautions below when handling a PCU.

- 1. Never touch the drum surface with bare hands. When the drum surface is touched or becomes dirty, wipe it with a dry cloth or clean it with wet cotton. Wipe with a dry cloth after cleaning with the cotton.
- 2. Never used alcohol to clean the drum; alcohol dissolves the drum surface.
- 3. Store the PCU in a cool, dry place away from heat.
- 4. Never expose the drum to corrosive gases such as ammonia gas.
- Never shake the used PCU. Doing so may cause toner and/or developer to spill out.
- 6. Dispose of used PCUs in accordance with local regulations.

#### 4.1.2 TRANSFER ROLLER UNIT

- 1. Never touch the transfer roller surface with bare hands.
- 2. Take care not to scratch the transfer roller as the surface is easily damaged.

#### 4.1.3 SCANNER UNIT

- 1. Clean the exposure glass with alcohol or with glass cleaner to reduce the amount of static electricity on the surface of the glass.
- 2. Use a blower brush or a cotton pad with water to clean the mirrors and lens.
- 3. Do not bend or crease the exposure lamp flat cable.
- 4. Do not disassemble the lens unit. Doing so will throw the lens and the copy image out of focus.
- 5. Do not turn any of the CCD positioning screws. Doing so will throw the CCD out of position.

#### 4.1.4 LASER UNIT

- 1. Do not loosen the screws that secure the LD drive board to the laser diode casing. Doing so will throw the LD unit out of adjustment.
- 2. Do not adjust the variable resistors on the LD unit, as they are adjusted in the factory.
- 3. The polygon mirror and F-theta mirror are very sensitive to dust.
- 4. Do not touch the glass surface of the polygon mirror motor unit with bare hands.

#### 4.1.5 FUSING UNIT

- 1. After installing the fusing thermistor, make sure that it is in contact with the hot roller and that the hot roller can rotate freely.
- 2. Be careful not to damage the edges of the hot roller strippers or their tension springs.
- 3. Do not touch the fusing lamp and rollers with bare hands.
- 4. Make sure that the fusing lamp is positioned correctly and that it does not touch the inner surface of the hot roller.

#### 4.1.6 PAPER FEED

- 1. Do not touch the surface of the paper feed roller.
- 2. To avoid paper misfeeds, the side fences and end fences of the paper tray must be positioned correctly to align with the actual paper size.

#### **4.1.7 OTHERS**

- The TD sensor initial setting is performed automatically after installing the new PCU and closing the front cover. Never open the front cover or turn off the main switch during this time. The main motor stops when the initial setting has finished.
- 2. The toner bottle should be replaced while the main switch is on.
- 3. If the optional tray, drum, and optics anti-condensation heaters have been installed, keep the copier power cord plugged in, even when the copier main switch is turned off. This keeps the heaters energized.

# Service Tables

## 4.2 SERVICE PROGRAM MODE

#### 4.2.1 SERVICE PROGRAM MODE OPERATION

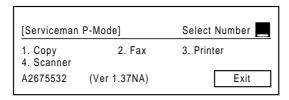
The service program (SP) mode is used to check electrical data, change modes, and adjust values.

#### Service Program Access Procedure

#### How to Enter the SP Mode

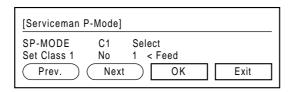
- 1) Press the following keys in sequence.

  - Hold the © (Clear/Stop) key for more than 3 seconds.
- 2) A menu of SP modes is displayed on the LCD.



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- **NOTE:** 1) The installed applications appear as 1. Copy, 2. Fax, 3. Printer, 4. Scanner. If an application is not installed, the application name does not appear.
  - 2) The meaning of the bottom line is as follows.
    - "A267XXXX" is the part number of the BICU board software.
    - "(ver X. X. XX)" is the BICU board software version.
- 3) Press the number for the application which you need (e.g. press "1" for copier). Then, the application's SP mode display will appear, as shown.



A265M503.WMF

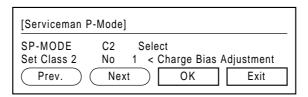
#### How to Exit SP Mode

Press the "Back" and "Exit" keys or (Clear Modes) key until the standby mode display appears.

#### Accessing Copy Mode from within an SP Mode

- 1. Press the <₹ (Interrupt) key.
- 2. Select the appropriate copy mode and make trial copies.
- 3. To return to SP mode, press the <₹ (Interrupt) key again.

### How to Select the Program Number



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Program numbers are composed of two or three levels.

To input the required program number, select each program level in sequence.

- 1. Select the 1st level program number on the numeric keypad and press the # key or "OK" key.
  - **NOTE:** The 1st level program number can be selected by pressing the "Prev." or "Next" bottom on the LCD.
- 2. Select the 2nd level program number at the numeric keypad and press the # key or "OK" key.
  - **NOTE:** The 2nd level program number can be selected by pressing the "Prev." or "Next" bottom on the LCD.
- 3. If there any are 3rd level programs in SP mode, first enter the 2nd level SP mode, then pressing the "Prev." or "Next" bottom on the LCD.

#### To input a value or setting for an SP mode

- 1. Enter the required program mode as explained above.
- 2. Enter the required setting using the numeric keys, then press the # key or "OK" key.
- **NOTE:** 1) If you forget to press the # key or "OK" key, the previous value remains.
  - 2) Change between "+" and "-" using the key before entering the required value.
- 3. Exit SP mode.

#### 4.2.2 SERVICE PROGRAM MODE TABLES

**NOTE:** 1) In the Function column, comments are in *italics*.

- 2) In the Setting column, the default value is in **bold** letters.
- 3) An asterisk "\*" after the mode number means that this mode is stored in the NVRAM. If you do a RAM reset, all these SP modes will be return to their factory settings.
- 4) SP4-915 to 4-941: When the SP mode name has a prefix of "P-", the adjustment is only effective when the user selects an original type of "Service Mode" (User Tools General Features 09. Image Adjustment).

	Mode No.			0 44
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
Tand 2	1	Leading Edge Registration (Paper Tray Feed)	Adjusts the printing leading edge registration from each paper feed station using the Trimming Area Pattern (SP5-902, No.10).  Use the key to toggle between + and -	+9.0 ~ -9.0 0.1 mm/step +0.0 mm
1-001*	2	Leading Edge Registration (By-pass Feed)	before entering the value. The specification is 3 ± 2 mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	+12.5~-12.5 0.1 mm/step +0.0 mm
	3	Leading Edge Registration (Duplex)		+12.5~-12.5 0.1 mm/step +0.0 mm
	1	Side-to-Side Registration (1st Paper Feed)	Adjusts the printing side-to-side registration from each paper feed station using the Trimming Area Pattern (SP5-902, No.10).  Use the key to toggle between + and -	+9.0 ~ -9.0 0.1 mm/step +0.0 mm
	2	Side-to-Side Registration (2nd Paper Feed)	before entering the value. The specification is $2 \pm 1.5$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	
1-002*	3	Side-to-Side Registration (3rd Paper Feed: optional PFU tray 1 or optional LCT)	<b>=</b>	
	4	Side-to-Side Registration (4th Paper Feed: optional PFU tray 2)		
	5	Side-to-Side Registration (By-pass Feed)		
	6	Side-to-Side Registration (Duplex)		
1-003*	1	Paper Feed Timing (1st Paper Feed)	Adjusts the paper feed clutch timing at registration. The paper feed clutch timing determines the amount of paper buckle at registration. (A larger setting leads to more buckling.)	0 ~ 10 1 mm/step <b>5 mm</b>

	Ma	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
1-003*	2	Paper Feed Timing (2nd, 3rd, 4th Paper Feed, LCT, and By- pass Feed)	Adjusts the paper feed clutch timing at registration. The paper feed clutch timing determines the amount of paper buckle at registration. (A larger setting leads to more	0 ~ 10 1 mm/step <b>5 mm</b>
	3	Paper Feed Timing (Duplex)	buckling.)	0 ~ 20 1 mm/step 6 mm
1-007		By-pass Paper Size Display	Displays the by-pass paper width sensor output.	
	1	Fusing Temperature Adjustment (Stand-by)	Adjusts the fusing temperature for standby mode.	155 ~ 190 1°C/step <b>170°C</b>
4.405*	2	Fusing Temperature Adjustment (Low Power	Adjusts the fusing temperature for low power level 2.	0 ~ 80 1°C/step <b>80°C</b>
1-105*		Level 2)	With a lower value, the machine takes more time to reach the ready condition.	
	3	Fusing Temperature Adjustment (Special Paper)	Adjusts the additional fusing temperature for the special paper mode selected by the lever on the 2nd paper tray; also for the bypass tray (all paper types).	0 ~ 20 1°C/step <b>10°C</b>
		Fusing Temp.	Displays the fusing temperature.	
1-106		Display	Press the  (Clear Modes) key to exit the display.	
	1	Fusing Soft Start Adjustment (Stand-by, Energy saver)	Adjusts the number of zero-cross cycles of the fusing lamp ac supply needed for the fusing lamp power to reach 100%. Use a higher number if the customer complains about sudden power dropouts.  For European models, this SP mode is effective in the stand-by mode and energy saver mode only.  See "Detailed Descriptions - Fusing Unit" for	N. America 0: 3 times 1: 10 times 2: 20 times Europe/Asia 0: 5 times 1: 10 times 2: 20 times
1-107*	2	Fusing Soft Start Adjustment (Printing)	details on SP1-107.  For European models only. Adjusts the number of zero-cross cycles of the fusing lamp ac supply needed for the fusing lamp power to reach 100% when raising the temperature during printing. Use a higher number if the customer complains about sudden power dropouts.  See "Detailed Descriptions - Fusing Unit" for details on SP1-107.	0: 5 times 1: 10 times 2: 20 times
1-108*	1	Fusing Soft Start Setting (Stand-by, Energy saver)	Selects whether the fusing temperature control cycle is 1 or 3 seconds.  For European models, this SP mode is effective in the stand-by mode and energy saver mode only.  If this is "1", the power supply fluctuates less when the fusing lamp turns on. See "Detailed Descriptions - Fusing Unit" for details.	<b>0: 1 sec</b> 1: 3 sec

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
1-108*	2	Fusing Soft Start Setting (Printing)	For European models only.  Selects whether the fusing temperature control cycle is 0.5 or 1 seconds during printing.  If this is "1", the power supply fluctuates less when the fusing lamp turns on. See "Detailed Descriptions - Fusing Unit" for details.	<b>0: 500 ms</b> 1: 1 sec
1-109		Fusing Nip Band Check	Checks the fusing nip band  Refer to "Nip Band Width Measurement" for more details.	1: Start 0: Stop
		Auto Re-start	Adjusts the auto re-start time.	0 ~ 9999
1-901*		Interval	Do not change the value.	1 s/step <b>0 s</b>
1-902		AC Frequency Display	Displays the fusing lamp power control frequency which is detected by the zero cross signal generator.  Under "54" equals 50 Hz. Otherwise, 60 Hz.	
1-903*	1	Feed Clutch Re- energize (By-pass Feed)	Adjusts the paper feed amount allowed by the clutch (see the table below) after correcting the skew at registration.  Paper Feed Station Clutch By-pass Feed Upper Relay 1st Paper Tray 1st Paper Feed Other Paper Trays Upper Relay	0 ~ 10 1 mm/step Defaults By-pass: 6 1st tray: 0 Other: 0
	2	Feed Clutch Re- energize (1st Paper Tray) Feed Clutch Re- energize	When paper jams occur after restarting paper feed after registration, increase the value to help the registration roller feed the paper.	
1-905*		(Other Paper Trays) Tray Paper Full Detection	Determines whether or not to detect if the built-in copy tray is full.	0: No 1: Yes
1-906*		Tray Paper Full Timer	Adjusts the time that the paper overflow sensor must remain on before a message appears on the LCD. The sensor may be switched on and off again if the paper is curled, giving a false tray full detection. This SP prevents this problem.  This SP mode is used when SP1-905 is set to 1.	

	Mo	ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
	1	1st Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Normal Size)	If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-908-9, this SP adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-908-8.  If a middle size threshold is stored with SP1-908-9, then this SP adjusts the motor reverse time for sizes larger than the middle size.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 1st paper tray.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
1-908*	2	1st Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Small Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-908-8.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 1st paper tray.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>600 ms</b>
	3	1st Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Middle Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-908-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-908-9. If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-908-9, this SP is not used. <b>Do not input a value greater than 1200.</b> Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 1st paper tray.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
	4	1st Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Small Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-908-8. The motor rotates forward when the remaining paper amount is lower than the value of SP1-908-6.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 1st paper tray is running low.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>400 ms</b>



	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	5	1st Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Middle Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-908-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-908-9.  The motor rotates forward when the amount of remaining paper is lower than the value of SP1-908-7.  If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-908-9, this SP is not used.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>300 ms</b>
			Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 1st paper tray is running low. See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	
	6	1st Paper Amount (Small Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-908-4.  Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed problem occurs before near-end.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0: None (Empty) <b>1: Near End</b> 2: 25% 3: 75%
1-908*	7	1st Paper Amount (Middle Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-908-5.  Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed problem occurs before near-end.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0: None (Empty) 1: Near End 2: 25% 3: 75%
	8	1st Small Paper Size Setting	Selects the small size threshold for the 1st paper tray tray. "0" means that this setting is not used. The size used by SP1-908 is determined by paper width. See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5 2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3
	9	1st Middle Paper Size Setting	Selects the middle size threshold for the upper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used.  The value must be larger than the small size threshold (SP1-908-8). The size used by SP1-908 is determined by paper width. See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-908.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5 2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3

	Мс	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	2nd Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Normal Size)	If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-909-9, this SP adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-909-8.  If a middle size threshold is stored with SP1-909-9, then this SP adjusts the motor reverse time for sizes larger than the middle size.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 2nd paper tray.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
1-909*	2	2nd Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Small Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-909-8.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 2nd paper tray.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>600 ms</b>
	3	2nd Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Middle Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-909-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-909-9. If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-909-9, this SP is not used. <b>Do not input a value greater than 1200.</b> Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 2nd paper tray.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
	4	2nd Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Small Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-909-8. The motor rotates forward when the remaining paper amount is lower than the value of SP1-909-6.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 2nd paper tray is running low.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>400 ms</b>

Class 1 and 2 Class

3

Mode No.

**Function** 

Settings

	5	2nd Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Middle Size)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-909-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-909-9.  The motor rotates forward when the remaining paper amount is lower than the value of SP1-909-7.  If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-909-9, this SP is not used.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 2nd paper tray is running low.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step 300 ms
	6	2nd Paper Amount (Small Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-909-4.  Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed problem occurs before near-end.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0: None (Empty) <b>1: Near End</b> 2: 25% 3: 75%
1-909*	7	2nd Paper Amount (Middle Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-909-5.  Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed problem occurs before near-end.  See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0: None (Empty) <b>1: Near End</b> 2: 25% 3: 75%
	8	2nd Small Paper Size Setting	Selects the small size threshold for the 2nd paper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used. The size used by SP1-909 is determined by paper width. See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5 2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3
	9	2nd Middle Paper Size Setting	Selects the middle size threshold for the upper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used.  The value must be larger than the small size threshold (SP1-909-8). The size used by SP1-909 is determined by paper width. See "Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-909.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5 2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3



	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	3rd Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Normal Size) (Optional PFU)	If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-910-9, this SP adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-910-8.  If a middle size threshold is stored with SP1-910-9, then this SP adjusts the motor reverse time for sizes larger than the middle size.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 3rd paper tray.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift"	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
1-910*	2	3rd Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Small Size) (Optional PFU)	Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.  Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-910-8.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 3rd paper tray.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>600 ms</b>
	3	3rd Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Middle Size) (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-910-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-910-9. If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-910-9, this SP is not used. <b>Do not input a value greater than 1200.</b> Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 3rd paper tray.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
	4	3rd Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Small Size) (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-910-8. The motor rotates forward when the remaining paper amount is lower than the value of SP1-910-6.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 3rd paper tray is running low.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>400 ms</b>

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Mode No.				
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	Ond Datters Diete	A direct the company of the sector for word	0 0000
1-910*	5	3rd Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Middle Size)  (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-910-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-910-9.  The motor rotates forward when the remaining paper is lower than the value of SP1-910-7.  If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-910-9, this SP is not used.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>300 ms</b>
			occurs when paper in the 3rd paper tray is running low. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	
	6	3rd Paper Amount (Small Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-910-4.	0: None (Empty)
		(Optional PFU)	Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed problem occurs before near-end. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	1: Near End 2: 25% 3: 75%
	7	3rd Paper Amount (Middle Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-910-5.	0: None (Empty)
		(Optional PFU)	Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed problem occurs before near-end. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	1: Near End 2: 25% 3: 75%
		3rd Small Paper Size Setting	Selects the small size threshold for the 3rd paper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5
	8	(Optional PFU)	The size used by SP1-910 is determined by paper width. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3
		3rd Middle Paper Size Setting	Selects the middle size threshold for the upper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5
	9	(Optional PFU)	The value must be larger than the small size threshold (SP1-910-8). The size used by SP1-910 is determined by paper width. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-910.	2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3

	Ma	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	4th Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Normal Size) (Optional PFU)	If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-911-9, this SP adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-911-8.  If a middle size threshold is stored with SP1-911-9, then this SP adjusts the motor reverse time for sizes larger than the middle size.  Do not input a value greater than 1200.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 4th paper tray.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>200 ms</b>
1-911*	2	4th Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Small Size)  (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>600 ms</b>
	3	4th Bottom Plate Pressure Adjustment (Middle Size) (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor reverse time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-911-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-911-9. If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-911-9, this SP is not used. <b>Do not input a value greater than 1200.</b> Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs from the 4th paper tray.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step 200 ms
	4	4th Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Small Size) (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper of the same size as or smaller than the small size threshold set with SP1-911-8. The motor rotates forward when the remaining paper amount is lower than the value of SP1-911-6.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 4th paper tray is running low.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>400 ms</b>

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	М	ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	4th Bottom Plate Pressure Re-adjustment (Middle Size)  (Optional PFU)	Adjusts the upper paper lift motor forward rotation time for paper sizes larger than the small size threshold set with SP1-911-8, up to and including the middle size threshold set with SP1-911-9.  The motor rotates forward when the	0 ~ 2000 1 ms/step <b>300 ms</b>
	5		remaining paper amount is lower than the value of SP1-911-7. If a middle size threshold is not stored with SP1-911-9, this SP is not used.  Use this SP when a paper feed problem occurs when paper in the 4th paper tray is running low.  See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	
	6	4th Paper Amount (Small Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-911-4.  Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed	0: None (Empty) 1: Near End
4 044*	0	(Optional PFU)	problem occurs before near-end. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	2: 25% 3: 75%
1-911*	7	4th Paper Amount (Middle Size)	Selects the remaining paper amount limit for use with SP1-911-5.  Set this SP to 2 or 3 when a paper feed	0: None (Empty) 1: Near End
		(Optional PFU)	problem occurs before near-end. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	2: 25% 3: 75%
		4th Small Paper Size Setting	Selects the small size threshold for the 4th paper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5
	8	(Optional PFU)	The size used by SP1-911 is determined by paper width. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3
		4th Middle Paper Size Setting	Selects the middle size threshold for the upper tray. "0" means that this setting is not used.	0: None (Not used) 1: HLT/A5
	9	(Optional PFU)	The value must be larger than the small size threshold (SP1-911-8). The size used by SP1-911 is determined by paper width. See "Optional Paper Tray Unit - Paper Lift Mechanism" for details on SP1-911.	2: A4 3: LT 4: DLT 5: A3
1-912*		Tray Motor Reverse Time	Adjusts the tray motor reverse time.  The tray motor reverses when the tray is pulled out. The tray can be put back in the machine without damage while the motor reverses.	0 ~ 9000 1 ms/step <b>1700 ms</b>
1-920*	1	Duplex Inverter Motor Speed Adjustment (Forward/Low)	Adjusts the duplex inverter motor speed during forward rotation at low speed.  Use this SP when paper often jams at the duplex entrance area. Do not use in the field unless directed by service centre staff.	-4 ~ 4 1/step <b>0</b>

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	2	Duplex Inverter Motor Speed Adjustment (Forward/High)	Adjusts the duplex inverter motor speed during forward rotation at high speed.  Use this SP when paper often jams at the duplex entrance area. Do not use in the field unless directed by service centre staff.	-4 ~ 4 1/step <b>0</b>
1-920*	3	Duplex Inverter Motor Speed Adjustment (Reverse/Low)	Adjusts the duplex inverter motor speed during forward rotation at low speed.  Use this SP when paper often jams at the duplex inverter area. Do not use in the field unless directed by service centre staff.	-4 ~ 4 1/step <b>0</b>
	4	Duplex Inverter Motor Speed Adjustment (Reverse/High)	Adjusts the duplex inverter motor speed during forward rotation at high speed.  Use this SP when paper often jams at the duplex inverter area. Do not use in the field unless directed by service centre staff.	-4 ~ 4 1/step <b>0</b>
1 021	1	Duplex Transport Motor Speed Adjustment (Forward/Low)	Adjusts the duplex transport motor speed during forward rotation at low speed.  Use this SP when paper often jams at the duplex entrance area when feeding paper from the duplex unit to the registration area. Do not use in the field unless directed by service centre staff.	-4 ~ 4 1/step <b>0</b>
1-921	2	Duplex Transport Motor Speed Adjustment (Forward/High)	Adjusts the duplex transport motor speed during forward rotation at high speed.  Use this SP when paper often jams at the duplex entrance area when feeding paper from the duplex unit to the registration area. Do not use in the field unless directed by service centre staff.	-4 ~ 4 1/step <b>0</b>
1-990*		Fusing Idling	Selects whether fusing idling is done or not when the machine returns to stand-by mode from low power mode level 2.  If this is at "1" and the fusing temperature in low power mode level 2 is 70°C ~ 90°C, fusing idling is done. See "Fusing Temperature Control" for more details.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
2-001*	1*	Charge Roller Bias Adjustment (Printing)	Adjusts the voltage applied to the charge roller during printing.  This value will be changed automatically when the charge roller bias correction is performed.  Note that if this value is changed, the charge roller voltage will be corrected based on the new voltage.	-2100 ~ -1500 1 V/step - <b>1650 V</b>
	2*	Charge Roller Bias Adjustment (ID sensor pattern)	Adjusts the voltage applied to the charge roller when making the Vsdp ID sensor pattern (for charge roller bias correction).  The actual charge roller voltage is this value plus the value of SP2-001-1.	0 ~ 400 1 V/step <b>200</b>

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
2-001*	3	Charge Roller Bias Adjustment	Inputs the charge roller voltage temporarily for test purposes.	0 ~ -2500 1 V/step
		(Temporally input)	Do not change the value.	0
2-005*	1	Charge Roller Bias Correction (Vsdp Minimum)	Adjusts the lower threshold value for the charge roller correction.  When the value of Vsdp/Vsg is less than this value, the charge roller voltage increases by 50V (e.g. from –500 to –550). The size of the increase depends on SP 2-005-3.	0 ~ 100 1%/step <b>90</b> %
2-005*	2	Charge Roller Bias Correction (Vsdp Maximum)	Adjusts the upper threshold value for the charge roller correction.  When the value of Vsdp/Vsg is greater than this value, the charge roller voltage decreases by 50V (e.g. from –550 to –500). The size of the decrease depends on SP 2-005-3.	0 ~ 100 1%/step <b>95%</b>
	3	Charge Roller Bias Correction Step	Adjusts the size of the charge roller voltage correction.	0 ~ 200 1 V/step <b>50 V</b>
		Erase Margin	Adjusts the leading edge erase margin.	0.0 ~ 9.0
	1	Adjustment (Leading Edge)	The specification is $3 \pm 2$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	0.1 mm/step <b>3.0 mm</b>
	2	Erase Margin Adjustment 2 (Trailing Edge	Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin for paper of length 216 mm or less.  The specification is $3 \pm 2$ mm. See	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>2.0 mm</b>
		- Small Paper Size)	"Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	
	3	Erase Margin Adjustment	Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin for paper of length 216.1 ~ 297 mm.	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step
2-101*		(Trailing Edge – Middle Paper Size)	The specification is $3 \pm 2$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	3.0 mm
		Erase Margin Adjustment	Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin for paper longer than 297 mm.	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step
	4	(Trailing Edge – Large Paper Size)	The specification is $3 \pm 2$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	4.0 mm
		Erase Margin	Adjusts the left edge erase margin.	0.0 ~ 9.0
	5	Adjustment (Left Side)	The specification is $2 \pm 1.5$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	0.1 mm/step 2.0 mm
		Erase Margin	Adjusts the right edge erase margin.	0.0 ~ 9.0
	6	Adjustment (Right Side)	The specification is 2 + 2.5/-1.5 mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	0.1 mm/step <b>2.0 mm</b>

	Mo	ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
1 4.16 2	7	Erase Margin Adjustment (Rear – Trailing	Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin on the reverse side of duplex copies. The actual trailing edge erase margin on the reverse side is this value plus the value of SP2-101-2 or 3 or 4.	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>1.2 mm</b>
			The specification is $3 \pm 2$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details	
	8	Erase Margin Adjustment (Rear – Left Side)	Adjusts the left side erase margin on the reverse side of duplex copies. The actual left side erase margin on the reverse side is this value plus the value of SP2-101-5.	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.3 mm</b>
			The specification is $2 \pm 1.5$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	
2-101*	9	Erase Margin Adjustment (Rear – Right Side)	Adjusts the right side erase margin on the reverse side of duplex copies.  The actual right side erase margin on the reverse side is this value plus the value of SP2-101-6	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.3 mm</b>
			The specification is 2 +2.5/-1.5 mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	
	10	Erase Margin Adjustment (Printer, Rear Trailing Edge)	In printer mode, adjusts the trailing edge erase margin on the reverse side of duplex copies.  The actual trailing edge erase margin on the reverse side is this value plus the value of SP2-101-7.	0.0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
			The specification is $3 \pm 2$ mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	
2-103*		LD Power Adjustment	Adjusts the LD power.  Do not change the value.	0 ~ 255 1 /step
2-106*		ID Adjustment for Test Pattern	Adjusts the image density level for black pixels on test pattern printouts (patterns are made with SP5-902).  This SP affects all test patterns except for the grayscale test patterns.	129 0 ~ 255 1 /step 255
2-201*	1	Development Bias Adjustment (Printing)	Adjusts the development bias during printing.  This can be adjusted as a temporary measure if faint copies appear due to an aging drum.	-1500 ~ - 2000 1 V/step -600 V

Mode No.				
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
2-201*	2	Development Bias Adjustment (ID sensor pattern)	Adjusts the development bias for making the ID sensor pattern. The actual development voltage for the ID sensor pattern is this value plus the value of SP2-201-1.  This should not be used in the field, because it affects ID sensor pattern density, which affects toner supply. However, see	0: N (200V) 1: H (240V) 2: L (160V) 3: HH (280V) 4: LL (120V)
2-213*		Copies after Near End	'Troubleshooting – Toner Density' for one occasion when this SP mode can be used.  Selects the number of copies that can be made after toner near-end has been detected.  If the user normally makes copies with a	<b>0: 50 pages</b> 1: 20 pages
2-220*		Vt/Vsg/Vsp/Vsdp Data Display	high proportion of black, reduce the interval.  Displays the Vt, Vsg, Vsp, and Vsdp values.  The Vt values are displayed as follows: e.g. Vt2.14/2.29  The left value is the actual TD sensor output. The right value is the target Vref value.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
2-221*		ID Sensor Error Display	Displays the Vsg, Vsp, Power, Vsg-Vsp, and Vt values for ID sensor error conditions. See "ID Sensor Error Analysis" later in this section for more detail.  There is no SC code for the ID sensor error in this machine. Check the ID sensor values with this SP if abnormal copies are made (such as dirty background) to determine whether the problem is due to incorrect toner density control.	
	1*	Transfer Current (Paper Tray Feed)	Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller during copying from a paper tray when the user uses the "Normal" paper setting.  If the user normally feeds thicker paper from a paper tray, use a higher setting.	0: -2 μA 1: <b>0 μA</b> 2: +2 μA 3: +4 μA
2-301*	2*	Transfer Current (By-pass Feed)	Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller during copying from the by-pass tray. These settings are also used if the 2 <sup>nd</sup> tray is used and special paper is selected with the switch in the tray.  If the user normally feeds thicker paper from the by-pass tray/2 <sup>nd</sup> tray (special paper), use a higher setting. If waste toner is reattracted from the drum (this can occur when using an OHP sheet), use a higher setting.	0: -2 μA <b>1: 0 μA</b> 2: +2 μA 3: +4 μA

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3*	Transfer Current (Duplex)	Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller during copying from the duplex unit when the user uses the "Normal" paper setting.	0: -2 μA <b>1: 0 μA</b> 2: +2 μA 3: +4 μA
			Use this SP when the image on the rear side of the paper has a problem caused by poor image transfer.	σ. τ τ μπ
2-301*	4*	Transfer Current (Cleaning)	Adjusts the current applied to the transfer roller during roller cleaning.  If toner remains on the roller after cleaning (dirty background appears on the rear side of the paper), increase the current.	0 ~ -10 1 μΑ/step - <b>4 μΑ</b>
	5	Transfer Current (Input - Front)	This is for the designer's test purposes.  Do not change the value.	0 ~ 30 1 μA/step <b>0 μA</b>
	6	Transfer Current (Input - Rear)	This is for the designer's test purposes.  Do not change the value.	0 ~ 30 1 μΑ/step <b>0 μΑ</b>
2-802		Developer Initialization	Initializes the developer and checks Vt. The machine mixes the developer for 2 minutes and while doing this, it reads and displays the TD sensor output (Vt). It does not initialize the TD sensor output.  If the machine has not been used for a long time, prints may have a dirty background. In this case, use this SP mode to mix the developer. After finishing, press the key to remove the Vt data from the screen.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
	1	Separation Voltage Adjustment (Front – Leading Edge)	Adjusts the voltage that is applied to the separation plate during printing at the leading edge of the paper on the front side.  If the copies have pawl marks at the leading edge, increase this voltage.	-1000 ~ - 4000 1 V/step -1800 V
2-901*	2	Separation Voltage Adjustment (Front – Image Area)	Adjusts the voltage that is applied to the separation plate during printing on the	-1000 ~ - 4000 1 V/step -1800 V
	3	Separation Voltage Adjustment (Rear – Front)	Adjusts the voltage applied to the separation plate, during printing at the leading edge of the paper on the rear side.  See SP2-901-1.	-1000 ~ - 4000 1 V/step -2100 V
	4	Separation Voltage Adjustment (Rear – Image Area)	Adjusts the voltage applied to the separation plate, during printing at the image area of the paper on the rear side.  See SP2-901-2.	-1000 ~ - 4000 1 V/step -2100 V

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
2-902*	3	FCI Smoothing	Selects whether the FCI smoothing function to remove jagged edges is enabled or disabled.  FCI smoothing is only used with the Sharp Text setting in text mode with binary picture processing.	0: No (Disabled) 1: Yes (Enabled)
2-905		Gradation Type	This is for the designer's test purposes.  Do not change the value.	0: System 1: 400 dpi 2: None 3: 600 dpi
2-906*	1	Tailing Correction (Shift Value)	Shifts the image across the page at the interval specified by SP 2-906-2.  When making many copies of an original that contains vertical lines (such as a table), separation may not work correctly, then a tailing image will occur (ghosts of the vertical lines will continue past the bottom of the table). This SP prevents this problem.	0.0 ~ 1.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
	2	Tailing Correction (Interval)	Changes the interval for the image shift specified by SP2-906-1.	1 ~ 10 1 page/step <b>1 page</b>
2-908		Forced Toner Supply	Forces the toner bottle to supply toner to the toner supply unit. Press "1" to start.  During this process, the machine supplies toner until the toner concentration in the development unit reaches a standard level. However, if the toner concentration does not reach a standard level, the machine supplies toner for 2 minutes maximum.	0: No 1: Yes
2-915*		Polygon Motor Idling Time	Selects the polygon motor idling time.  If the user sets an original, touches a key, or opens the platen cover/DF, the polygon motor starts idling to make a faster first copy. However, with the default (15 s), the motor stops if the user does nothing for 15 s, and stops 15 s after the end of a job. If set at "0", the polygon motor never turns off during stand-by. However, when the machine goes into energy saver mode, the polygon motor turns off regardless of this timer.	0: None 1: 15 s 2: 25 s
2-921*		Toner Supply Mode	Selects the toner supply mode.  Normally, only use setting 0. Change to 3 temporarily if the TD sensor is defective. Do not use settings 1 and 2; these are for designer's use only.	0: Sensor 1 1: Sensor 2 2: Fixed 1 3: Fixed 2

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
2-922*		Toner Supply Time	Adjusts the toner supply motor on time for sensor supply mode. This SP is effective only when SP2-921 is "0" or "1".  Increasing this value increases the toner supply motor on time. So, use a high value if the user tends to make lots of copies that have a high proportion of black.	0.1 ~ 5.0 0.1 s/step <b>0.6 s</b>
2-923*		Toner Recovery Time	Adjusts the toner supply motor on time during recovery from toner near-end/end. This SP is effective only when SP2-921 is "0", "1", or "2".  Note that toner recovery is done in a 3-second cycle. So, the input value should be a multiple of 3 (e.g. 3, 6,9). See "Toner Density Control" for more details.	3 ~ 60 1 s/step <b>30 s</b>
2-925*		Toner Supply Rate	Adjusts the toner supply rate for fixed toner supply mode. This SP is effective only when SP2-921 is "2" or "3".  Increasing this value increases the toner supply motor on time. So, use a high value if the user tends to make lots of copies that have a high proportion of black. See "Toner Density Control" for more details.  0: t	0 ~ 7 1/step <b>0</b>
2-926*		Standard Vt	Adjusts Vts (Vt for a new PCU). The TD sensor output is adjusted to this value during the TD sensor initial setting process. This SP is effective only when SP2-921 is "0", "1", or "2".  Do not change this value.	0.00 ~ 5.00 0.01 V/step <b>2.30 V</b>
2-927*		ID Sensor Control	Selects whether the ID sensor is used or not for toner density control.  If this value is "0", dirty background may occur after the machine has not been used for a long time.	0: No 1: Yes

Mode No.

Class		ode No.	Function	Sattings
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		runction	Settings
2-928*	3	Toner End Clear	Clears the toner end condition. Select "1" then press the  key to clear the toner end condition without adding new toner.  If this is "1", the following are cleared.  Toner end indicator (goes out)  Toner near-end counter  Toner near-end level When making a lot of copies after changing this setting to "1", the carrier may be	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
			attracted to the drum when the toner runs out, which may damage the drum.	
	1	Vref Upper Limit	Adjusts the upper limit for Vref.  When there is dirty background on the copy, change this value to around 3.1 V.	0.00 ~ 5.00 0.01 V/step <b>2.80 V</b>
2-929*	2	Vref Lower Limit	Adjusts the lower limit for Vref.	0.00 ~ 5.00 0.01 V/step <b>1.10 V</b>
		Copies After TD Sensor Error	Selects the number of copies that can be made after a TD sensor error has been detected. When the machine copies this amount, an SC condition will occur.	0: 100 copies 1: 200 copies
2-992*			If the optional fax unit is installed, the SC condition occurs immediately regardless of the number of prints (this is because the sender of the fax cannot check the image quality of the printout).	
2-995*		ID Sensor Detection Interval	If the machine starts warming-up after this time has passed since entering night mode (for example, to print an incoming fax), the machine makes an ID sensor pattern.  If this value is greater, there is a greater chance that background will become dirty.	0 ~ 999 1 minute/step 30 minutes
2-996*		Transfer Roller Cleaning	Selects whether the transfer roller is cleaned before each copy job.  Set this to '1' when dirty background appears on the reverse side of the first page of a copy job. However, the first copy time will be longer.  If this SP is at 0, the transfer roller is never cleaned.  See 'Detailed Section Descriptions — Transfer Roller Cleaning" for more details.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes



	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	Maria Occasi	A.F. et all a second first the second second	0.5
	1	Main Scan Magnification (Engine)	Adjusts the magnification in the main scan direction for the engine.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. The specification is ± 0.5%.  This SP value affects all print modes (copy, printer, and image rotation). If the main scan magnification is not correct for copying, also use SP2-998-2. For image rotation, use SP2-998-3. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-0.5 ~ +0.5 0.1 %/step <b>0.0 %</b>
2-998*	2	Main Scan Magnification (Copy)	Adjusts the magnification in the main scan direction for copying.  This SP affects only copying. It is added to the value of 2-998-1.	-0.5 ~ +0.5 0.1 %/step <b>0.0</b> %
	3	Main Scan Magnification (Image Rotation)	Adjusts the magnification in the main scan direction for copying with image rotation mode.  This SP affects only image rotation mode. It is added to the value of 2-998-1.	-0.5 ~ +0.5 0.1 %/step <b>0.0</b> %
4-008*	1	Main Scan Magnification (Scanner)	Adjusts the magnification in the main scan direction for scanning.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. The specification is ± 1%. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-1.0 ~ +1.0 0.1 %/step <b>0.0%</b>
4-010*		Leading Edge Registration (Scanner)	Adjusts the leading edge registration for scanning in platen mode.  (–): The image moves in the direction of the leading edge.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. The specification is 2 ± 1.5 mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-5.0 ~ +9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
4-011*		Side-to-side Registration (Scanner)	Adjusts the side-to-side registration for scanning in platen mode.  (–): The image disappears at the left side.  (+): The image appears.  Use the (**) key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. The specification is 2 ± 1.5 mm. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-10.0 ~ +6.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	Erase Margin (Leading Edge)	Adjusts the erase margin at each side for scanning.  Do not adjust this unless the user wishes to	0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>1.0 mm</b>
4-012*	2	Erase Margin (Trailing Edge)	have a scanner margin that is greater than the printer margin.	0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>1.0 mm</b>
	3	Erase Margin (Left Side)		0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>1.0 mm</b>
	4	Erase Margin (Right Side)		0 ~ 9.0 0.1 mm/step <b>1.0 mm</b>
4-013		Scanner Free Run	Performs a scanner free run with the exposure lamp on.  After selecting "1", press "OK" or the "key twice to start this feature. Press the (Clear/Stop) key to stop.	0: No 1: Yes
4.045*	1	White Plate Scanning (Start Position)	Adjusts the scanning start position on the white plate for auto shading.  The default is 6 mm from the leading edge. The setting specifies how far scanning starts from the default position.	- 3.0 ~ + 6.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
4-015*	2	White Plate Scanning (Scanning Area)	Adjusts the width of the area on the white plate (in the sub scan direction) that is scanned for auto shading.  The default is 5 mm. The current setting specifies the difference from this default.	- 3.0 ~ + 6.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
4-101*		Sub Scan Magnification (Scanner)	Adjusts the magnification in the sub scan direction for scanning. If this value is changed, the scanner motor speed is changed.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. The specification is ± 0.5%. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	- 0.9 ~ + 0.9 0.1%/step <b>0.0%</b>
4-301		APS Data Display	Displays the status of the APS sensors and platen/DF cover sensor.  See "APS and Platen/ADF Cover Sensor Output Display" after the SP mode table.	
4-303*		APS Small Size Original	Selects whether the copier determines that the original is A5 size when the APS sensor cannot detect the size.  If "A5 lengthwise" is selected, paper sizes that cannot be detected by the APS sensors are regarded as A5 lengthwise. If "Not detected" is selected, "Cannot detect original size" will be displayed.	0: No (Not detected) 1: Yes (A5 lengthwise)

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
4-401*		Image Mode Selection	Selects whether the binary processing is always used in Positive/Negative mode.  0: The machine uses the process selected by the user with user tools.  1: The machine always uses binary picture processing; greyscale processing is disabled.	0: System 1: Binary
4-412*		IPU Image Data Path	Selects one of the following video data outputs, which will be used for printing.  O. N: Normal video processing  1. S: After auto shading processing  2. M: After magnification processing  3. F: After MTF processing  4. G: After gamma correction  5. T: Data straight through (no video processing)	
		IDI I/CDI I Toot	Do not change the value.	
4-417		IPU/SBU Test Pattern	Prints test patterns from the IPU or SBU video data outputs. (1 ~ 13: IPU, 14 ~ 16: SBU)  0. No Print 1. Vertical Line - 1 dot 2. Horizontal Line - 1 dot 3. Vertical Line - 2 dot 4. Horizontal Line - 2 dot 5. Alternating Dot Pattern 6. Grid Pattern - 1 dot 7. Vertical Bands 8. Grayscale - Horizontal 9. Grayscale - Vertical 10.Patch Pattern 11.Cross Pattern 12.Slant Pattern 13.Trimming Area 14.Vertical Line - 2 dot 15.Grid Pattern - 2 dot 15.Grid Pattern - 2 dot 16.16-grayscale  Change to the copy mode display by pressing the  (Interrupt) key, then print the test pattern.	
4-902		Exposure Lamp ON	Turns on the exposure lamp.  To turn off the exposure lamp, select "0".	0: No (Off) 1: Yes (On)
4-904	1*	SBU Gain Adjustment (EVEN)	Checks the difference value of the black level for the EVEN channel after adjusting the black level at power-up.  Do not change the value.  However, after doing a memory all clear (SP5-801), use it to re-input the previous value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>40</b>

	Mode No.			
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	2*	SBU Gain Adjustment (ODD)	Checks the difference value of the black level for the ODD channel after adjusting the black level at power-up.  Do not change the value.  However, after doing a memory all clear (SP5-801), use it to re-input the previous	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>40</b>
4-904	3	SBU Gain Adjustment (Adjusted EVEN)	Value.  Checks the difference value of the black level for the EVEN channel after adjusting the black level at SBU Auto Adjustment (SP4-908).  Do not change the value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>40</b>
	4	SBU Gain Adjustment (Adjusted ODD)	Checks the difference value of the black level for the ODD channel after adjusting the black level at SBU Auto Adjustment (SP4-908).  Do not change the value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>40</b>
4-905*	1	SBU DC Cont Adjustment (EVEN)	Adjusts the coefficient of the D/A converter for the AGC gain curve for DC cont for the EVEN channel.  **Do not change the value.**  However, after doing a memory all clear (SP5-801), use it to re-input the previous value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>25</b>
4-905	2	SBU DC Cont Adjustment (ODD)	Adjusts the coefficient of the D/A converter for the AGC gain curve for DC cont for the ODD channel.  Do not change the value.  However, after doing a memory all clear (SP5-801), use it to re-input the previous value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>25</b>
4-906	1	SBU Ref. Value Adjustment (Current Value)	Adjusts the coefficient of the D/A converter for the AGC gain curve for scanning the white plate.  Do not change the value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>147</b>
	2	SBU Ref. Value Adjustment (Loop)	Displays the number of convergences for SBU reference control.  Do not use in the field.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>0</b>
4-907*	1	SBU Offset Value Adjustment (EVEN)	Adjusts the coefficient of the D/A converter for the offset (Z/C) for the analog image data processing for EVEN.  Do not change the value.  However, after performing the memory all clear (SP5-801), use it to re-input the previous value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>180</b>
4-907*	2	SBU Offset Value Adjustment (ODD)	Adjusts the coefficient of the D/A converter for the offset (Z/C) for the analog image data processing for ODD. <b>Do not change the value.</b> However, after performing the memory all clear (SP5-801), use it to re-input the previous value.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>180</b>

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
4-908		SBU Auto Adjustment	Performs the auto scanner adjustment.  Using this SP mode after replacing the white plate or erasing the memory on the BICU board. See "Replacement and Adjustment – Copy Image Adjustments - Standard White Density Adjustment" for details on how to do this.	0: No (Normal operation) 1: Yes (Start the adjustment)
4-909		SBU AE Cont Adjustment	Adjusts the background density when ADS mode is not being used. <b>Do not change the value.</b>	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>209</b>
4-910*		Scanner Motor Control	Selects the scanner motor control method.  If "1" is selected, the current for the scanner motor will be reduced and jitter copy quality problems will be alleviated. However, copy speed will be reduced.  Normally do not change the value.	0: Normal 1: Special
4-913*		DF Shading Interval Time	Adjusts the interval for shading processing in DF mode.  Light and heat may affect the scanner response. If copy quality indicates that white level is drifting during a DF copy job, reduce this setting. This setting is only effective when the setting of SP4-950 is "1".	0 ~ 60 1 s/step <b>30 s</b>
	1	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Main /25%~29%)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the MTF filter coefficient in the	0 ~ 15 1/step <b>1</b>
	2	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Main /30%~76%)	grayscale processing mode. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 15 1/step <b>1</b>
	3	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Main /77%~154%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
	4	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Main /155%~256%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
4-915*	5	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Main /257%~)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>15</b>
	6	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Sub /25%~29%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>2</b>
	7	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale /Sub /30%~76%)		0 ~ 15 1/step 2

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	D. MTE O. (City)	This all advantages to the first terms.	0 45
	8	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Grayscale	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting.	0 ~ 15 1/step
	Ü	/Sub /77%~154%)	Selects the MTF filter coefficient in the	3
		P - MTF Coefficient	grayscale processing mode. See "Detailed	0 ~ 15
	9	(Text /Grayscale	Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. T/P: Text/Photo	1/step
		/Sub /155%~256%) P - MTF Coefficient	TIPE TEXTENDED	<b>3</b> 0 ~ 15
	10	(Text /Grayscale		1/step
		ÌMain /257%~)		12
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	11	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step 3
		/Main /25%~57%) P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	12	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /58%~65%)		3
	40	P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	13	(T/P /Grayscale /Main /66%~76%)		1/step 3
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	14	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /77%~154%)		3
	15	P - MTF Coefficient (T/P /Grayscale		0 ~ 15 1/step
	10	/Main /155%~256%)		3
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
4-915*	16	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step <b>3</b>
		/Main /257%~) P - MTF Coefficient		<b>3</b> 0 ~ 13
	17	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/25%~57%)		3
	18	P - MTF Coefficient (T/P /Grayscale /Sub		0 ~ 13 1/step
	10	/58%~65%)		3
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 13
	19	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/66%~76%) P - MTF Coefficient		<b>3</b> 0 ~ 13
	20	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/77%~154%)		3
	0.4	P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 13
	21	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub /155%~256%)		1/step 3
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 13
		(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/257%~)		3
	00			
	22			

	Mode No.			
Class	Class	1101	Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
T dild 2	23	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Main /25%~49%)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the MTF filter coefficient in the	0 ~ 15 1/step <b>1</b>
	24	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Main /50%~95%)	binary picture processing mode. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0 ~ 15 1/step <b>1</b>
	25	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Main /96%~125%)	T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 15 1/step <b>1</b>
	26	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Main /126%~159%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
	27	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Main /160%~200%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>4</b>
	28	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Main /201%~)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>4</b>
	29	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Sub /25%~49%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>2</b>
	30	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Sub /50%~95%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>2</b>
4-915*	31	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Sub /96%~125%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>2</b>
	32	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Sub /126%~159%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
	33	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Sub /160%~200%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>4</b>
	34	P - MTF Coefficient (Text /Binary /Sub /201%~)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>4</b>
	35	P - MTF Coefficient (T/P /Binary /Main /25%~49%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
	36	P - MTF Coefficient (T/P /Binary /Main /50%~89%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
	37	P - MTF Coefficient (T/P /Binary /Main /90%~95%)		0 ~ 15 1/step <b>3</b>
	38	P - MTF Coefficient (T/P /Binary /Main /96%~125%)		0 ~ 15 1/step 1

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
		P - MTF Coefficient	This adjustment is only effective for the	0 ~ 15
	39	(T/P /Binary /Main	"Service Mode" original type setting.	1/step
		/126%~159%)	Selects the MTF filter coefficient in the	1
	40	P - MTF Coefficient	binary picture processing mode. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing"	0 ~ 15
	40	(T/P /Binary /Main /160%~200%)	for details.	1/step <b>1</b>
		P - MTF Coefficient	T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 15
	41	(T/P /Binary /Main		1/step
	71	/201%~)		1
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	42	(T/P /Binary /Sub		1/step
		/25%~49%)		3
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	43	(T/P /Binary /Sub		1/step
4-915*		/50%~89%)		3
	44	P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	44	(T/P /Binary /Sub		1/step
		/90%~95%) P - MTF Coefficient		<b>3</b> 0 ~ 15
	45	(T/P /Binary /Sub		1/step
	40	/96%~125%)		2
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	46	(T/P /Binary /Sub		1/step
	.0	/126%~159%)		2 '
		P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
	47	(T/P /Binary /Sub		1/step
		/160%~200%)		2
	48	P - MTF Coefficient		0 ~ 15
		(T/P /Binary /Sub /201%~)		1/step 2
		P - MTF Strength	This adjustment is only effective for the	0 ~ 7
	1	(Text /Grayscale	"Service Mode" original type setting.	1/step
		/Main /25%~29%)	Selects the MTF strength using grayscale	5
		P - MTF Strength	processing mode. See "Detailed	0 ~ 7
	2	(Text /Grayscale	Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	1/step
		/Main /30%~76%)	Weak Strong   1-2-3-4-5-0(x1)-6-7	5
	•	P - MTF Strength	T-2-3-4-5-0(x1)-6-7 T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 7
	3	(Text /Grayscale	T/T . TOAUT HOLO	1/step
		/Main /77%~154%) P - MTF Strength		<b>5</b> 0 ~ 7
4-916*	4	(Text /Grayscale		1/step
7 310	7	/Main /155%~256%)		5
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	5	(Text /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /257%~)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	6	(Text /Grayscale		1/step
		/Sub /25%~29%)		5
	7	P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	7	(Text /Grayscale /Sub /30%~76%)		1/step <b>5</b>
<u> </u>		1000 100 /0~1070)		<u>                                     </u>

	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			_
		P - MTF Strength	This adjustment is only effective for the	0 ~ 7
	8	(Text /Grayscale	"Service Mode" original type setting.	1/step
		/Sub /77%~154%)	Selects the MTF strength using grayscale	5
		P - MTF Strength	processing mode. See "Detailed	0 ~ 7
	9	(Text /Grayscale	Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	1/step
		/Sub /155%~256%)	Weak Strong   1-2-3-4-5-0(x1)-6-7	5
	4.0	P - MTF Strength	T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 7
	10	(Text /Grayscale	177 : Text Hote	1/step
		/Sub /257%~)		<b>4</b> 0 ~ 7
	11	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Grayscale		1/step
	11	/Main /25%~57%)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	12	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /58%~65%)		5
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	13	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		Main /66%~76%)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	14	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /77%~154%)		4
	15	P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
		(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /155%~256%)		<b>4</b> 0 ~ 7
4-916*	16	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Grayscale		1/step
4-310	10	/Main /157%~)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	17	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/25%~57%)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	18	(T/P /Grayscale		1/step
		/Main /58%~65%)		5
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	19	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/66%~76%)		<b>4</b> 0 ~ 7
	20	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
	20	/77%~154%)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	21	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/155%~256%)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	22	(T/P /Grayscale /Sub		1/step
		/157%~)		4
		P - MTF Strength		0 ~ 7
	23	(Text /Binary /Main		1/step
		/25%~49%)		<b>4</b> 0 ~ 7
	24	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Main		1/step
	<b>4</b> 7	/50%~95%)		4
<u> </u>		1.0070 0070		<u> </u>

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	25	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Main /96%~125%)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the MTF strength using grayscale	0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	26	26 (Text /Binary /Main /126%~159%) Descriptions - Image Processing" for details Weak Strong		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	27	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Main /160%~200%)	1-2-3-4-5-0(x1)-6-7 T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	28	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Main /201%~)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	29	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Sub /25%~49%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>4</b>
	30	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Sub /50%~95%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>4</b>
	31	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Sub /96%~125%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	32	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Sub /126%~159%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
4-916*	33	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Sub /160%~200%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	34	P - MTF Strength (Text /Binary /Sub /201%~)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	35	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /25%~49%)		0 ~ 7 1/step 3
	36	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /50%~89%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>3</b>
	37	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /90%~95%)		0 ~ 7 1/step 3
	38	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /96%~125%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	39	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /126%~159%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	40	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /160%~200%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	41	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Main /201%~)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>

	Ma	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3		ranotion	Comings
T dild 2	42	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /25%~49%)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the MTF strength using binary	0 ~ 7 1/step <b>3</b>
	43	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /50%~89%)	picture processing mode. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. Weak Strong	0 ~ 7 1/step <b>3</b>
	44	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /90%~95%)	1-2-3-4-5-0(x1)-6-7 T/P: Text/Photo	0 ~ 7 1/step <b>3</b>
4-916*	45	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /96%~125%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	46	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /126%~159%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	47	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /160%~200%)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	48	P - MTF Strength (T/P /Binary /Sub /201%~)		0 ~ 7 1/step <b>5</b>
	1	P - Independent Dot Erase (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the independent dot erase level. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. With a larger SP setting, more dots are detected as independent dots and erased. However, dots in mesh-like images may be detected as independent dots mistakenly. If "0" is selected, independent dot erase is disabled.	0 ~ 9 1/step <b>7</b>
	2	P - Independent Dot Erase (Text/Photo - Grayscale)		0 ~ 9 1/step <b>3</b>
4-917*	3	P - Independent Dot Erase (Text - Binary)		0 ~ 9 1/step <b>7</b>
	4	P - Independent Dot Erase (Text/Photo - Binary)		0 ~ 9 1/step <b>3</b>

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	P - White Line Erase (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting.	0: No 1: Yes
	2	P - White Line Erase (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	Selects whether or not white line erase is done. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0: No 1: Yes
4-918*	3	P - White Line Erase (Photo - Grayscale)		0: No 1: Yes
1010	4	P - White Line Erase (Text - Binary)		0: No 1: Yes
	5	P - White Line Erase (Text/Photo - Binary)		0: No 1: Yes
	6	P - White Line Erase (Photo - Binary)		0: No <b>1: Yes</b>
	1	P - Black Line Erase (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the black line erase level. This SP is	0: Disable 1: Strong 2: Weak
	2	P - Black Line Erase (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	effective only scanning the original using the ADF. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0: Disable 1: Strong 2: Weak
	3	P – Black Line Erase (Photo - Grayscale)		0: Disable 1: Strong 2: Weak
	4	P - Black Line Erase (Text - Binary)		0: Disable 1: Strong 2: Weak
4-919*	5	P - Black Line Erase (Text/Photo - Binary)		0: Disable 1: Strong 2: Weak
	6	P - Black Line Erase (Photo - binary)		0: Disable 1: Strong 2: Weak
4-921*	1	P - Smoothing - Main Scan (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the smoothing pattern for the small filter used to remove moiré. (0: Weak, 1: Normal, 2: Strong, 3: Disabled). See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. Normally do not change the value.	0: Pat-1 1: Pat-2 2: Pat-3 3: Through (Disable)

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	2	P - Smoothing - Main Scan (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the smoothing pattern for the small filter used to remove moiré. (0: Weak, 1: Normal, 2: Strong, 3: Disabled). See	0: Pat-1 1: Pat-2 2: Pat-3 3: Through (Disable)
4-921*	3	P - Smoothing - Main Scan (Text - Binary)	"Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	0: Pat-1 1: Pat-2 2: Pat-3 3: Through (Disable)
	4	P - Smoothing - Main Scan (Text/Photo - Binary)		0: Pat-1 1: Pat-2 2: Pat-3 3: Through (Disable)
	1	P - Binary Selection (Text)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting.	<b>0: Dynamic</b> 1: Static
4-922*	2	P - Binary Selection (Text/Photo)	Selects the thresholding type used during gradation processing (dynamic or constant). Only used for binary picture processing. See "Detailed Description - Image Processing" for details. Normally do not change the value.	0: Dynamic 1: Static
4-923*		P - Binary Threshold	Adjusts the constant threshold used during binary picture processing.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Text - Service Mode" original type setting.  If "Static" is selected with SP4-922-1, this SP is effective. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>96</b>
4-924*		P – Binary Threshold - MAX	Adjusts the maximum value of the dynamic binary threshold used at the edges of text elements. Only used for binary picture processing.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Text - Service Mode" original type setting. If "Dynamic Binary" is selected with SP4-922-1, this SP is effective. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>160</b>

	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	P – Binary Threshold - MIN	Adjusts the minimum value of the dynamic binary threshold used at the edges of text elements.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>96</b>
4-925*			Only used for binary picture processing.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Text - Service Mode" original type setting.  If "Dynamic Binary" is selected with SP4-922-1, this SP is effective. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	
4-926*		P - Binary Threshold - Center	Adjusts the threshold in dynamic binary mode for pixels not on edges of text/graphic elements. Only used for binary picture processing.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Text - Service Mode" original type setting. If "Dynamic Binary" is selected with SP4-922-1, this mode is enabled. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>96</b>
	1	P - Smoothing Filter (Photo - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting for Photo mode. Adjusts the smoothing filter	0 ~ 8 1/step 3
4-927*	2	P - Smoothing Filter (Photo – Binary)	level. If "0" is selected, smoothing is disabled. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Weakest Strongest $1-2-0-3-4-5-6-7-8$	0 ~ 8 1/step 7
	1	P - Scanner Gamma (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the scanner gamma curve. If "0" is selected, the scanner gamma curve is either AE or NAE, depending on the setting for the other original types in the same mode (e.g., AE linear for text-greyscale, as used when	0: By key (as selected) 1: AE 2: NAE <b>3: Linear</b> 4: SP
4-928*	2	P - Scanner Gamma (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	pale, normal, or generation modes are selected). See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	0: By key (as selected) 1: AE 2: NAE 3: Linear 4: SP
	3	P - Scanner Gamma (Photo - Grayscale)		0: By key (as selected) 1: AE 2: NAE 3: Linear 4: SP

	Mode No.			
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	4	P - Scanner Gamma (Text - Binary)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects the scanner gamma curve. If "0" is selected, the scanner gamma curve is either AE or NAE, depending on the setting for the other original types in the same mode (e.g., AE linear for text-greyscale, as used when	0: By key (as selected) 1: AE 2: NAE <b>3: Linear</b> 4: SP
4-928*	5	P - Scanner Gamma (Text/Photo - Binary)	pale, normal, or generation modes are selected). See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	0: By key (as selected) 1: AE 2: NAE 3: Linear 4: SP
	6	P - Scanner Gamma (Photo - Binary)		0: By key (as selected) 1: AE 2: NAE 3: Linear 4: SP
	1	P - Matrix Filter (Text - Grayscale)	Selects the error diffusion matrix filter in text mode with grayscale processing.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	6: No.1 <b>7: No.2</b>
	2	P - Matrix Filter (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	Selects the error diffusion matrix filter in text/photo mode with grayscale processing.  See the comment for SP4-929-1.	6: No.1 <b>7: No.2</b>
4-929*	3	P - Matrix Filter (Photo - Grayscale)	Selects the dither matrix filter in photo mode. A larger number increases the number of gradations, but may reduce the contrast.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0: 105 <b>1: 143</b> 2: 210 3: 270
	4	P - Matrix Filter (Text/Photo - Binary)	Selects the error diffusion matrix filter in text/photo mode (this SP is used only with dynamic thresholding).  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	<b>6: No.1</b> 7: No.2

	Mode No.			
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
4-929*	5	P - Matrix Filter (Photo - Binary)	Selects the dither matrix filter in photo mode. A larger number increases the number of gradations, but may reduce the contrast.  5: This is a special dither matrix, designed to emphasize the edges of graphic and text objects  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting.  See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0: 53 1: 105 2: 143 3: 210 4: 270 5: H
4-931*		P - Edge Threshold - Vertical	Adjusts the threshold for edge detection in each direction for dynamic thresholding. Only used for binary picture processing.  This adjustment is only effective for the	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>63</b>
4-932*		P - Edge Threshold - Horizontal	"Text - Service Mode" original type setting. If "Dynamic Binary" is selected with SP4-	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>63</b>
4-933*		P - Edge Threshold - Right	922-1, this SP mode is effective. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>63</b>
4-934*		P - Edge Threshold - Left	Right: Diagonal - top right to bottom left Left: Diagonal - top left to bottom right	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>63</b>
	1	P - Line Width Correction (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Adjusts the line width. If "0" is selected, this	0 ~ 9 1/step <b>0</b>
	2	P - Line Width Correction (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	mode is disabled. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Settings 1 to 3 make lines thinner. 1 has the	0 ~ 9 1/step <b>8</b>
	3	P - Line Width Correction (Photo - Grayscale)	greatest effect.  Settings 4 to 9 make lines thicker. 9 has the	0 ~ 9 1/step <b>0</b>
4-935*	4	P - Line Width Correction (Text - Binary)	greatest effect.  Thinnest Thickest	0 ~ 9 1/step <b>2</b>
	5	P - Line Width Correction (Text/Photo - Binary)	1-2-3-0-4-5-6-7-8-9	0 ~ 9 1/step <b>8</b>
	6	P - Line Width Correction (Photo - Binary)		0 ~ 9 1/step <b>0</b>

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3		T diletion	Johnnyo
	1	P - SBU ADS Setting (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects whether the SBU ADS process is	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
4-936*	2	P - SBU ADS Setting (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	done. If "0" is selected, it depends on whether the user selects ADS at the operation panel. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	3	P - SBU ADS Setting (Photo - Grayscale)	Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	4	P - SBU ADS Setting (Text - Binary)		0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	5	P - SBU ADS Setting (Text/Photo - Binary)		0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	6	P - SBU ADS Setting (Photo - Binary)		0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	1	P - IPU ADS Setting (Text - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. Selects whether the IPU ADS process is	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	2	P - IPU ADS Setting (Text/Photo - Grayscale)	done. If "0" is selected, it depends on whether the user selects ADS at the operation panel. The value of SP4-938 is	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	3	P - IPU ADS Setting (Photo - Grayscale)	subtracted from the white video level.  See "Detailed Description - Image Processing" for details.	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	4	P - IPU ADS Setting (Text – Binary)	Normally do not change the value.	0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
	5	P - IPU ADS Setting (Text/Photo - Binary)		0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF
4-937*	6	P - IPU ADS Setting (Photo - Binary)		0: By key 1: ON 2: OFF

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	P - IPU ADS		
	1	Adjustment		
		(Text - Grayscale) P - IPU ADS		-
		Adjustment		
	2	(Text/Photo -	I	
		Grayscale)	from the white video level.	
		P - IPU ADS		0 ~ 15
	3	Adjustment		1/step
4-938*		(Photo - Grayscale)	Normally do not change the value.	8
		P - IPU ADS		
	4	Adjustment		•
		(Text - Binary)		
	_	P - IPU ADS Adjustment		
	5	(Text/Photo - Binary)		•
		P - IPU ADS		
	6	Adjustment		
		(Photo - Binary)		8
		P - Binary Filter	Selects the binary filter for the independent	0: Non
			dot erase that is done after image	1: 3 x 3
			·	
				3: 5 x 5
4-939*				
			for details.	
			Normally do not change the value.	
		P - ID Gamma		
		Adjustment		
	1	(Text - Grayscale)	1	0 ~ 15 1/step 8 0 ~ 15 1/step 8 0 ~ 15 1/step 8 0 ~ 15 1/step 8 0 ~ 15 1/step 8 0 ~ 15 1/step 8
			"Service Mode" original type setting. Decides how much is subtracted from the white video level. In SP4-937, if "By key" is selected and the user selects ADS mode, or if "ON" is selected, this value is subtracted from the white video level.  See "Detailed Description - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.  Selects the binary filter for the independent dot erase that is done after image processing in text mode.  If "O" is selected this mode is disabled. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.  Selects the ID gamma curve.  Selects the ID gamma curve.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.  Selects the ID gamma curve for error diffusion.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.  Selects the ID gamma curve for error diffusion.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.  Selects the ID gamma curve for error diffusion.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting.  See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.  Selects the ID gamma curve for error diffusion.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting.  See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	
			1	0 ~ 15 1/step 8 0 * Non 1: 3 x 3 2: 4 x 4 3: 5 x 5   0: ch (Text normal) 1: ms (Text Priority) 2: msp (Photo Priority) 3: t3 (Glossy Photo)
		P - ID Gamma		
		Adjustment		(Text
		(Text/Photo -		
		Grayscale)		
			,	
4-940*				
			normany do not onange the value.	
	_			Priority)
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	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
		P - ID Gamma	Selects the ID gamma curve for dithering.	5: 105
	3	Adjustment (Photo - Grayscale)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. Normally do not change the value.	(Coarse Print) 6: 143 (Press Print)
		P - ID Gamma	Selects the ID gamma curve.	0: B&W
	4	Adjustment (Text - Binary)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. Normally do not change the value.	(Sharp text) 1: Linear (Normal text)
		P - ID Gamma	Selects the ID gamma curve for error	1: Norm
4-940*	5	Adjustment (Text/Photo - Binary)	diffusion.  This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.  Normally do not change the value.	(Text) 2: ch (Text Priority) 3: ph (Photo Priority) 4: ph2 (Glossy Photo)
		P - ID Gamma	Selects the ID gamma curve for dithering.	5: 53
	6	Adjustment (Photo - Binary)	This adjustment is only effective for the "Service Mode" original type setting. See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details. Normally do not change the value.	(Coarse Print) 6: 105 (Press Print)
4-942*		White Line Erase	Selects whether or not white line erase is done (for all original modes except "Service Mode").	0: Normal 1: Disable
			See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	
4-943*		Black Line Erase	Selects the black line erase level (for all original modes except "Service Mode"). This SP is effective only when scanning the original using the ADF  See "Detailed Descriptions - Image  Processing" for details	0: Strong 1: Disable 2: Weak
		Indonesia (D.)	Processing" for details.	O. Norres
4-944*		Independent Dot Erase	Selects whether or not independent dot erase is done (for all original modes except "Service Mode").  See "Detailed Descriptions - Image	0: Normal 1: Disable
			Processing" for details.	
4-947*	1	Positive/Negative MTF Coefficient (Main Scan – Binary)	Selects the MTF coefficient for the positive/negative feature in the main scan direction.  This SP is effective only when the value of SP4-401 is "1".	0 ~ 15 1 /step 1

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
4-947*	2	Positive/Negative MTF Coefficient (Sub Scan – Binary)	Selects the MTF coefficient for the positive/negative feature in the sub scan direction.  This SP is effective only when the value of SP4-401 is "1".	0 ~ 15 1 /step <b>2</b>
	3	Positive/Negative MTF Strength (Main Scan – Binary)	Selects the MTF strength for the positive/negative feature in the main scan direction.  This SP is effective only when the value of SP4-401 is "1".	0 ~ 15 1 /step <b>5</b>
	4	Positive/Negative MTF Strength (Sub Scan – Binary)	Selects the MTF strength for the positive/negative feature in the sub scan direction.  This SP is effective only when the value of SP4-401 is "1".	0 ~ 15 1 /step <b>5</b>
	1	Positive/Negative Binary Threshold - MAX	Adjusts the maximum value of the dynamic binary threshold used at the edges of text elements for the positive/negative feature.  This SP is effective when the value of SP4-401 is "1".and "Dynamic Binary" is selected with SP4-922-1.  See "Detailed Descriptions - Image Processing" for details.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>160</b>
4-948*	2	Positive/Negative Binary Threshold - MIN	Adjusts the minimum value of the dynamic binary threshold used at the edges of text elements for the positive/negative feature.  Same comments as for SP4-948-1.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>96</b>
	3	Positive/Negative Binary Threshold - Center	Adjusts the threshold in dynamic binary mode for pixels not on edges of text/graphic elements for the positive/negative feature.  Same comments as for SP4-948-1.	0 ~ 255 1/step <b>96</b>
4-950*		Shading Mode Selection	Selects the scanner shading method in ADF mode.  0: Russian (Do the shading every page.)  1: ADAM (Do the shading at the time specified by SP4-913.)  2: None (This is for the designer's test purposes. Do not select this value.)  This is for the designer's test purposes.  Do not change the value.	0
5-001		All Indicators On	Turns on all indicators on the operation panel.  Press "OK" or the # key to check. Press the (Clear Modes) key to exit this SP mode. The LCD blinks all on and all off every 2 seconds.	
5-103*		Auto Paper Tray Shift	Selects whether or not auto paper tray shift is done.	0: No 1: Yes

	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
		A3/DLT Double Count	Specifies whether the counter is doubled for A3/11" x 17" paper.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-104*			If "Yes" is selected, the total counter (mechanical counter) and the current user code counter counts up twice when A3/11" x 17" paper is used.	
5-106*		ADS Level Selection	Selects the image density level that is used in ADS mode.	1 ~ 7 1 notch/step <b>4</b>
		Option Counter Type		0: None
5-113*			After installing the optional key counter, this SP must be set to "1".	1: Key Counter
5-116*		Key Counter Up Timing	Determines whether the total counter counts up at paper feed-in or at paper exit.	0: Feed In 1: Exit
5-120*		Opt. Counter Reset Setting	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	0: Yes 1: Stand-by 2: None
		DF 180° Image Rotation	Select whether the image is rotated 180° (upside down) in DF mode.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-143			Selects "Yes" when making a copy on a letter headed page when feeding from a paper tray.	
	1	User Code Mode (Copier)	Selects whether the user code feature is enabled in copy mode or not.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
			If this value is changed, the user tool setting is also changed.	
5-401*	2	User Code Mode (Fax)	Selects whether the user code feature is enabled in fax mode or not.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
3-401	2		If this value is changed, the user tool setting is also changed.	
		User Code Mode (Printer)	Selects whether the user code feature is enabled in printer mode or not.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
	3	,	If this value is changed, the user tool setting is also changed.	
		PM Alarm Interval	Sets the PM interval.	1 ~ 255
	1		The value stored in this SP is used when the value of SP5-501-2 and/or -3 is "1".	1k copies /step 120k copies
	2	PM Alarm Mode (Prints)	Selects whether the PM alarm for the number of prints/copies is enabled or not	0: No 1: Yes
5-501*			If this is "1", the PM alarm function is enabled.	
	3	PM Alarm Mode (Original)	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value. Selects whether the PM alarm for the	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
	J		number of scans is enabled or not  If this is "1", the PM alarm function is enabled.	



	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3		TI. 00. ( )	0.055
5-504*		Jam Alarm Setting	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	0 ~ 255 100 copies /step <b>40</b>
5-505*		Error Alarm Setting	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	0 ~ 255 100 copies /step <b>10</b>
	1	Consumable Alarm (Paper)	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-507*	2	Consumable Alarm (Staple)		<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
	3	Consumable Alarm (Toner)		<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
	1	CE Call (Jam Level 1)	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	
5-508*	2	CE Call (Jam Level 2)		
	3	CE Call (Door Open)		
5-801		Memory All Clear	Resets all software counters. Also, returns all modes and adjustments to the default settings (except for the machine serial number, SP5-811).  After selecting "1", press the "Original Type" key and the ## key at the same time to clear the memory.  If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.  See the "Memory All Clear" section for how to use this SP mode correctly.  Normally, this SP mode should not be used.  It is used only after replacing the NVRAM or when the copier malfunctions due to a damaged NVRAM.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-802		Free Run	Performs a free run for both the scanner and the printer.  After selecting "1", press "OK" or the # key twice to start this feature. Press the (Clear/Stop) key to stop.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-803		Input Check	Displays signals received from sensors and switches.  Press the (Clear Modes) key to exit the program. See the "Input Check" section for details.	
5-804		Output Check	Turns on electrical components individually for test purposes.  See the "Output Check" section for details.	

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
5-807*		Display Language Group	This SP is effective only for the European version. Selects the display language group. See "Display language" for details. The actual display language can be selected using SP5-808.	1: Option 1 2: Option 2
5-808*		Display Language	Selects the display language. See "Display language" for details. For the European version, the display languages are divided into the language groups of SP5-807.	
5-809*		mm/inch Selection	Selects whether mm or inches are used in the display.	Eur./Asia model 0: mm 1: inch American model 0: inch 1: mm
5-810		SC Code Reset	Resets all level A service call conditions, such as fusing errors.  After selecting "1", press the "Original Type" key and the ## key at the same time to reset the SC codes.  If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.  After performing this SP mode, turn the machine's main switch off and on.  See "Troubleshooting - Service Call Conditions" for how to use this mode.	0: No 1: Yes
5-811		Serial Number Input	Use to input the machine serial number. (This is normally done at the factory.)  This serial number will be printed on the SMC report. See the "Serial Number Input" section for details.	
	1	Service Telephone Number (Telephone)	Use this to input the telephone number of the service representative (this is displayed when a service call condition occurs).  Press the key if you need to input a pause (–). Press the (Clear/Stop) key to delete the telephone number.	
5-812*	2	Service Telephone Number (Facsimile)	Use this to input the fax number which will be printed on the user counter report.  Press the key if you need to input a pause (–). Press the (Clear/Stop) key to delete the telephone number.	
5-816*		CSS Function	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes

	М	ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
5-817	1	CE Start/Finish Call (CE Start Call)	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
0 017	2	CE Start/Finish Call (CE Finish Call)		
5-821		CSS-PI Device Code	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-824		NVRAM Data Upload	Uploads SP and UP mode data (except for counters and the serial number) from the flash memory on the BICU board to a flash memory card.  This SP can be used when a flash memory card is plugged into the machine. See the "NVRAM Data Upload" section for details.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-825		NVRAM Data Download	Downloads SP mode data from a flash memory card to the flash memory on the BICU board.  This SP can be used when a flash memory card is plugged into the machine. See the "NVRAM Data Download" section for details.	0: No 1: Yes
5-826		Program Upload	Uploads the system program from the flash memory on the BICU board to a flash memory card.  This SP can be used when a flash memory card is plugged into the machine. See the "Program Upload" section for details.	0: No 1: Yes
5-827		Program Download	Downloads the system program from a flash memory card to the flash memory on the BICU board.  This SP can be used when a flash memory card is plugged into the machine. See the "Program Download" section for details.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-901		Printer Free Run	Performs a printer free run.  After selecting "1", press "OK" or the (#) key twice to start this feature. Press the (Clear/Stop) key to stop.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-902		Test Pattern Print	Prints a test pattern.  See the "Test Pattern Printing" section for how to print a test pattern.  Change to the copy mode display by pressing the <= (Interrupt) key, then print out the test pattern.	
5-903*		LCD Contrast Adjustment	Adjusts the contrast of the LCD on the operation panel.	0 ~ 7 1 /step 3
5-904*		Auto Off Timer Setting	Adjusts the auto off mode timer (also used for night mode if a fax or printer option is installed).  If this value is changed, the user tool setting is also changed.	1 ~ 240 1 min/step <b>60 min</b>
5-905*		CSS 25 Hours Off Detection	This SP is for Japan only. Do not change the value.	

	Ma	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
			Inputs the fan control time for stand-by and night mode.	30 ~ 120 1 s /step
5-906*	1	Exhaust Fan Control Timer (Stand-by/Night Mode)	The fan slows down after this time has passed since the end of a job or enters energy saver mode.  The fan stops after this time has passed since any of the following conditions occurred:	30 s
			<ul> <li>After entering night mode (fax/printer installed)</li> <li>After entering an SC condition.</li> </ul>	
		Exhaust Fan Control	Inputs the fan control timer for low power	0 ~ 180
	•	Timer	mode.	1 s /step
	2	(Low Power Mode)	The fan stops after this time has passed	180 s
			since the machine entered low power mode.	
		Plug & Play Setting	Selects the brand name and the production name for the Plug and Play function of Windows 95/98.  These are registered in the NVRAM. If the NVRAM is defective, these names should be registered again.	
5-907			be registered again.  Set this SP to 1. Then press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" key or "bkey at the same time to register the setting. If the setting was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will	
			sound only twice.  If the setting is completed, a "*" mark will be displayed before the selection.	
5-908*		LCT Paper Size	Selects the paper size for the LCT.  Use this SP after changing the paper size in the optional LCT (i.e., after changing the side plate position for the LCT).	0: A4 (Eur./Asia model) 1: LT (American model)
5-909*		24V Down Setting (Night Mode)	Selects whether or not the 24V supplies are cut while night mode is active.  Set this to '1' if the customer wishes to check the machine conditions displayed on the operation panel LED (such as paper end) while night mode is active.	0: 24V down 1: 24V supplied
5-911*		APS A4/LT Sideways Priority	Specifies whether the machine selects LT sideways or lengthwise paper if the original is A4. In inch models, if "Yes" is selected, LT sideways or lengthwise is selected automatically when the APS sensors detect an A4 sideways or lengthwise original. In mm models, if "Yes" is selected, A4 sideways or lengthwise is selected automatically when the APS sensors detect an LT sideways or lengthwise original.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes

Mode No.				
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	DOLL Alexan Optica	Outside the BOIL street	0.11
5-912*	1	PCU Alarm Setting (Display)	Selects whether the PCU alarm message (Change Photoconductor Unit) blinks when the PCU alarm interval expires.	0: No 1: Yes
			When installing the machine, if the customer requires that the PCU alarm message blink, select "1". If set to "0", there will be no message.	
	2	PCU Alarm Setting (Interval)	Sets the PCU alarm interval.  When the machine reaches this value, the PCU alarm will be displayed on the LCD to inform the user. Only used if SP5-912-1 is at "1".	1~ 255 1k copies/step <b>60k copies</b>
5-913		UP Mode Data Reset	Resets the user tool data.  Except for the user codes, key operator code, and key operator printer counter.  Set this SP to 1. Then press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" key or "key at the same time to reset the data. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	0: No 1: Yes
5-914*		Printer Counter Display	Selects whether the printer counter is displayed in the LCD or not.  If this is "0", it does not display or print out in the counter print out.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-916		Language UK/TW Priority	Asia and Taiwan versions only. Select the default language of SP5-808. This value will not reset when Memory All Clear (SP5-801) is done.	0: UK (Asia version) 1: TW (Taiwan version)
5-925		Serial Number Display	Displays the serial number.	,
5-930*		Fax Forwarding Mode	Selects whether the fax mode key is accepted when an SC has occurred.  When an SC occurs while there are received fax messages in the SAF memory, change the value to "1". Then access facsimile mode. Then forward the incoming data to another fax machine by using the fax mode bit switches.	0: No 1: Yes
5-932		BICU Software Upload (for designer)	This SP is for designers only. Do not perform this SP.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-933		BICU Software Download (for designer)	This SP is for designers only. Do not perform this SP.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-940*		Image Rotation Mode	Selects whether the image can be rotated or not.	<b>0: Enabled</b> 1: Disabled
5-941*		Duplex Blank Page	Selects whether the blank page is made on the front side or back side when duplex copy mode is selected.	0: Back

	Me	ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
5-944*		APS Mode Setting	Selects whether APS mode is selected as the power-up default.	0: Disabled 1: Enabled
5-946*		Auto Off Disabling	Selects whether auto off is disabled when there are sheets in the exit tray.  If the LED does not light when paper enters the tray, the user cannot see easily if paper is there or not.  1: For machines with no fax/printer option, the machine does not do auto off (with the fax/printer option, the machine will go to night mode but the LED still works).  0: For machines with a fax/printer option, the machine does not light the exit tray LED even in night mode.	0: No 1: Yes
5-950*		By-pass LG Size Detection	For American models only Selects whether the machine can detect LG paper or LT paper in the by-pass tray.	0: No 1: Yes
5-951*		Inter Leaves Count Setting	Selects the interleave count when interleave mode is selected with User Tools (System Settings - Print Priority). In interleave mode, the machine will print 5 pages of one job, then 5 pages of the other job, and so on.	1 ~ 20 1 pages/step <b>5 pages</b>
5-952*		Paper Type Reset (By-pass Tray)	Selects the paper type for the by-pass tray at power-up or after pressing the key.  If this is "2", the previously used paper type will be selected.	0: Thick 1: Plain 2: Hold
5-991		VRAM Data Download	This is for the designer's test purposes.  Do not change the value.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
5-992		SMC Printing	Prints the machine status history data list. See the "SMC data Lists" section for how to print the lists.  "5" is for facsimile transmission.	1: SP 2: UP 3: Log 4: All 5: Big Font
	1	ADF Registration (Side-to-Side)	Adjusts the side-to-side registration in the ADF mode.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-7.0 ~ +9.5 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
6-006*	2	ADF Registration (Leading Edge)	Adjusts the leading edge registration in the ADF mode.  Use the (**) key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-5.0 ~ +5.0 0.1 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	1000		
e 00e*	3	ADF Registration (Trailing Edge Erase)	Adjusts the trailing edge erase margin in the ADF mode.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-3.0 ~ +3.0 0.1 mm/step -1.0 mm
6-006*	4	ADF Registration (Side-to-Side/Rear)	Adjusts the side-to-side registration on the rear side of the original in the ADF mode.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-7.0 ~ +9.5 0.5 mm/step <b>0.0 mm</b>
6-007*		ADF Sub-scan Magnification	Adjusts the magnification in the sub-scan direction for ADF mode.  Use the key to toggle between + and - before entering the value. See "Replacement and Adjustment - Copy Adjustment" for details.	-0.9 ~ +0.9 0.1%/step <b>0.0%</b>
6-009		ADF Free Run	Performs an ADF free run in duplex scanning mode.  After selecting "1", press "OK" or the "key twice then set the paper to start this feature.  Press the © (Clear/Stop) key to stop.	0: No 1: Yes
6-010*		Stamp Position Adjustment	Adjusts the stamp position in the sub-scan direction in fax mode.	-10 ~ +10 1 mm/step <b>0 mm</b>
6-901		ADF APS Data Display	Displays the status of the original size sensors in the ADF.  See the "DF APS Original Sensor Output Display" section.	
6-902*		ADF Scanning Method	Selects the original scanning method in ADF mode.  Do not change the setting.	0: Doc (original) 1: Mag (copy paper size + magnificatio n)
6-905*		ARDF Skew Correction	Selects whether the skew correction is done or not when the ARDF feeds the rear side of the original.	0: No 1: Yes
6-906*		ARDF Original Curl Adjustment	Adjusts the amount of original buckle at the ARDF registration roller when the ARDF feeds the rear side of the original.  This SP mode is only effective when SP 6-905 is at "1".	-20 ~ +20 1 mm/step <b>0 mm</b>
6-910		ADF/Printer Free Run	This SP is for the designers only do not perform this SP mode.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes

Mode No.		ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
		Binding Hole Range	Selects the range for which binding holes in	0 ~ 20
			originals are ignored.	1 mm/step
			If set at "0", this function is disabled.	12 mm
			An original jam may occur when an original	
6-911*			with binding holes is fed, because these	
0-311			holes are detected by the sensors. Use this	
			SP to avoid this problem. For example,	
			when this value is set to "12 mm", this	
			machine ignores binding holes within 12 mm	
			of the trailing edge of the original.	
7-001*		Total Operation	Displays the total operation time (total drum	
		Time	rotation time).	
	1	Total Original	Displays the total number of scanned	
		Counter (All Modes)	originals (all modes).	
7-002*	2	Total Original	Displays the total number of scanned	
7 002		Counter (Copier)	originals (copy mode only).	
	3	Total Original	Displays the total number of scanned	
		Counter (Fax)	originals (fax mode only).	
	1	Total Print Counter	Displays the total number of prints (all	
		(All Modes)	modes).	
	2	Total Print Counter	Displays the total number of prints (copier	
7-003*		(Copier)	mode).	
	3	Total Print Counter	Displays the total number of prints (fax	
		(Fax)	mode).	
	4	Total Print Counter	Displays the total number of prints (printer	
		(Printer)	mode).	
7-004*		CE Counter Setting	This SP mode is effective only when the CSS board is installed.	
7-004			Do not change the value.	
		Copy Counter -	Displays the total number of copies by paper	
	1	Paper Size (A3)	size.	
		Copy Counter -	0120.	
	2	Paper Size (B4)		
	3	Copy Counter -		
		Paper Size (A4)		
	4 Copy Counter - Paper Size (B5)			
- 4045	_	Copy Counter -		
7-101*	5	Paper Size (DLT)		
		Copy Counter -		
	6	Paper Size (LG)		
	7	Copy Counter -		
	7	Paper Size (LT)		
	0	Copy Counter -		
	8	Paper Size (HLT)		
	9	Copy Counter -		
	9	Paper Size (Others)		
7-201*		Total Scan Counter	Displays the total number of scanned	
1-201			originals.	
7-204*	1	Copy Counter -	Displays the total number of copies fed from	
, 204	1	Paper Tray (1st)	each paper feed station.	

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			J
	2	Copy Counter -	Displays the total number of copies fed from	
	2	Paper Tray (2nd)	each paper feed station.	
	3	Copy Counter -		
	3	Paper Tray (3rd)		
	4	Copy Counter -		
7-204*	-	Paper Tray (4th)		
		Copy Counter -		
	5	Paper Tray (By-		
		pass)		
	6	Copy Counter -		
		Paper Tray (Duplex)	Diaplays the total number of originals fod by	
7-205*		Total ADF Counter	Displays the total number of originals fed by the ADF.	
	1	Copy Counter - Mag.	Displays the total number of copies by	
		(25%~49%)	reproduction ratio and magnification.	
	2	Copy Counter - Mag.		
		(50%~99%)		
	3	Copy Counter - Mag. (Full Size)		
		Copy Counter - Mag.		
	4	(101%~200%)		
		Copy Counter - Mag.		
7-301*	5	(201%~400%)		
		Copy Counter - Mag.		
	6	(Direct Mag.)		
	7	Copy Counter - Mag.		
		(Direct Size Mag.)		
	8	Copy Counter - Mag.		
		(Size Mag.)		
	9	Copy Counter - Mag.		
		(Fiex Mag.) Copy Counter –	Displays the total number of copies by	
	1	Image Edit	image editing mode.	
	•	(All Modes)	No.2, 4, 5, 7, and 9 are for the Japanese	
	2	Copy Counter –	version only.	
		Image Edit		
		(Mirror)		
		Copy Counter –		
	3	Image Edit		
		(Posi./Nega.)	-	
7-303*	4	Copy Counter – Image Edit		
7-303"	4	(Shard)		
		Copy Counter –		
	5	Image Edit		
		(Outline)		
		Copy Counter –		
	6	Image Edit		
		(Image Repeat)		
	7	Copy Counter –		
	7	Image Edit (Double Copy)		
		(Double Coby)		

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			_
	8	Copy Counter – Image Edit (Overlay)	Displays the total number of copies by image editing mode.  No.2, 4, 5, 7, and 9 are for the Japanese	
7-303*	9	Copy Counter – Image Edit (Shard Pattern)	version only.	
	1	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Text)	Displays the total number of copies by copy mode.	
	2	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Text/Photo)		
	3	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Photo)		
	4	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Duplex)		
	5	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Double Sided Original)		
	6	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Combine)		
	7	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Series Copy)		
7-304*	8	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Erase)		
7-304	9	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Preset Stamp)		
	10	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Page Number)		
	11	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Cover Sheet)		
	12	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (OHP Slip Sheet)		
	13	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Sort)		
	14	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (Staple)		
	15	Copy Counter - Copy Mode (ADF)		

	М	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
	1	Copy Counter -	Displays the total number of series copies.	
		Copy Q'ty (1 to 1)		
		Copy Counter -		
	2	Copy Q'ty (1 to 2 ~		
		5)		
	3	Copy Counter - Copy Q'ty (1 to 6 ~		
7-305*	3	10)		
		Copy Counter -		
	4	Copy Q'ty (1 to 11 ~		
		20)		
		Copy Counter -		
	5	Copy Q'ty (1 to 21 ~		
		99)		
7-401*		Total SC Counter	Displays the total number of service calls that have occurred.	
		Each SC Code		0: No
7-402*		Counter	Displays the total number of each service call that has occurred.	1: Yes
7-501*		Total Jam Counter	Displays the total number of jams.	1. 100
		Total Paper Jam	Displays the total number of paper jams.	
7-502*		Counter	Ziopiayo ino total nambol ol papol jamio.	
7-503*		Total Original Jam	Displays the total number of original jams.	
7 000		Counter		
	4	Total Jams by	Displays the total number of paper jams by	
	1	Location (A Jam)	location.	
		Total Jams by		
	2	Location		
		(B Jam)		
		Total Jams by		
	3	Location		
		(C Jam)		
	4	Total Jams by Location		
	4	(D Jam)		
		Total Jams by		
7-504*	5	Location		
		(R Jam)		
		Total Jams by		
	6	Location		
		(Y Jam)		
	7	Total Jams by Location		
	,	(Z Jam)		
		Total Jams by		
	8	Location		
		(1st)		
		Total Jams by		
	9	Location		
		(2nd)		

	Mo	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			J
		Total Jams by	Displays the total number of paper jams by	
	10	Location	location.	
		(3rd)		
		Total Jams by		
	11	Location		
7-504*		(4 h)		
		Total Jams by		
	12	Location		
		(By-pass)	-	
	13	Total Jams by Location		
	13	(Duplex Unit)		
		ROM	Displays the ROM version.	
	1	Version/Connection	NOTE: SP7-801-5 and 14 are used only	
	-	(Main Control)	for the Japanese version.	
		ROM	1	
	2	Version/Connection		
		(BiCU)		
		ROM		
	3	Version/Connection		
		(FAX Control)		
	4	ROM		
	4	Version/Connection (Printer Control)		
		ROM	-	
	5	Version/Connection		
		(ANITA)		
		ROM		
	6	Version/Connection		
		(Scanner)		
	_	ROM		
7-801	7	Version/Connection		
		(Duplex)	-	
	8	ROM Version/Connection		
	O	(ADF)		
		ROM	1	
	9	Version/Connection		
		(Finisher)		
		ROM		
	10	Version/Connection		
		(PI)		
	4.4	ROM		
	11	Version/Connection		
		(Memory)	-	
	12	Version/Connection		
	12	(1 Bin Tray)		
		ROM	1	
	13	Version/Connection		
		(Paper Tray Unit)		

	М	ode No.		
Class 1 and 2	Class 3		Function	Settings
7-801	14	ROM Version/Connection (Image Edit)	Displays the ROM version.  NOTE: SP7-801-5 and 14 are used only for the Japanese version.	
7-803*		PM Counter Display	Displays the PM counter since the last PM.	
7-804		PM Counter Resets	Resets the PM counter.  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or "key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	0: No 1: Yes
7-807		SC/Jam Counter Reset	Resets the SC and jam counters.  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or "key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
7-808		Resets Counters	Resets the counters except for the total counter (SP7-003) and the timer counter (SP7-991).  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or # key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
7-810		Key Operator Code Reset	Resets the key operator code.  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or "key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	0: No 1: Yes
7-825		Total Counter Reset	Resets the electrical total counter.  Usually, this SP mode is done at installation. This SP mode is effective only once, when the counter has a negative value. After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or "key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	0: No 1: Yes
7-901*		SC History Display	Displays the last twenty SC codes that have occurred.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes

	Me	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3	SC History Clear	Resets the SC history.	0: No
7-902			After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or " key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	1: Yes
7-903*		Copy Jam History Display	Displays the copy jams that have occurred.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
		Copy Jam History Clear	Resets the copy jam history.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
7-904			After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or " key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	
7-905		Orig. Jam History Display	Displays the original jams that have occurred.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
7-906		Orig. Jam History Clear	Resets the original jam history.  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or " key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	0: No 1: Yes
7-907		Timer Counter Reset	Resets the timer counter (SP7-991).  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or "key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
7-908*		PCU Counter Display	Displays the value of the PCU counter (number of copies since the last PCU change).	
7-909		PCU Counter Reset	Resets the PCU counter.  After selecting "1", press down the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or " key at the same time to reset the counters. If the reset was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice	<b>0: No</b> 1: Yes
7-910		Jam Code Display	Displays the jam codes. The order of the jam display is as follows.  Newest paper jam code  Newest original jam code  Paper jam codes (in numerical order)  Original jam codes (in numerical order)	

ä	S
¥	<u> </u>
2	q
0	œ.
S	

	Мо	ode No.		
Class	Class		Function	Settings
1 and 2	3			
7-911		ID Sensor Error	Displays the number of ID sensor errors that	
7-911		Counter Display	have occurred.	
7-912		ID Sensor Error	Resets the ID sensor error counter.	0: No
7-912		Counter Reset		1: Yes
7-991*		Timer Counter	Displays the total time that the main switch	
7-991		Display	has been turned on.	

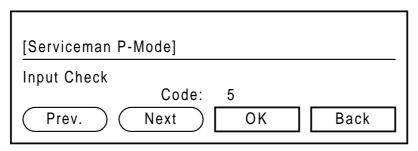
## 4.2.3 TEST PATTERN PRINTING (SP4-417 AND SP5-902)

- 1. Input the level 3 number for the test pattern you need.
- 2. Press the <₹ (Interrupt) key on the display to access the copy mode display.
- 3. Select the required copy features such as paper size, image density, and reproduction ratio.
- 4. Press the ® key to print the test pattern.
- 5. After checking the test pattern, exit copy mode by pressing the <₹ (Interrupt) key again.
- 6. Exit SP mode.

No.	Test Pattern (SP4-417)
0	No Print
1	Vertical Lines (single dot)
2	Horizontal Lines (single dot)
3	Vertical Lines (double dots)
4	Horizontal Lines (double dots)
5	Alternating Dot Pattern
6	Grid Pattern (single dot)
7	Vertical Stripes
8	Grayscales (Horizontal)
9	Grayscales (Vertical)
10	ID Patch
11	Cross Pattern
12	Argyle Pattern
13	Trimming Area
14	Vertical Lines (double dots) - SBU
15	Grid Pattern (single dot) - SBU
16	16 Grayscales - SBU

No.	Test Pattern (SP5-902)
0	No Print
1	Vertical Lines (single dot)
2	Horizontal Lines (single dot)
3	Vertical Lines (double dots)
4	Horizontal Lines (double dots)
5	Grid Pattern (single dot)
6	Grid Pattern (double dots)
7	Alternating Dot Pattern
8	Full Dot Pattern
9	Black Band
10	Trimming Area
11	Argyle Pattern
12	Grayscales (Horizontal)
13	Grayscales (Vertical)
14	Grayscales (Vert./Hor.)
15	Grayscales (Vert./Hor. Overlay)
16	Grayscales with white lines
10	(Horizontal)
17	Grayscales with white lines
	(Vertical)
18	Grayscales with white lines
	(Vert./Hor.)

## 4.2.4 INPUT CHECK (SP5-803)



A250M501.WMF

- 1. Access SP mode 5-803.
- 2. Select the number that will access the switch or sensor you wish to check (see the table below).
- 3. Check the status of the sensor or switch.
- 4. If you wish to check the signal during a copy cycle, select the required copy modes, then press the Start key. After that, re-enter the SP mode to monitor the signal.
- 5. The LCD panel will display "00H" or "01H". The meaning of the display is as follows.

#### Input Check Table

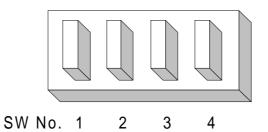
Number	Description	Read	ding
Number	Description	00H	01H
0	Not used		
1	Front cover safety switch	Closed	Opened
2	Front cover safety switch – LD5 V	Closed	Opened
3	Right cover switch	Closed	Opened
4	Right lower cover switch	Closed	Opened
5	Tray Cover (optional paper tray unit)	Closed	Opened
6	Duplex unit open switch (Optional duplex unit)	Closed	Opened
7	Right upper cover switch	Closed	Opened
8	Right guide switch (Optional bridge unit)	Closed	Opened
9	Left guide switch (Optional bridge unit)	Closed	Opened
10	Not used		
11	Paper overflow sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected
12 ~ 15	Not used		
16	Upper relay sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected
17	Lower relay sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected
18	Vertical transport sensor (Optional paper tray unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected

Nunch a :	Department	Reading		
Number	Description	00H	01H	
19	Registration sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
20	Paper exit sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
21	Exit sensor (Optional interchange unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
22	Duplex entrance sensor (Optional duplex unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
23	Duplex exit sensor (Optional Duplex unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
24	Relay sensor (Optional bridge unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
25	Tray exit sensor (Optional bridge unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
26	Paper end sensor (optional bypass tray)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
27	Paper size sensor sensor (optional bypass tray)	See T	able 2	
28 ~ 29	Not used			
30	Special paper switch	Off	On	
31	Upper paper end sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
32	Lower paper end sensor	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
33	Upper paper size switch	See T	able 1	
34	Lower paper size switch	See Table 1		
35	1st paper height sensors	See Table 3		
36	2nd paper height sensors	See Table 3		
37	Upper paper end sensor (or right tray end sensor for the LCT) (Optional paper tray unit or LCT)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
38	Lower paper end sensor (Optional paper tray unit)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
39	Upper paper size switch (Optional paper tray unit or LCT)	See Table 1 (for paper tray unit) 01: A4, 02: LT (for LCT – there is no sensor)		
40	Lower paper size switch (Optional paper tray unit)	See T	able 1	
41	Upper paper height sensor (Optional paper tray unit or LCT)	See Table 3		
42	Lower paper height sensor (Optional paper tray unit)	See Table 3		
43	Upper paper lift (limit) sensor Paper not at Paper		Paper at correct height	
44	Lower limit sensor (Optional LCT)	Tray is not down	Tray is down	
45	Rear fence H.P sensor (Optional LCT)	Not home position	At home position	
46	Rear fence return sensor (Optional LCT)	Not return position	At return position	
47	Side fence closed sensor (Optional LCT)	Not detected	Detected	

Number Description		Reading		
Number	Description	00H	01H	
48	Side fence open sensor (Optional LCT)	Not detected	Detected	
49	Left tray paper end sensor (Optional LCT)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
50	Tray set switch(Optional LCT)	Off	On	
51	Paper sensor (Optional 1 Bin tray)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
52	Not used			
53	PCU set signal (a shorted connection in the ID sensor cable)	Not set	Set	
54	New PCU detect switch	Used PCU	New PCU	
55	Paper tray unit type (Optional paper tray unit)	See T		
56	Paper tray unit installed	Not installed	Installed	
57	1-bin sorter installed	Not installed	Installed	
58	BICU installed	Not installed	Installed	
59	Bridge unit installed	Not installed	Installed	
60	Shift tray unit installed	Not installed	Installed	
61	By-pass tray installed	Not installed	Installed	
62	Duplex unit installed	Not installed	Installed	
63	Fusing unit installed	Not installed	Installed	
64	Interchange unit installed	Not installed	Installed	
65	Finisher installed	Not installed	Installed	
66	Not used			
67	1st paper lift sensor	Paper not at correct height	Paper at correct height	
68	2nd paper lift sensor	Paper not at correct height	Paper at correct height	
69	Lower paper lift sensor (Optional paper tray unit)	Paper not at correct height	Paper at correct height	
70	Not used			
71	Main motor lock	Off	On	
72	Polygonal mirror motor lock	Off	On	
73	Tray motor lock (Optional paper tray unit)	Off	On	
74	Exhaust fan motor lock	Off	On	
76	Total (mechanical) counter installed	Not installed	Installed	
77	Not used			
78	Key counter installed (Optional key counter)	Not installed	Installed	
79 ~ 80	Not used			
81	Laser synchronization signal	Not detected	Detected	
82	LD error	No error	Error	
83 ~ 89	Not used			
90	DF position sensor (Optional ADF)	Closed	Opened	

Number	Description	Reading		
Number	Description	00H	01H	
91	Feed cover open sensor (Optional ADF)	Closed	Opened	
92	Original set sensor (Optional ADF)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
93	Registration sensor (Optional ADF)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
94	Original trailing edge sensor (Optional ADF)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
95	Original exit sensor (Optional ADF)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
96	Original reverse sensor (Optional ADF)	Paper not detected	Paper detected	
97 ~ 98	Not used			
99	Platen cover sensor	Closed	Opened	

Table 1: Paper Size Switch (Main Frame)



A250M002.WMF

Number	SW 1	SW 2	SW 3	SW 4	SP Value	Paper Size
	0	0	0	0	00H	_
	0	0	1	0	04H	A4 Sideways
	0	0	1	1	0CH	A4 Lengthwise
43, 34, 39, 40	0	1	0	1	0AH	11" x 17"
	0	1	1	1	0EH	11" x 81/2"
	1	0	0	0	01H	81/2" x 11"
	1	0	1	0	05H	* (Asterisk)
	1	1	0	0	03H	81/2" x 14"
	1	1	1	1	0FH	A3

1: Pushed

Service Tables

Table 2: By-pass Paper Size Sensor

Number	SP Value	Paper Size		
Number	Sr value	mm	inches	
	01H	A3	11" x 17"	
	03H	_	11" x 17"	
	02H	A4 Lengthwise	81/2" x 11"	
27	06H	8" x 13"	_	
	04H	A5 Lengthwise	51/2" x 81/2"	
	0CH			
	08H	_	_	

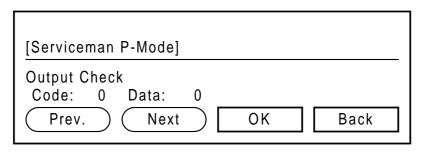
Table 3: Paper Height Sensors

Number	SP Value	Paper Amount
	00H	100%
35, 36,	01H	70 ~ 75%
41, 42	02H	Near-end
	03H	25 ~ 30%

Table 4: Paper Tray Unit Set Sensor

Number SP Value		Unit Installed
	00H	None
55	10H	LCT
	20H	Paper tray unit (2 trays)

## 4.2.5 OUTPUT CHECK (SP5-804)



A250M502.WMF

**CAUTION:** To prevent mechanical or electrical damage, do not keep an electrical component on for a long time.

- 1. Access SP mode 5-804.
- 2. Select the SP number that corresponds to the component you wish to check (see the table below), then press "OK" or the (#) key.
- 3. Press "1", then press "OK" or the # key to check that component.
- 4. To interrupt the test, exit the SP mode.
- 5. If you wish to check another component, re-enter the SP mode.

#### Output Check Table

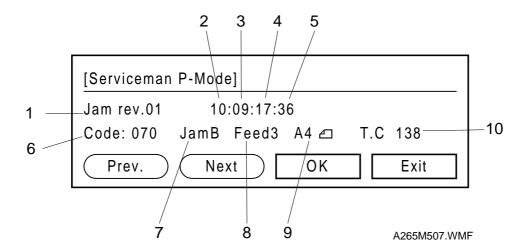
**NOTE:** Pull out the tray before performing the output checks from 29 to 32.

Number	Description		
0	Not used		
1	Main motor (forward)		
2	Main motor (Reverse) <b>Do not use</b>		
3	Registration clutch		
4	Not used		
5	Toner supply motor		
6	Not used		
7 ~ 8	Not used		
9	Exhaust fan (High Speed)		
10	Exhaust fan (Low Speed)		
11	Not used		
12	By-pass feed clutch		
13	Upper paper feed clutch		
14	Lower paper feed clutch		
15	Upper paper lift motor (Up)		
16	Upper paper lift motor (Down)		
17	Lower paper lift motor (Up)		
18	Lower paper lift motor (Down)		

Number	Description
19	Lower paper lift motor (Up) (Optional paper tray unit)
20	Lower paper lift motor (Down) (Optional paper tray unit)
21	Upper relay clutch
22	Lower relay clutch
23	Relay clutch (Optional paper tray unit)
24 ~ 25	Not used
26	Upper paper feed clutch (Optional paper tray unit)
27	Lower paper feed clutch (Optional paper tray unit)
28	Tray motor (Optional paper tray unit)
	Upper Paper lift motor (Up) (Optional paper tray unit or
29	LCT)
30	Rear fence motor (forward) (Optional LCT)
	Upper paper lift motor (Down) (Optional paper tray unit
31	or LCT)
32	Rear fence motor (reverse (Optional LCT)
33	Side fence solenoid (Optional LCT)
34	Shift tray motor (Optional shift tray)
35	Not used
36	Exit junction gate (Optional interchange unit)
37	Duplex junction gate (Optional interchange unit)
38 ~ 39	Not used
40	Duplex inverter motor (Reverse) (Optional duplex unit)
41	Duplex inverter motor (Forward) (Optional duplex unit)
42	Duplex transport motor (Optional duplex unit)
43	Inverter gate solenoid (Optional duplex unit)
44	Not used
45	Bridge cooling fan motor (Optional bridge unit)
46	Bridge unit drive motor (Optional bridge unit)
47	Junction gate solenoid (Optional bridge unit)
48 ~ 49	Not used
50	1-bin tray LED
51	Polygonal mirror motor
52	Polygonal mirror motor and laser diode
53	Laser diode - <b>Do not use</b>
54	Junction gate solenoid (Optional 1-bin Sorter)
54 ~ 79	Not used
80	Duplex unit free run (without paper)
81	Duplex unit free run (with paper)
82 ~ 89	Not used
90	DF transport motor (Optional ADF)
91	DF feed motor (Optional ADF)
92	DF feed clutch (Optional ADF)
93	DF pick-up solenoid (Optional ADF)
94	Stamp solenoid (Optional ADF)
95	DF junction gate solenoid (Optional ADF)
96 ~ 99	Not used

## 4.2.6 COPY JAM HISTORY DISPLAY (SP7-903)

After entering the SP mode, select "1" and press the "OK" or "key. The LCD panel will display the following message.



- 1. Jam history number
- 2. Main motor operating time: Date
- 3. Hour
- 4. Minute
- 5. Second

- 6. Jam code (see the table below)
- 7. Jam location
- 8. Paper feed station
- 9. Paper size
- 10. Total counter value at the jam occurred.

Jam Code	Meaning
001	Jams at power on.
010	Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from paper tray unit)
011	Paper does not reach the 1st relay sensor.
030	Paper does not reach the 2nd relay sensor.
031	Paper does not reach the 3rd relay sensor.
032	Paper does not reach the LCT feed sensor.
050	Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from by-pass unit)
070	Paper caught at the registration sensor.
121	Paper does not reach the exit sensor.
122	Paper caught at the exit sensor.
123	Paper does not reach the duplex entrance sensor.
124	Paper caught at the duplex entrance sensor.
125	Paper does not reach the duplex exit sensor.
131	Paper does not reach the bridge exit sensor.
132	Paper caught at the bridge exit sensor.
133	Paper does not reach the bridge relay sensor.
134	Paper caught at the bridge relay sensor.
149	Paper does not reach the 1 bin exit sensor
150	Paper caught at the 1 bin exit sensor.

160	Paper does not reach the finisher entrance sensor.
161	Paper caught at the finisher entrance sensor.
162	Paper does not reach the finisher exit sensor.
163	Paper caught at the finisher exit sensor.
164	Paper does not reach the staple tray.
165	Paper stays in the staple tray.

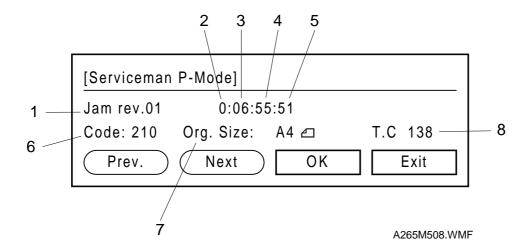
**NOTE:** The NVRAM can store data for up to 10 copy jams. If more than 10 copy jams occur, the oldest data is erased.

### 4.2.7 SMC DATA LISTS (SP5-992)

- 1. Access SP mode 5-992 and select the number corresponding to the list that you wish to print.
- 2. Press the < ☐ (Interrupt) key on the operation panel to access the copy mode display.
- 3. Select the paper size.
- 4. Press the (Start) key on the operation panel to print the list.
- 5. After printing the list, exit copy mode by pressing the < ♥ (Interrupt) key on the operation panel.
- 6. Exit SP mode.

### 4.2.8 ORIGINAL JAM HISTORY DISPLAY (SP7-905)

After entering the SP mode, select "1" and press the "OK" or # key. The following message is displayed.



- 1. Jam history number
- 2. Main motor operating time: Date
- 3. Hour
- 4. Minute

- 5. Second
- 6. Jam code (see the table below)
- 7. Original size
- 8. Total counter value at the original jam occurred.

Jam Code	Meaning
210	Original does not reach the registration sensor.
211	Original caught at the registration sensor.
212	Original does not reach the feed-out sensor.
213	Original caught at the feed-out sensor.
214	Original does not reach the inverter sensor.
215	Original caught at the inverter sensor.
216	Short interval between originals.
218	No original at the stamp.

**NOTE:** The NVRAM can store data for up to 10 copy jams. If more than 10 copy jams occur, the oldest data will be erased.

#### **4.2.9 MEMORY ALL CLEAR (SP5-801)**

**NOTE:** Memory All Clear mode resets all the settings and counters stored in the NVRAM to the defaults, except for the following:

- Electrical total counter value (SP7-003)
- Machine serial number (SP5-811)
- Plug & Play brand name and production name setting (SP5-907)
- Some SBU settings (SP4-904-3, SP4-904-4, SP4-906, SP4-909)
- Language UK/TW Priority (SP5-916) Asia and Taiwan version only

Normally, this SP mode should not be used. This procedure is necessary only after replacing the NVRAM, or when the copier malfunctions because the NVRAM is damaged.

#### Using a Flash Memory Card

- 1. Upload the NVRAM data to a flash memory card (see NVRAM Data Upload).
- Print out all SMC data lists (SP mode 5-992).
   NOTE: Be sure to print out all the lists. If the NVRAM data upload was not completed, it is necessary to change the SP mode settings by hand.
- 3. Access SP mode 5-801.
- 4. Hold the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or (#) key at the same time. (If the operation was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.)
- 5. Turn the main switch off and back on.
- 6. Download the NVRAM data from a flash memory card (see NVRAM Data Download).

#### Without Using a Flash Memory Card

If there is no flash memory card, follow the steps below.

- 1. Print out all SMC Data Lists (SP mode 5-992).
- 2. Access SP mode 5-801.
- 3. Hold the "Original Type" key and the "OK" or (#) key at the same time. (If the operation was successful, the beeper will sound 5 times. If it failed, the beeper will sound only twice.)
- 4. Turn the main switch off and back on.
- 5. Do the printer and scanner registration and magnification adjustments (see Replacement and Adjustment Copy Adjustments).
- 6. Referring to the SMC data lists, re-enter any values that differ from the factory settings. In particular, the values for SP4-904-1, SP4-904-2, SP4-905, and SP4-907 must be re-entered.
- 7. Do the standard white level adjustment (SP4-908). (See Replacement and Adjustment Standard White Density Adjustment for details.)
- 8. Check the copy quality and the paper path, and do any necessary adjustments.

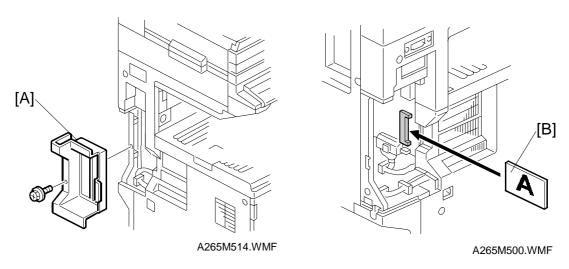
#### 4.2.10 PROGRAM UPLOAD/DOWNLOAD

In this machine, the BICU software is upgraded using a flash memory card.

There are two program download procedures.

- SP5-826: Uploads from the BICU to a flash memory card.
- SP5-827: Downloads from a flash memory card to the BICU.

#### Program Download (SP5-827)



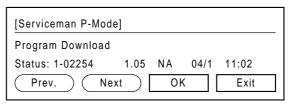
- 1. Turn off the main switch.
- 2. Remove the application cover [A] (1 screw).
- 3. Plug the flash memory card [B] into the card slot.

**NOTE:** Make sure that the surface printed "A" faces the back side of the machine (as viewed from the front of the machine).

- 4. Hold the (Energy Saver) key and turn on the main switch.
  - **NOTE:** To access SP mode 5-827 directly, hold the (Energy Saver) key and "1" key at the same time, then turn on the main switch. Go to step 5.
- 5. Access SP mode 5-827.
- 6. Press "1" key, then press the "OK" button to download the software.
- 7. The machine erases the current software, then writes the new software to the BICU. This takes about 60 seconds. If downloading failed, an error message appears, as follows. At this time, repeat the download procedure.
- 8. After finishing the software download, turn off the main switch and remove the IC card.

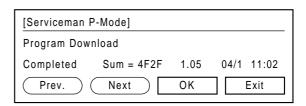
# Service

#### Display during writing



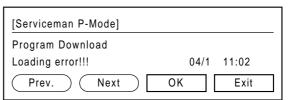
A265M506.WMF

#### Display when the download is complete



A265M504.WMF

#### Display if writing failed



A265M505.WMF

**NOTE:** To see the current firmware version, check SP 7-801-2.

#### Program Upload (SP5-826)

- 1. Turn off the main switch.
- Plug the flash memory card [A] into the card slot (see previous page).
   NOTE: Make sure that the surface printed "A" faces the rear side of the machine (as viewed from the front of the machine).
- 3. Turn on the main switch.
- 4. Access SP mode 5-826.
- 5. The machine erases the current software, then writes the new software to the flash memory card. This takes about 60 seconds. If uploading failed, an error message appears. At this time, repeat the upload procedure.
- 6. Turn off the main switch, then remove the IC card.

#### 4.2.11 NVRAM DATA DOWNLOAD

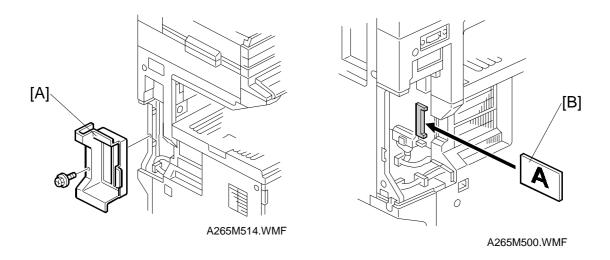
After doing the memory all clear procedure, NVRAM data will be reset to their default settings. So it is necessary to upload the NVRAM data before clearing the NVRAM, and to download the NVRAM data afterwards.

- SP5-824: Uploads from the BICU to a flash memory card.
- SP5-825: Downloads from a flash memory card to the BICU.

#### **NVRAM Data Download (SP5-825)**

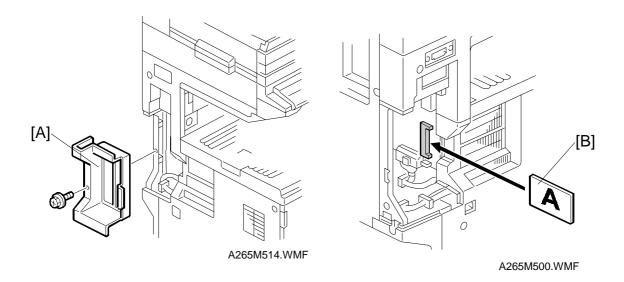
**NOTE:** This procedure downloads all the settings stored in the NVRAM except for the following items:

- Electrical total counter value (SP7-003)
- Machine serial number (SP5-811, SP5-920, SP5-925)
- Plug & Play brand name and production name setting (SP5-907)
- Some SBU settings (SP4-904-3, SP4-904-4, SP4-906, SP4-909)



- 1. Turn off the main switch.
- 2. Remove the application cover [A] (1 screw).
- Plug the flash memory card [B] into the card slot.
   NOTE: Make sure that the surface printed "A" faces the rear side of the machine (as viewed from the front of the machine).
- 4. Turn on the main switch.
- 5. Access the SP mode 5-825.
- 6. The machine erases the current settings, then writes the new settings onto the NVRAM on the BICU board. If downloading failed, an error message appears (see "Program Download"). At this time, repeat the download procedure.
- 7. Turn off the main switch, then remove the IC card.

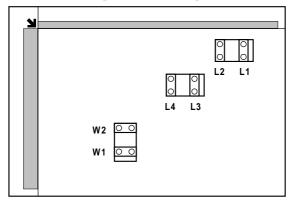
#### **NVRAM Data Upload (SP5-824)**



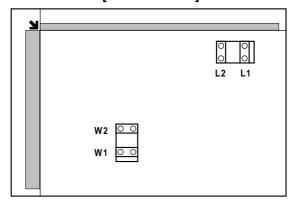
- 1. Turn off the main switch.
- 2. Remove the application cover [A] (1 screw).
- Plug the flash memory card [B] into the card slot.
   NOTE: Make sure that the surface printed "A" faces the rear side of the machine (as viewed from the front of the machine).
- 4. Turn on the main switch.
- 5. Access SP mode 5-824.
- 6. The machine erases the current settings, then writes the machine's settings to the flash memory card. This takes about 60 seconds. If uploading failed, an error message appears (see "Program Download"). At this time, repeat the upload procedure.
- 7. Turn off the main switch, then remove the IC card.

## 4.2.12 APS AND PLATEN/DF COVER SENSOR OUTPUT DISPLAY (SP4-301)

#### [230V Machine]

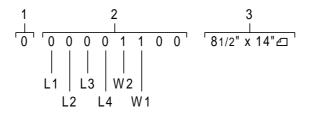


[115V Machine]



A265M511.WMF

A265M512.WMF



A265M513.WMF

1. Platen cover sensor status

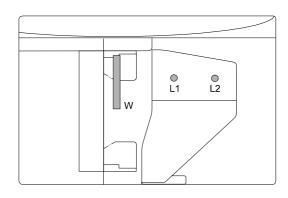
1 = Closed

2. APS sensor status

1 = Paper detected

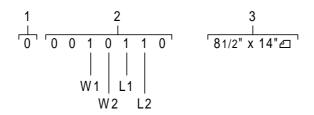
3. Paper size display

## 4.2.13 DF APS SENSOR OUTPUT DISPLAY (SP6-901)



A250M600.WMF

	Large	<del></del>	<b>→</b>	Small
W1	0	0	1	1
W2	0	1	0	1



1. Original set sensor status 1 = Paper detected

2. APS sensor status

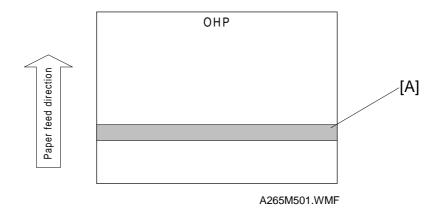
1 = Paper detected

3. Paper size display

L1	L2	W1	W2	Paper Size		
L.	LZ	VV I	VVZ	inches	mm	
0	0	0	0	8 <sub>1/2</sub> " x 11" Sideways	A4 Sideways	
0	0	0	1	-	B5 Sideways	
0	0	1	0	81/2" x 51/2" Sideways	A5 Sideways	
0	0	1	1	51/2" x 81/2" Lengthwise	A5 Lengthwise	
1	0	1	0	8 <sub>1/2</sub> " x 11" Lengthwise	A4 Lengthwise	
1	0	1	1	-	B5 Lengthwise	
1	1	0	0	11" x 17"	A3	
1	1	0	1	10" x 14"	B4	
1	1	1	0	81/2" x 14"	81/2" x 13"	

1: Detected

#### 4.2.14 NIP BAND WIDTH MEASUREMENT



When paper wrinkling or image off-set occurs, the pressure from the pressure roller can be adjusted by changing the position of the pressure springs. At this time, the nip band width can also be checked with SP1-109, as follows.

- 1. Do a free run (SP5-802) for about 50 sheets.
- 2. Access SP1-109 and press the "1" key.
- 3. Press the ≪ key to enter copy mode.
- 4. Place an OHP sheet (A4/8.5"x11" sideways) on the by-pass tray or in the 2nd paper tray.
- 5. Press the "Start" key.
  The OHP sheet is stopped in the fusing unit for about 20 seconds, then it will be fed automatically.
- 6. Check the nip band width [A]. The relationship between the position of the pressure spring and the band width is as follows.

**NOTE:** Check the nip band width around the center of the OHP.

1. Pressure spring position	Nip band width
Upper (default position)	5.0 ± 0.5 mm
Lower	$5.3 \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Envelope feed mode (green lever down) at the default pressure spring position	$4.0\pm0.5~\text{mm}$

If the width is out of the above specification, the pressure spring should be replaced.

#### 4.2.15 DISPLAY LANGUAGE (SP5-808)

	US	Europe (standard)	Europe (option 1)	Europe (option 2)	Asia/ Taiwan	China	Russia
0	NA	UK	UK	UK	UK	CN	RU
1	FR	DE	DE	DE	TW	UK	UK
2	ES	FR	FR	FR			
3		IT	ΙΤ	IT			
4		ES	ES	ES			
5		NL	SE	CZ			
6			NO	PL			
7			DK	PT			
8			FI	HU *			

<sup>\*:</sup> In the Lanier version, this cannot be selected.

For Europe, select the group (standard, option 1, or option 2) with SP 5-807.

NA: English UK: English DE: German TW: Taiwan FR: French IT: Italian ES: Spanish CN: Chinese

NL: Dutch SE: Swedish NO: Norwegian RU: Russian

DK: Danish FI: Finnish CZ: Czech

HU: Hungarian PL: Polish PT: Portuguese

## 4.2.16 SERIAL NUMBER INPUT (SP5-811)

Used to input the machine's serial number. (This is normally done at the factory.) The numeric key pad has 12 buttons. Use the first 11 buttons ① to ③, ④ and ① to input the serial number (♣) is not used). Each button represents one digit of the serial number. Press consecutively to get the required letter/number. The first 4 buttons allow you to scroll through number 0 to 9 and "A" to "Z". Buttons 5 to 11 only scroll through numbers 0 to 9.

1 2 3

1st digit 2nd digit 3rd digit

**4**) **(5**) **(6** 

4th digit 5th digit 6th digit

7 8 9

7th digit 8th digit 9th digit

10th digit 11th digit Not used

#### 4.2.17 ID SENSOR ERROR ANALYSIS (SP2-221)

[Serviceman P-Mode]

Vsg: 4.01V Vsp: 1.09 Power: 65

Vsg-Vsp: 2.98V Vt: 2.3V

A265M510.WMF

Even if the ID sensor is defective, the machine does not generate an SC condition. If the ID sensor is defective, the image quality becomes worse (e.g., dirty background on the copy). If these conditions occur, check the ID sensor output using this SP mode.

#### 1. Vsg

Error Condition: Vsg < 2.5V

Possible causes:

- ID sensor defective
- ID sensor dirty
- Drum does not get charged

#### 2. Vsp

Error Condition: Vsp > 2.5V

Possible causes:

- Toner density is very low
- ID sensor pattern is not created
- 3. Power: This is the power for the light source in the ID sensor

Error Condition: Vsg < 3.5V when maximum power (254) is applied

Possible causes:

- ID sensor defective
- ID sensor dirty
- Drum does not get charged

#### 4. Vsg-Vsp

Error Condition: (Vsg - Vsp) < 1.00V

Possible causes:

- ID sensor defective
- Drum dirty

#### 5. Vt

Error Condition: Vt > 4.5V or Vt < 0.5V

Possible causes:

TD sensor defective

#### 4.3 USER TOOLS

The User Tools are accessed by users and key operators and by sales and service staff. User Tools are used to input or change the copier's default settings.

#### 4.3.1 HOW TO ENTER AND EXIT USER TOOLS

Press the User Tools button, then select the User Tools program. After finishing the User Tools program, press the User Tools button to exit User Tools.

#### 4.3.2 USER TOOLS TABLE

#### System Setting Table

	1. Function Priority		
	2. Panel Tone		
	3. Copy Count Display		
	4. System Reset		
	5. Function Reset		
	6. Panel Off Timer		
	7. Energy Saver Level		
	8. Energy Saver Timer		
	9. Auto Off Timer		
	10. AOF (Keep It On.)		
	11. Special Paper Size	1. Tray 1	
		2. Tray 2	
		3. Tray 3	
		4. Tray 4	
	12. Pap. Tray Priority		
	13. Auto Tray Switch		
	14. Special Paper Indicator	1. Tray 1	
1. System	The openion of the control of the co	2. Tray 2	
6,5.6		3. Tray 3	
		4. Tray 4	
	15. Output Tray Priority	1. Copier	1. Paper Tray
	To: Gatpat Hay Friendy	i. Copiei	2. Bypass Tray
		2. FAX	1. Paper Tray
		2.1700	2. Bypass Tray
		3. Printer	1. Paper Tray
		o. i ilitoi	2. Bypass Tray
	16. Print Priority		2. Dypass Tray
	17. Display Contrast	_	
	18. Key Operators Tools	1. Show/Print Counter	
	16. Rey Operators Tools	Print Counter List	
		Key Operator Access     A Bragger Key Operator Code	
		4. Program Key Operator Code	4 Conia
		5. Restricted Access	1. Copier
			2. Fax
			3. Printer

## Copy Setting Table

	General Features	1. APS Priority	
		2. ADS Priority	1. Text
		Z. 7.20 i nonty	2. Text/Photo
			3. Photo
		3. Original Priority	0.1.1.010
		4. Quick Mode Check	7
		5. Max. Copy Q'ty	7
		6. Original Tone	
		7. Re./En. Priority	
		8. Image Mode Select	
		Image Mode Adjustment	1. Normal Mode
			2. Enhanced Mode
		10. Image Density (Text)	
		11. Duplex Priority	
		12. Cover/OHP Tray	<u> </u>
		13. Copy Reset Timer	
		14. Initial Mode Set	<u> </u>
		15. Bypass Mode Clear	7
		16. Key operator Tools	User Code Management
			2. Counter Reset
			3. Clear Code/Counter
			4. Program User Code
			5. Chg/Del User Code
			6. Counter List Print
2. Copier	2. Adjust Image	Border Erase Width	
		2. Center Erase Width	7
		3. Left Duplex Margin	7
		4. Top duplex margin	7
		5. Line (Combine)	
		6. Line (Repeat)	
	3. Input/Output	1. Duplex Auto Eject	
		2. Combine Auto Eject	
		3. Original Count	
		4. SADF Auto Reset	
		5. Rotate Sort Auto Paper	
		Count	
		6. Sort	
	4. Stamp Setting	1. Page No. Priority	
		2. Page No. Size	
		3. Duplex Back Page No.	
		4. Page No. (Combine)	$\dashv$
		5. Page No. position	$\dashv$
		6. Page No. Adjustment	$\dashv$
		7. Stamp Priority	$\dashv$
		8. Stamp Size	_
		9. Stamp Density	_
		10. Stamp Position	$\dashv$
		11. Stamp Adjustment	$\dashv$
		12. Stamp page priority	

## **4.4 LEDS**

#### BICU

Number	Function
	Monitors the +5 V line for the slave CPU.
	Usually, this LED is blinking.
	Monitors the +5 VE line.
LED 103	Usually, this LED is lit.

#### IOB

Number	Function
	Monitors the connection between the IOB and the BICU.
LED 100	Usually, this LED is blinking.

## 4.5 SPECIAL TOOLS AND LUBRICANTS

### 4.5.1 SPECIAL TOOLS

Part Number	Description	Q'ty
54209516	Test Chart - OS-A3 (10 pcs/set)	1
A0069104	Scanner Positioning Pin (4 pcs/set)	1
A0299387	Digital Multimeter - FLUKE 87	1
A2309351	Case - Flash Memory Card	1
A2309352	Flash Memory Card - 4MB	1
A2679001	NVRAM - Minus Counter	1
A2309003	Adjustment Cam – Laser Unit	1
A2679002	Positioning Pin - Laser Unit	1

## 4.5.2 LUBRICANTS

Part Number	Description	Q'ty
A0289300	Grease Barrierta - JFE 5 5/2	1
52039501	Silicone Grease G-501	1



## 5. PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

## 5.1 PM TABLE

**NOTE:** 1) The amounts mentioned as the PM interval indicate the number of prints.

2) After carrying out PM, clear the maintenance counter (SP7-804).

Symbol key: C: Clean, R: Replace, L: Lubricate, I: Inspect

A265/A267	EM	120K	240K	360K	NOTE	
SCANNER/LASER OPTICS						
Reflector		С	С	С	Optics cloth	
1st Mirror	С	С	С	С	Optics cloth	
2nd Mirror	С	С	С	С	Optics cloth	
3rd Mirror	С	С	С	С	Optics cloth	
Scanner Guide Rails		С	С	С	Do not use alcohol.	
Platen Sheet Cover	С	I	I	I	Replace the platen sheet, if necessary. Dry cloth or alcohol	
Exposure Glass		С	С	С	Dry cloth or alcohol	
Toner Shield Glass		С	С	С	Optics cloth	
APS Sensor		С	С	С	Dry cloth or blower brush	
AROUND THE DRUM						
Transfer/Separation Unit		R	R	R		
ID Sensor		С	С	С	Perform the ID sensor initial setting (SP3-927) after cleaning (blower brush)	
PAPER FEED		_				
Registration Rollers	С	С	С	С	Clean with water	
Paper Feed Roller	С	R	R	R	Clean with water	
Friction Pad	С	R	R	R	Dry cloth	
Paper Feed Guides	С	С	С	С	Clean with alcohol.	
Relay Rollers	С	С	С	С	Clean with water.	
Bottom Plate Pad	С	С	С	С	Clean with water.	
Registration Roller Mylar	С	С	С	С	Clean with water.	
FUSING UNIT AND PAPER EXIT						
Fusing Entrance and Exit Guide Plates		С	С	С	Clean with water or alcohol.	
Hot Roller		R	R	R		
Pressure Roller		R	R	R		

A265/A267	EM	120K	240K	360K	NOTE
Fusing Thermistor		С	С	С	Clean if necessary (suitable solvent)
Cleaning Roller		С	С	С	Clean with water or alcohol.
Cleaning Roller Bushings		С	С	С	Clean with water or alcohol.
Hot Roller Strippers		R	R	R	
Hot Roller Bushing		I	I	ı	Clean if necessary
Paper Exit Guide Ribs		С	С	С	Clean with water or alcohol.
OTHERS					
Main Motor Drive Gear	Ĺ	I	I		Silicone Grease G501 (see note 1)

	EM	120K	240K	360K	NOTE		
ADF (for originals)	ADF (for originals)						
Pick-up Roller	С	R	R	R	Clean with water		
Feed Belt	С	R	R	R	Clean with water		
Separation Roller	С	R	R	R	Clean with water		
Stamp		I	I	I	Replace if necessary		
ADF Exposure Glass	С	С	С	С	Clean with alcohol		
White Plate	С	С	С	С	Clean with alcohol		
Platen Sheet	С	С	С	С	Clean with alcohol		

	EM	120K	240K	360K	NOTE
PAPER TRAY UNIT					
Paper Feed Roller	С	R	R	R	Clean with water
Friction Pad	С	R	R	R	Dry cloth
Paper Feed Guides	С	С	С	С	Clean with alcohol.
Relay Rollers	С	С	С	С	Clean with water.
Bottom Plate Pad	С	С	С	С	Clean with water.
Relay Clutch		ı	I	I	Replace if necessary
Paper Feed Clutch		ı	I		Replace if necessary

	EM	120K	240K	360K	NOTE
LCT					
Paper Feed Roller		R	R	R	
Pick-up Roller		R	R	R	
Separation Roller		R	R	R	
Transport Rollers		С	С	С	Clean with water
Bottom Plate Pad		С	С	С	Clean with water
Relay Clutch		ı	I	I	Replace if necessary
Paper Feed Clutch		I	I		Replace if necessary

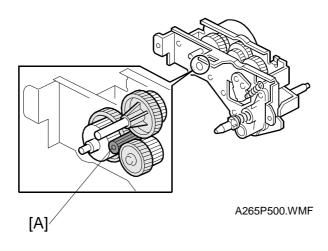
	EM	120K	240K	360K	NOTE		
1,000-SHEET FINISHER							
Rollers	С				Clean with water or alcohol.		
Brush Roller		I	I	I	Replace if necessary.		
Discharge Brush	С	С	С	С	Clean with a dry cloth		
Sensors	С				Blower brush		
Jogger Fences	I	I	I	I	Replace if necessary.		
Punch Waste Hopper		I	I		Empty the hopper.		



	EM	150K	300K	450K	NOTE
1-BIN TRAY UNIT					
Rollers	С				Dry or damp cloth
Copy Tray	С				Dry or damp cloth
Sensors	С				Blower brush

#### NOTE 1.

Main Motor Drive Gear



Preventive Maintenance

Do the following every EM:

Lubricate the main motor drive gear [A] with silicone grease G501.

# Replacement Adjustment

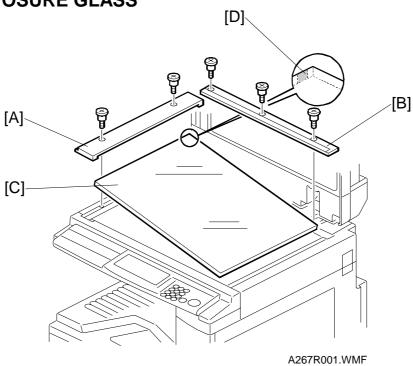
# 6. REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT

# **ACAUTION**

Turn off the main power switch and unplug the machine before attempting any of the procedures in this section.

# **6.1 SCANNER UNIT**

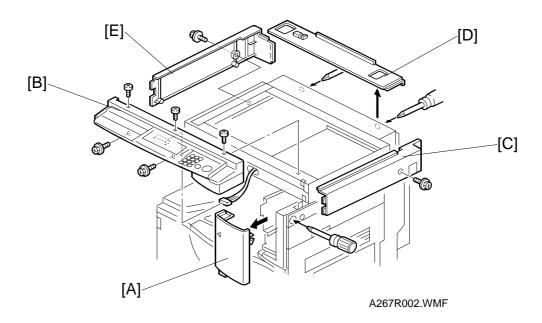
#### **6.1.1 EXPOSURE GLASS**



- 1. Open the ADF or platen cover.
- 2. Remove the left scale [A] (2 screws).
- 3. Remove the rear scale [B] (3 screws).
- 4. Remove the exposure glass [C].

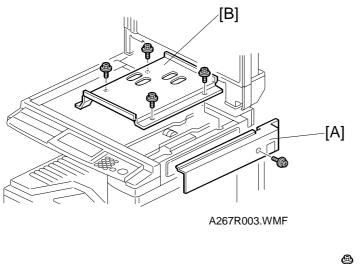
**NOTE:** When reinstalling the exposure glass, make sure that the mark [D] is positioned at the rear left corner, as shown.

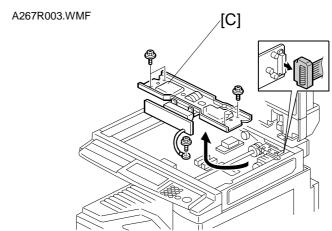
#### **6.1.2 SCANNER EXTERIOR/OPERATION PANEL**



- 1. Remove the ADF or platen cover.
- 2. Remove the exposure glass. (See Exposure Glass.)
- 3. Remove the upper front cover [A] (1 screw, 1 hook).
- 4. Remove the operation panel [B] (5 screws, 1 connector).
- 5. Remove the right cover [C] (1 screw, 2 hooks).
- 6. Remove the rear cover [D] (2 screws).
- 7. Remove the left cover [E] (2 screws, 2 hooks).

#### 6.1.3 LENS BLOCK ASSEMBLY



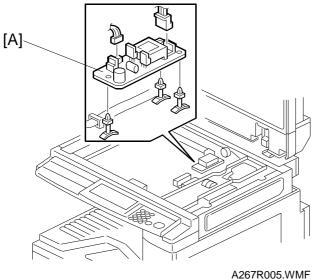


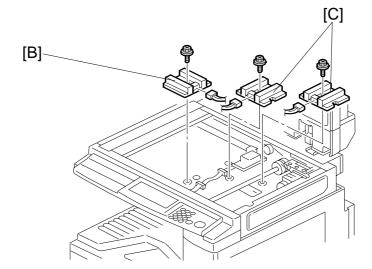
A267R006.WMF

- 1. Remove the exposure glass. (See Scanner Exterior/Exposure Glass.)
- 2. Remove the right cover [A]. (See Scanner Exterior/Exposure Glass.)
- 3. Remove the lens cover [B] (4 screws).
- 4. Replace the lens block assembly [C] (5 screws, 1 connector). **NOTE:** Do not remove the screws which are locked with white paint.
- 5. Reassemble the machine and do the scanner and printer copy adjustments. (See Copy Adjustments.)

Replacement Adjustment

# 6.1.4 ORIGINAL SIZE SENSORS/LAMP STABILIZER

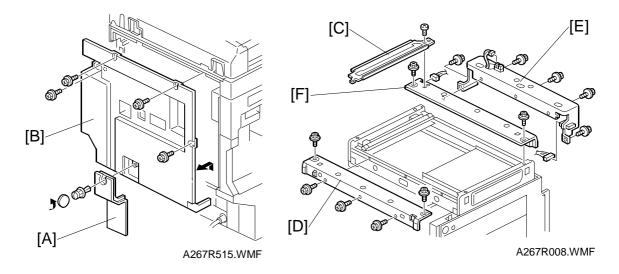


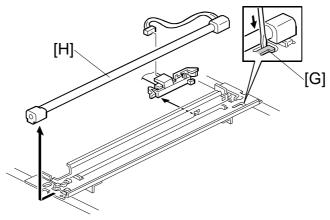


A267R004.WMF

- 1. Remove the exposure glass. (See Exposure Glass.)
- 2. Remove the lens cover. (See Lens Block.)
- 3. Remove the lamp stabilizer [A] (2 connectors).
- 4. Remove the original width sensor [B] (1 screw, 1 connector).
- 5. Remove the lens block. (See Lens Block Assembly.)
- 6. Remove the original length sensors [C] (1 screw, 1 connector each).

#### **6.1.5 EXPOSURE LAMP**





A267R009.WMF

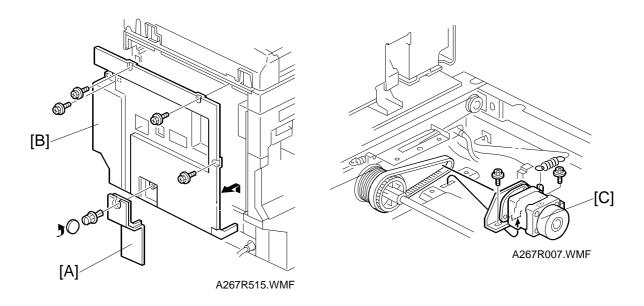
- 1. Remove the exposure glass. (See Exposure Glass.)
- 2. Remove the operation panel, rear cover, and left cover. (See Scanner Exterior/Operation Panel.)
- 3. Remove the connector cover [A], disconnect the cable, and remove the rear cover [B] (4 screws).
- 4. Remove the left upper stay [C] (1 screw).
- 5. Remove the front frame [D] (5 screws).
- 6. Remove the rear bracket [E] (5 screws, 2 connectors).
- 7. Remove the rear frame [F] (2 screws, 1 connector).
- 8. Push down the part [G] then slide out the exposure lamp [H] (1 connector).

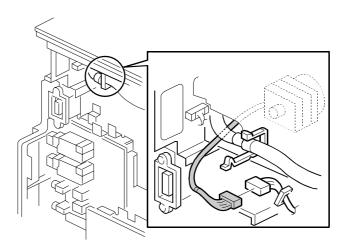
**NOTE:** 1) Do not touch the glass surface of the exposure lamp with bare hands.

2) After installing the lamp, the part [G] must be returned to the original position.

Replacement Adjustment

#### **6.1.6 SCANNER MOTOR**

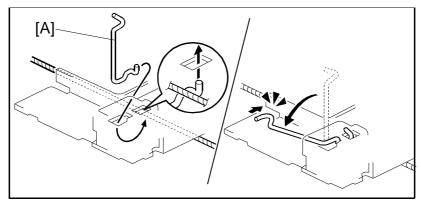




A267R014.WMF

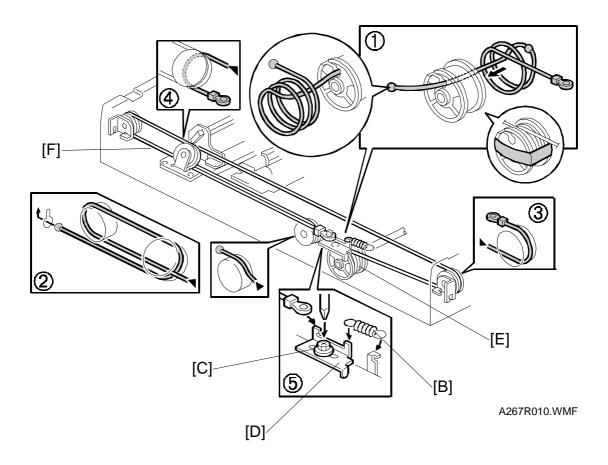
- 1. Remove the connector cover [A], disconnect the cable, and remove the rear cover [B].
- 2. Remove the exposure glass. (See Exposure Glass.)
- 3. Remove the lens block. (See Lens Block Assembly.)
- 4. Replace the scanner motor [C] (2 screws, 1 spring, 1 connector).
- 5. Reassemble the machine and do the scanner and printer copy adjustments. (See Copy Adjustments.)

#### **6.1.7 SCANNER WIRES**



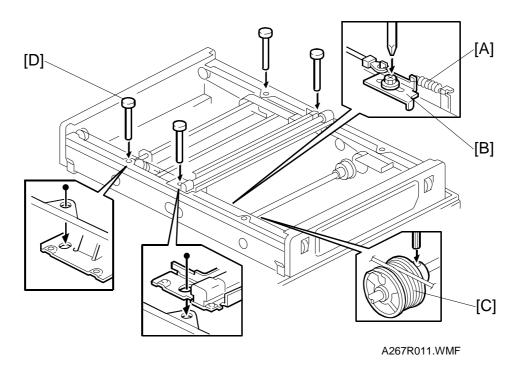
- A267R012.WMF
- 1. Remove the exposure glass, operation panel, and all scanner exterior covers. (See Exposure Glass and Scanner Exterior/Operation Panel.)
- 2. Remove the left upper stay. (See Exposure Lamp.)
- 3. Remove the front frame. (See Exposure Lamp.)
- 4. Remove the rear bracket. (See Exposure Lamp.)
- 5. Remove the rear frame. (See Exposure Lamp.)
- 6. Remove the lens cover. (See Lens Block Assembly.)
- 7. Remove the lens block assembly. (See Lens Block Assembly.)
- 8. Remove the front and rear scanner wire pins [A]. Then, remove the 1st scanner.





- 9. Remove the tension spring [B].
- 10. Loosen the screw [C] securing the wire tension bracket [D].
- 11. Remove the scanner drive pulley [E] (1 set screw).
- 12. Remove the scanner wire [F].
- 13. Wrap the new scanner wire around the pulley as shown ①, then temporarily secure the pulley with tape.
- 14. Re-install the 1st scanner. Then secure the 1st and 2nd scanner with the scanner positioning tools (P/N A0069104), as shown in the illustration on the next page.
- 15. Wind the new scanner wire around the scanner drive pulley in the correct way, as shown.
- 16. Wind the end of the new wire with the ball as shown (2).
- 17. Wind the end of the new wire with the ring as shown (③,④, and ⑤).
- 18. Install the tension spring on the wire tension bracket (⑤).
- 19. Wind the new scanner wire for the other side as well.





- 20. Secure the 1st scanner with the scanner wire pins.
- 21. Install the tension spring [A] to the tension bracket.
- 22. Tighten the tension bracket [B].
- 23. Secure the scanner wire pulley [C] (1 Allen screw).
- 24. Remove the positioning tools [D]. After sliding the scanner to the right and left several times, re-install the positioning tools to check the scanner wire bracket and tension bracket again.
- 25. Reassemble the scanner and do the scanner and printer copy adjustments (see Copy Adjustments).

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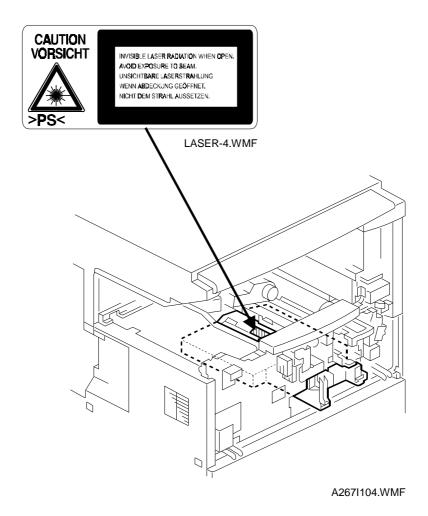
#### 6.2 LASER UNIT

#### **⚠WARNING**

Turn off the main power switch and unplug the machine before attempting any of the procedures in this section. Laser beams can seriously damage your eyes.

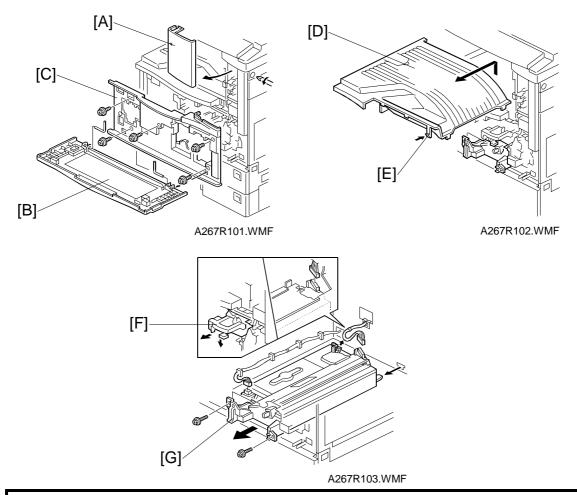
# **6.2.1 CAUTION DECAL LOCATIONS**

Two caution decals are located in the laser section as shown below.



# Replacement Adjustment

#### 6.2.2 LASER UNIT



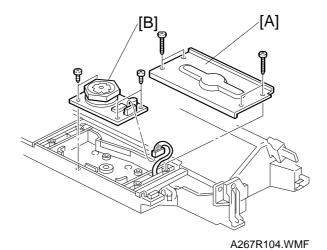
#### **MARNING**

Turn off the main power switch and unplug the machine before attempting this procedure. Laser beam can seriously damage your eyes.

- 1. Remove the optional finisher/bridge unit, and either the tray for the optional 1-bin tray unit or optional shift tray, if these units have been installed.
- 2. Remove the upper front cover [A] (1 screw, 1 hook).
- 3. Remove the front cover [B] (2 pins).
- 4. Remove the inner cover [C] (5 screws).
- 5. Remove the copy tray [D] (1 hook [E]).
- 6. Remove the toner bottle holder [F].
- 7. Remove the laser unit [G] (2 screws, 2 connectors).
- 8. After reassembling the machine, do the scanner and printer copy adjustments. (See Copy Adjustments.)

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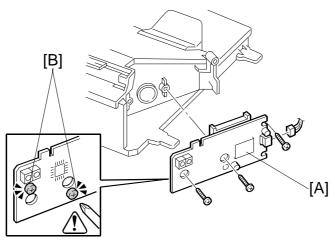
#### **6.2.3 POLYGON MIRROR MOTOR**



- 1. Remove the laser unit (see Laser Unit).
- 2. Remove the heat sink [A] (4 screws).
- 3. Replace the polygon mirror motor [B] (4 screws, 1 connector).

**NOTE:** When installing the new polygon mirror motor, do not touch the surface of the mirror with bare hands.

#### **6.2.4 LD UNIT**



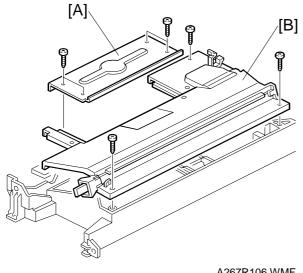
A267R105.WMF

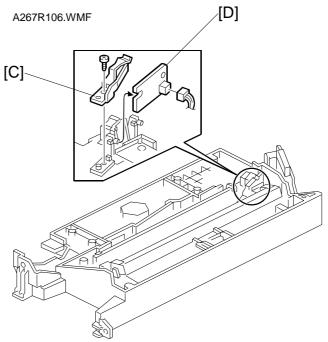
- 1. Remove the laser unit (see Laser Unit).
- 2. Replace the LD unit [A] (3 screws, 1 connector).

**NOTE:** 1) Do not remove the screws [B].

2) Do not touch any variable resistors on the LD unit.

# **6.2.5 LASER SYNCHRONIZATION DETECTOR**





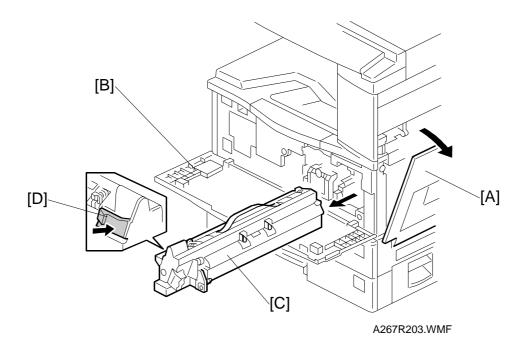
Replacement Adjustment

A267R107.WMF

- 1. Remove the laser unit (See Laser Unit).
- 2. Remove the heat sink [A] (4 screws).
- 3. Remove the laser unit cover [B] (3 screws).
- 4. Remove the bracket [C] (1 screw).
- 5. Replace the laser synchronization detector [D] (1 connector).

# 6.3 PHOTOCONDUCTOR UNIT (PCU)

# 6.3.1 PCU

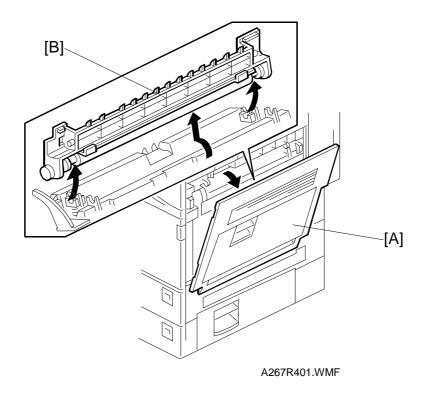


- 1. Open the right cover [A] and front cover [B].
- 2. Pull the PCU [C] out slightly while pushing the release lever [D].

**NOTE:** Do not touch the drum surface with bare hands.

# **6.4 TRANSFER UNIT**

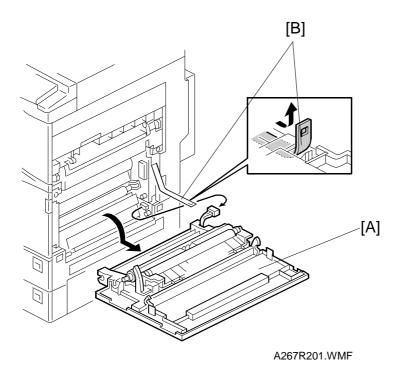
# **6.4.1 TRANSFER ROLLER UNIT**

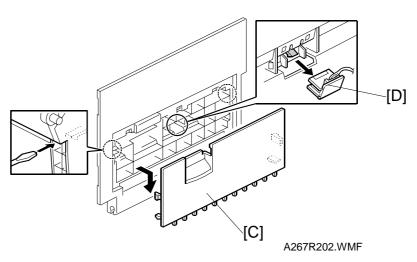


- 1. Open the right cover [A].
- 2. Remove the transfer roller unit [B] (1 hook). **NOTE:** Do not touch the transfer roller surface.



# **6.4.2 IMAGE DENSITY SENSOR**





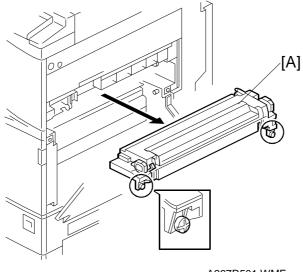
- 1. Open the right cover [A].
- 2. Remove the unit band [B].
- 3. Remove the right cover [A] (1 connector),
- 4. Remove the sub right cover [C] (2 hooks).
- 5. Replace the image density sensor [D] (1 connector).
- 6. Reset the ID sensor error counter (SP 7-912).

# 6.5 FUSING/EXIT

#### 6.5.1 FUSING UNIT

#### **ACAUTION**

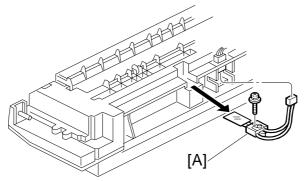
Allow time for the unit to cool before doing the following procedure.



A267R501.WMF

- 1. Release the duplex unit, if it has been installed, and open the right cover.
- 2. Remove the fusing unit [A] (2 screws).

#### 6.5.2 THERMISTOR

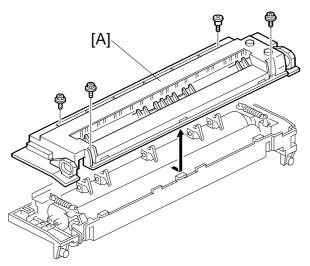


A267R502.WMF

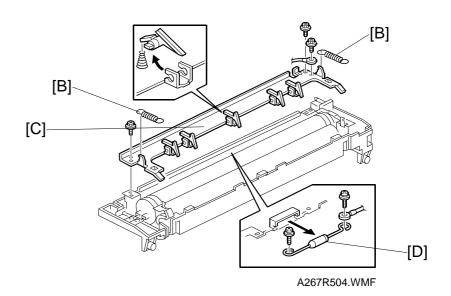
- 1. Remove the fusing unit. (See Fusing Unit).
- 2. Replace the thermistor [A] (1 screw, 1 connector).



# 6.5.3 THERMOFUSE

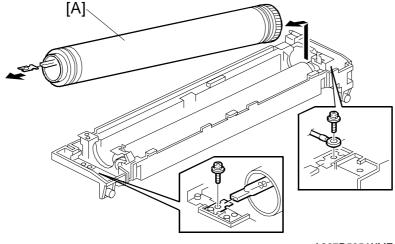


A267R507.WMF

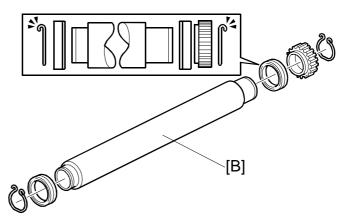


- 1. Remove the fusing unit. (See Fusing Unit.)
- 2. Remove the fusing upper cover [A] (4 screws).
- 3. Remove the pressure springs [B].
- 4. Remove the hot roller stripper bracket [C] (3 screws).
- 5. Replace the thermofuse [D] (2 screws).

# 6.5.4 HOT ROLLER AND FUSING LAMP



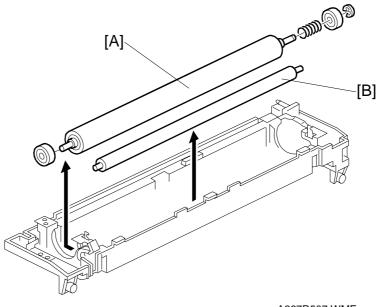
A267R505.WMF



A267R506.WMF

- 1. Remove the fusing unit. (See Fusing Unit.)
- 2. Remove the fusing upper cover. (See Thermofuse.)
- 3. Remove the pressure springs. (See Thermofuse.)
- 4. Remove the hot roller stripper bracket. (See Thermofuse.)
- 5. Remove the fusing lamp (2 screws) and hot roller assembly [A]. **NOTE:** Do not touch the surface of the fusing lamp with bare hands.
- 6. Replace the hot roller [B] (2 C-rings, 1 gear, 2 bushings).
  - **NOTE:** 1) Before installing the new hot roller, peel off 3 cm (1 inch) from both ends of the protective sheet on the new roller.
    - 2) Do not touch the surface of the rollers.
    - 3) When reinstalling the fusing lamp, secure the front screws first.
    - 4) Be careful not to damage the surface of the hot roller.

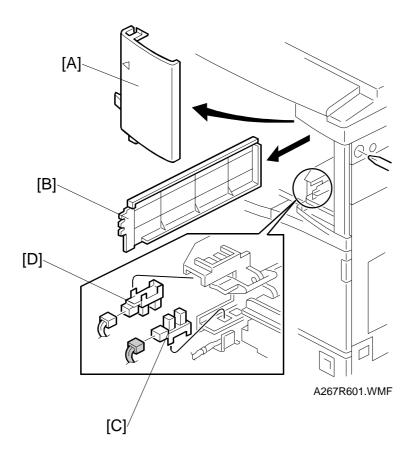
# 6.5.5 PRESSURE ROLLER/CLEANING ROLLER



- A267R507.WMF
- 1. Remove the fusing lamp and hot roller assembly. (See Hot Roller and Fusing Lamp.)
- 2. Replace the pressure roller [A] (1 E-ring, 2 bushings, 1 spring).
- 3. Replace the cleaning roller [B].

**NOTE:** Do not touch the surface of the rollers.

# 6.5.6 PAPER EXIT SENSOR/PAPER OVERFLOW SENSOR



- 1. Remove the front upper cover [A] (1 screw, 1 peg).
- 2. Remove the exit cover [B].

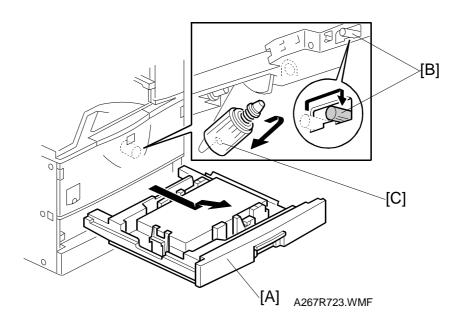
**NOTE:** If the optional 1 bin tray unit and/or interchange unit have been installed, remove them.

- 3. Replace the exit sensor [C] (1 connector).
- 4. Replace the overflow sensor [D] (1 connector).



# 6.6 PAPER FEED

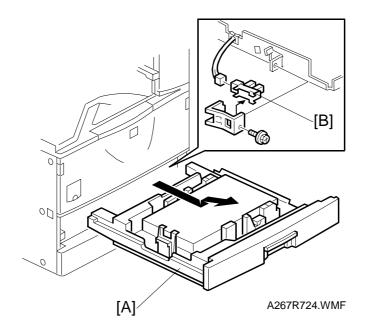
#### 6.6.1 FEED ROLLERS



- 1. Remove the paper tray [A].
- 2. Pull the lever [B].
- 3. Replace the feed roller [C].

**NOTE:** Do not touch the roller surface with bare hands. After reinstalling the feed roller, return the lever [A].

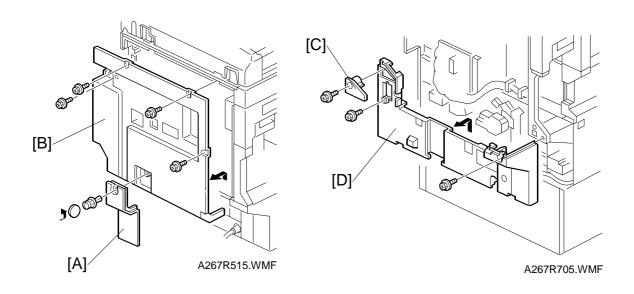
# 6.6.2 PAPER END SENSOR

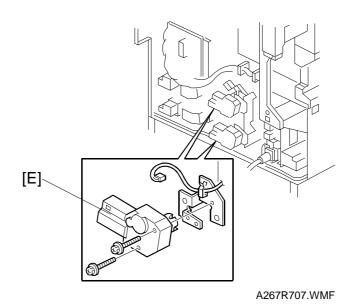


- 1. Remove the paper tray [A].
- 2. Remove the paper end sensor assembly (1 screw, 1 connector).
- 3. Replace the paper end sensor [B].



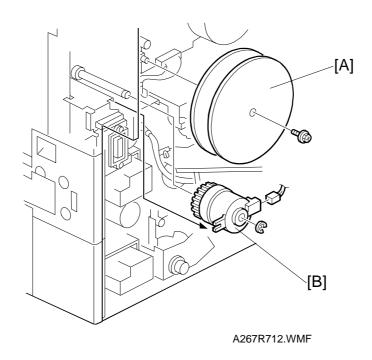
#### **6.6.3 PAPER TRAY LIFT MOTORS**





- 1. Remove the paper tray.
- 2. Remove the connector cover [A] (1 screw) and disconnect the cable.
- 3. Remove the rear cover [B] (4 screws).
- 4. Remove the duplex connector cover [C] (1 screw).
- 5. Remove the lower rear cover [D] (2 screws).
- 6. Replace the paper lift motors [E] (2 screws each, 1 connector each).

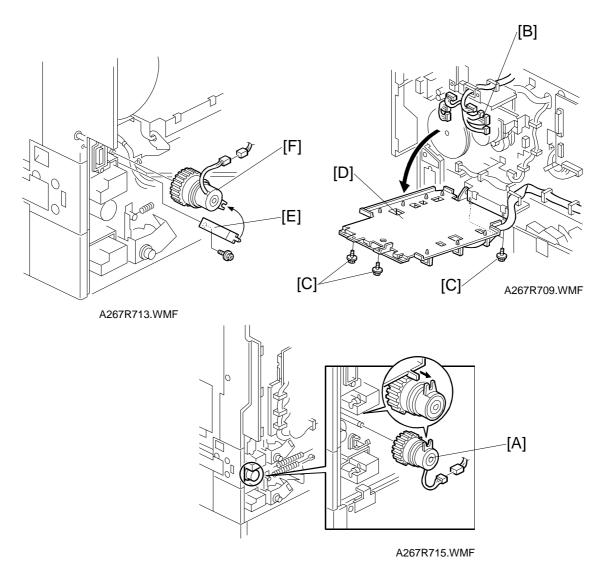
# 6.6.4 REGISTRATION CLUTCH



- 1. Remove the connector cover and the rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 2. Remove the duplex connector cover and lower rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 3. Remove the fly wheels [A] (1 screw).
- 4. Remove the registration clutch [B] (1 E-ring, 1 connector).



#### 6.6.5 PAPER FEED CLUTCHES



#### Lower Paper Feed Clutch

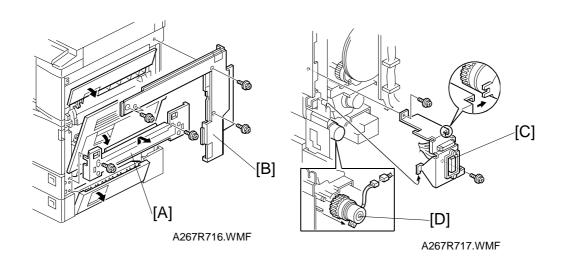
- 1. Remove the rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 2. Remove the lower rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 3. Replace the lower paper feed clutch [A] (1 connector).

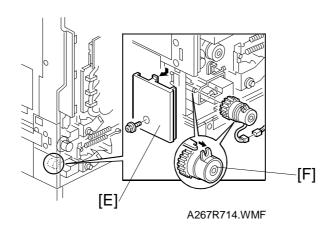
#### Upper Paper Feed Clutch.

- 4. Disconnect the connectors [B] for the I/O board as shown (11 connectors).
- 5. Remove 4 screws [C] securing the I/O board bracket then swing down the I/O board bracket [D].
- 6. Remove the bracket [E] (1 screw).
- 7. Replace the upper paper feed clutch [F] (1 connector).

# eplacement Adjustment

#### 6.6.6 RELAY CLUTCHES

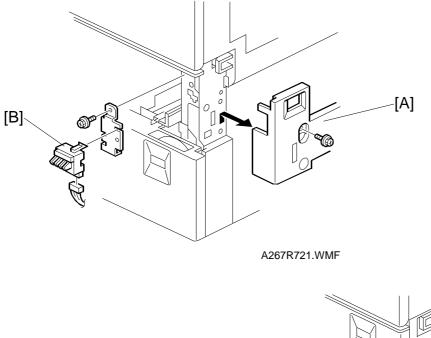


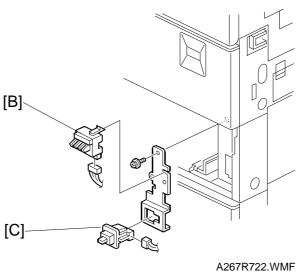


- 1. Remove the optional duplex unit and/or by-pass tray unit if they have been installed.
- 2. Remove the rear cover and lower rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 3. Remove the lower right cover [A] (2 screws).
- 4. Remove the scanner right cover. (See Scanner Exterior.)
- 5. Remove the right cover [B] (4 screws).
- 6. Swing down the I/O board bracket. (See Paper Feed Clutches.)
- 7. Remove the connector bracket [C] (2 screws).
- 8. Replace the upper relay clutch [D] (1 connector).
- 9. Remove the right back cover [E] (1 screw).
- 10. Replace the lower relay clutch [F] (1 connector).

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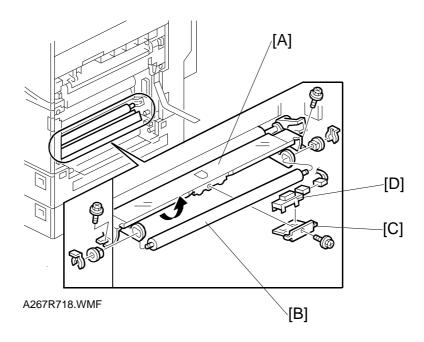
# 6.6.7 PAPER SIZE DETECTOR/SPECIAL PAPER SENSOR





- 1. Remove the right lower cover [A]. (See Relay Clutches.)
- 2. Remove the paper trays.
- 3. Remove the paper size detector assembly (1 screw each).
- 4. Replace the paper size detectors [B] (1 connector each) and the special paper sensor [C] (1 connector).

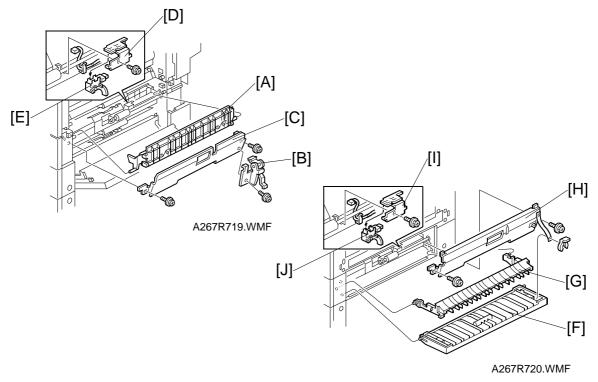
# **6.6.8 REGISTRATION SENSOR**



- 1. Remove the right cover. (See Image Density Sensor.)
- 2. Remove the registration guide plate [A] (2 screws).
- 3. Remove the paper support roller [B] (2 snap rings, 2 bushings).
- 4. Remove the sensor bracket [C] (1 screw).
- 5. Replace the registration sensor [D] (1 connector).

Replacement Adjustment

#### 6.6.9 RELAY SENSORS



# **Upper Relay Sensor**

- 1. Remove the right cover. (See Image Density Sensor.)
- 2. Remove the lower right cover. (See Relay Clutches.)
- 3. Remove the guide plate [A].
- 4. Remove the bracket [B] (1 screw).
- 5. Remove the guide plate [C] (2 screws).
- 6. Remove the sensor bracket [D] (1 screw).
- 7. Replace the upper relay sensor [E] (1 connector).

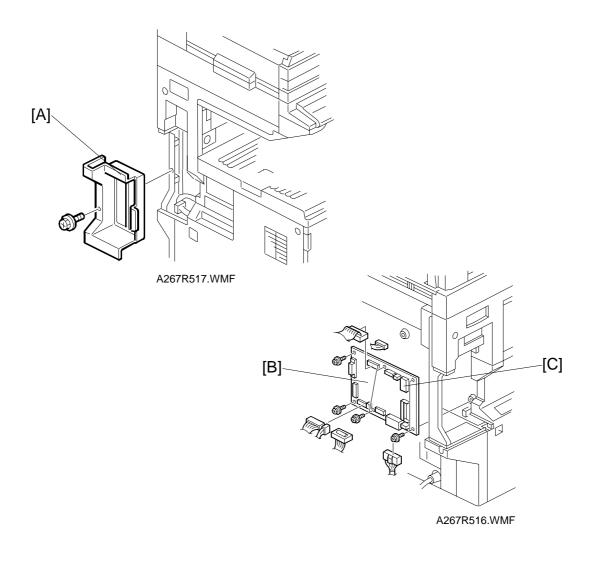
#### Lower Relay Sensor

- 1. Remove the right lower door [F] (1 clip).
- 2. Remove the guide plate [G].
- 3. Remove the guide plate [H] (2 screws).
- 4. Remove the sensor bracket [I] (1 screw).
- 5. Replace the lower relay sensor [J] (1 connector).

# Replacement Adjustment

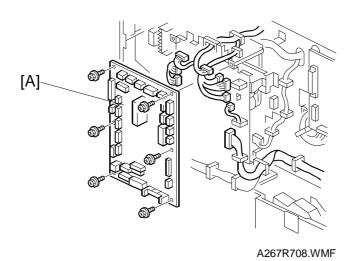
# 6.7 PCBS AND OTHER ITEMS

#### 6.7.1 BICU BOARD



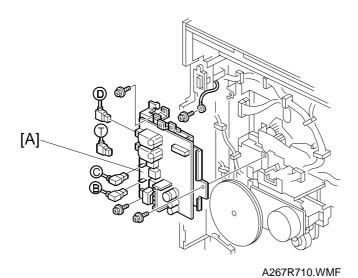
- 1. Remove the rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 2. Remove the optional finisher if it has been installed.
- 3. Remove the application cover [A] (1 screw).
- 4. Remove the expansion box if the fax, printer, or scanner option units have been installed.
- 5. Remove the optional copier memory if it has been installed.
- 6. Remove the BICU board [B] (6 connectors, 6 screws or 5 screws if the optional copier memory has been installed).
- 7. Remove the NVRAM [C] from the old BICU board and put it on the new BICU board.

#### 6.7.2 I/O BOARD



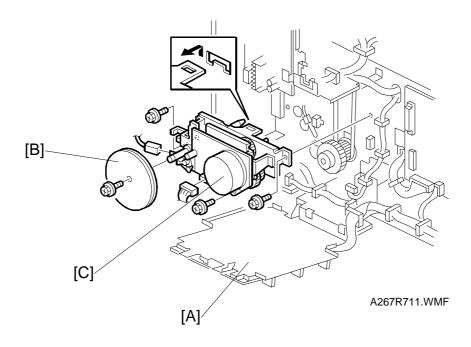
- 1. Remove the rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 2. Remove the I/O board [A] (All connectors, 6 screws).

#### 6.7.3 POWER PACK



- 1. Remove the rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 2. Swing down the I/O board bracket. (See Paper Feed Clutches.)
- 3. Remove the power pack [A] (5 connectors, 4 screws).

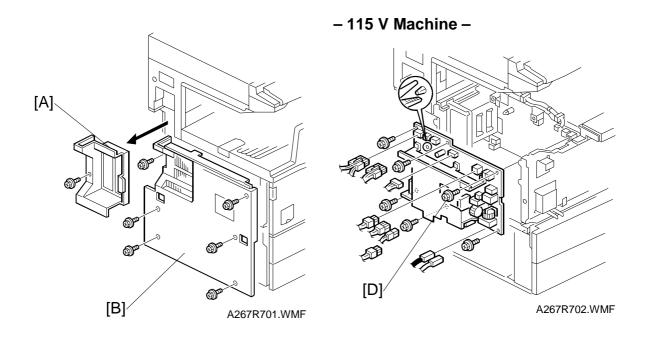
# **6.7.4 MAIN MOTOR**



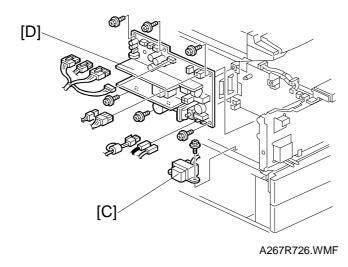
- 1. Remove the rear cover. (See Paper Tray Lift Motors.)
- 2. Swing down the I/O board bracket [A]. (See Paper Feed Clutches.)
- 3. Remove the fly wheels [B] (1 screw).
- 4. Replace the main motor [C] (2 connectors, 3 screws).

Replacement Adjustment

#### 6.7.5 PSU



#### - 220 V machine -



- 1. Remove the optional finisher if it has been installed.
- 2. Remove the application cover [A] (1 screw).
- 3. Remove the left cover [B] (6 screws).
- 4. 220 V machine only: Remove the transformer [C] (1 screw).
- 5. Remove the PSU [D] (all connectors, 6 screws, 1 clip).

#### 6.8 COPY ADJUSTMENTS: PRINTING/SCANNING

**NOTE:** 1) You need to perform these adjustment(s) after replacing any of the following parts:

- Scanner Wire
- Lens Block/SBU Assembly
- Scanner Drive Motor
- Polygon Mirror Motor
- Paper Side Fence
- Memory All Clear
- 2) For more details about accessing SP modes, refer to section 4.

#### 6.8.1 PRINTING

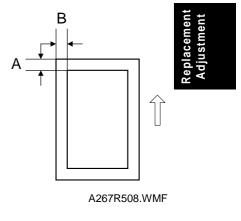
**NOTE:** 1) Make sure the paper is installed correctly in each paper tray before you start these adjustments.

- 2) Use the Trimming Area Pattern (SP5-902-3, No.10) to print the test pattern for the following procedures.
- 3) Set SP 5-902-3 to 0 again after completing these printing adjustments.

#### Registration - Leading Edge/Side-to-Side

- 1. Check the leading edge registration for each paper feed station, and adjust them using SP1-001.
- 2. Check the side-to-side registration for each paper feed station, and adjust them using SP1-002.

Tray	SP mode	Specification
Any paper tray	SP1-001-1	
By-pass feed	SP1-001-2	$3\pm2$ mm
Duplex	SP1-001-3	
1st paper feed	SP1-002-1	
2nd paper feed	SP1-002-2	
3rd paper feed (Optional PFU tray 1), or LCT	SP1-002-3	2 ± 1.5 mm
4th paper feed (Optional PFU tray 2)	SP1-002-4	
By-pass feed	SP1-002-5	
Duplex	SP1-002-6	



A: Leading Edge Registration

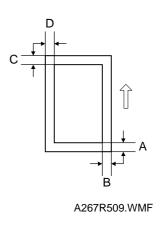
B: Side-to-side Registration

# Blank Margin

**NOTE:** If the leading edge/side-to-side registration cannot be adjusted within the specifications, adjust the leading/left side edge blank margin.

1. Check the trailing edge and right side edge blank margins, and adjust them using the following SP modes.

	SP mode	Specification
Trailing edge	SP2-101- 2/3/4	3 ± 2 mm
Right edge	SP2-101-6	2 +2.5/-1.5 mm
Leading edge	SP2-101-1	3 ± 2 mm
Left edge	SP2-101-5	2 ± 1.5 mm
Trailing edge (duplex copy, 2nd side)	SP2-101-7	2 ± 2 mm
Left edge (duplex copy, 2nd side)	SP2-101-8	2 ± 1.5 mm
Right edge (duplex copy, 2nd side)	SP2-101-9	2 +2.5/-1.5 mm



A: Trailing Edge Blank Margin

B: Right Edge Blank Margin

C: Leading Edge Blank Margin

D: Left Edge Blank Margin

# Main Scan Magnification

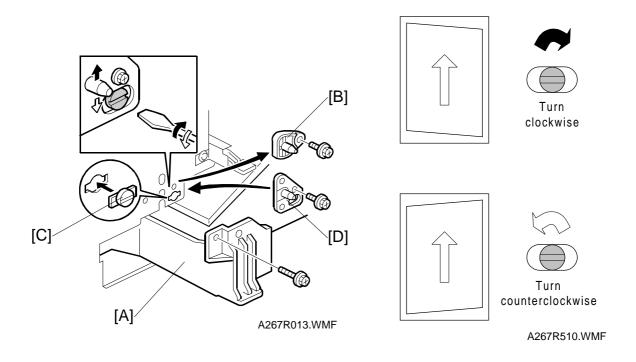
- 1. Print the single-dot grid pattern (SP5-902, no.5).
- 2. Check the magnification, and adjust the magnification using SP2-998-1 if necessary. The specification is  $\pm$  1%.

# sement tment

# Parallelogram Image Adjustment

Do the following procedure if a parallelogram is printed while adjusting the printing registration or the printing margin using a trimming area pattern.

**NOTE:** The following procedure should be done after adjusting the side-to-side registration for each paper tray station.



- 1. Check whether the trimming area pattern (SP5-902, No.10) is printed as a parallelogram, as shown. If it is, do the following.
- 2. Remove the laser unit [A] (see Laser Unit).
- 3. Remove the bracket [B] (2 screws).
- 4. Install the adjusting cam [C] (P/N: A2309003).
- 5. Secure the adjustment bracket [D] (P/N A2679002) using the screw which was used for bracket [B]. However, do not tighten the screws at this time.
- 6. Adjusts the laser unit position by turning the adjusting cam. (Refer to the above illustration for the relationship between the image and the cam rotation direction).
- 7. Tighten the adjustment bracket.
- 8. Print the trimming area pattern to check the image. If it is still unsatisfactory, repeat steps 4 to 8.

### 6.8.2 SCANNING

**NOTE:** 1) Before doing the following scanner adjustments, perform or check the printing registration/side-to-side adjustment and the blank margin adjustment.

2) Use an OS-A3 test chart to perform the following adjustments.

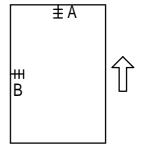
# Registration: Platen Mode

1. Place the test chart on the exposure glass and make a copy from one of the feed stations.

2. Check the leading edge and side-to-side registration, and adjust them using the following SP modes if necessary.

	SP mode
Leading Edge	SP4-010
Side-to-side	SP4-011

A: Leading Edge Registration B: Side-to-side Registration

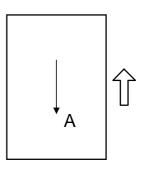


A267R511.WMF

# Magnification

**NOTE:** Use an OS-A3 test chart to perform the following adjustment.

Sub Scan Magnification



A: Sub Scan Magnification

A267R512.WMF

- 1. Place the test chart on the exposure glass and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the magnification ratio, and adjust it using the following SP mode if necessary. The specification is ±1%.

	SP mode
Sub Scan Magnification	SP4-008

# Standard White Density Adjustment

This adjusts the standard white density level.

Perform this adjustment in any of the following conditions:

- After replacing the standard white plate.
- After replacing the NVRAM on the BICU board. (If only BICU board is replaced, this adjustment is not necessary, as the NVRAM from the old BICU is put on the new BICU.)
- After performing a memory all clear (SP5-801).

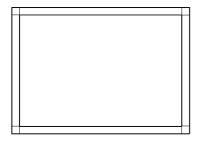
#### Procedure:

- 1. Place 10 sheets of new A4 sideways (do not use any recycled paper) or A3 paper on the exposure glass and close the platen cover or the ADF.
- 2. Enter SP 4-908 and select "1: Yes". The standard white density is automatically adjusted.

Replacement Adjustment

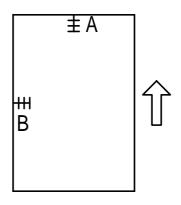
# **6.8.3 ADF IMAGE ADJUSTMENT**

# Registration



A267R514.WMF

A: Leading Edge Registration B: Side-to-side Registration



A267R513.WMF

NOTE: Make a temporary test chart as shown above using A3/DLT paper.

- 1. Place the temporary test chart on the ADF and make a copy from one of the feed stations.
- 2. Check the registration, and adjust using the following SP modes if necessary.

	SP mode
Side-to-side Registration	SP6-006-1
Leading Edge Registration (Simplex)	SP6-006-2
Trailing Edge Blank Margin	SP6-006-3
Side-to-side Registration (Duplex: rear)	SP6-006-4

# 7. TROUBLESHOOTING

# 7.1 SERVICE CALL CONDITIONS

#### **7.1.1 SUMMARY**

There are 4 levels of service call conditions.

Level	Definition	Reset Procedure
А	To prevent the machine from being damaged, the SC can only be reset by a service representative.  The copier cannot be operated at all.	Enter SP 5-810 (SC code reset) and select "1". Then hold down the Photo mode key and the I key at the same time for at least 3 seconds (this does not require the main switch to be turned off and on).
В	The SC can be reset by turning the operation switch off and on if the SC was caused by a sensor error.	Turn the operation switch or main power switch off and on.
B'	The SC can be reset by turning the main power switch off and on if the SC was caused by a communication error.	Turn the main power switch off and on.
С	The copier can be operated as usual except for the unit related to the service call.	Turn the operation switch off and on.

**NOTE:** 1) If the problem concerns electrical circuit boards, first disconnect then reconnect the connectors before replacing the PCBs.

- 2) If the problem concerns a motor lock, first check the mechanical load before replacing motors or sensors.
- 3) When a Level A or B SC occurs while in an SP mode, the display does not indicate the SC number. If this occurs, check the SC number after leaving the SP mode. This does not apply to level B' codes.

#### 7.1.2 SC CODE DESCRIPTIONS

#### SC101: Exposure lamp error

-Definition-[B]

The standard while level was not detected properly when scanning the white plate.

- Possible causes -
  - Exposure lamp defective
  - Exposure lamp stabilizer defective
  - Exposure lamp connector defective
  - Dirty scanner mirror or scanner mirror out of position
  - SBU board defective
  - SBU connector defective
  - · Lens block out of position

### SC120: Scanner home position error 1

-Definition- [B]

The scanner home position sensor does not detect the off condition during initialization or copying.

- Possible causes -
  - Scanner home position sensor defective
  - Scanner drive motor defective
  - Scanner home position sensor connector defective
  - Scanner drive motor connector defective
  - IOB board defective

#### SC121: Scanner home position error 2

-Definition- [B]

The scanner home position sensor does not detect the on condition during initialization or copying.

- Possible causes -
  - Scanner home position sensor defective
  - Scanner drive motor defective
  - Scanner home position sensor connector defective
  - Scanner drive motor connector defective
  - IOB board defective

#### SC122: Scanner home position error 3

-Definition- [B]

The scanner home position sensor detects the on condition while the scanner is returning to the home position.

- Possible causes -
  - Scanner home position sensor defective
  - · Scanner drive motor defective
  - Scanner home position sensor connector defective
  - Scanner drive motor connector defective
  - IOB board defective

#### SC123: Scanner home position error 4

-Definition-[B]

The scanner home position sensor does not detect the on condition after the scanner returns to the home position.

- Possible causes -
  - Scanner home position sensor defective
  - Scanner drive motor defective
  - Scanner home position sensor connector defective
  - Scanner drive motor connector defective
  - IOB board defective

#### SC192: Automatic SBU adjustment error

-Definition-[B]

An error is detected during automatic SBU adjustment (SP4-903)

- Possible causes -
  - SBU defective
  - BICU board defective
  - Exposure lamp stabilizer defective
  - Exposure lamp defective
  - Dirty white plate

#### SC194: IPU White Level Detection Error

Definition: [B]

The level of the white standard pattern detected by the IPU chip (on the BICU board) is too low.

# Possible Causes:

- Exposure lamp defective
- · BICU board defective
- Incorrect position of the white standard pattern
- Dirty white plate
- SBU board defective

### SC302: Charge roller current leak

-Definition-[B]

A charge roller current leak signal is detected.

- Possible causes -
  - Charge roller damaged
  - Charge high voltage supply board defective
  - Poor connection of the PCU

# SC320: Polygon motor error

-Definition-[B]

The polygon motor does not reach its operating speed within 10 seconds after the polygon motor on signal, or the lock signal is not detected for more than 200 ms continuously during operation.

- Possible causes -
  - Polygon mirror motor defective
  - Poor connection between the polygon mirror motor driver and the BICU board
  - BICU board defective

#### SC321: No laser writing signal (F-GATE) error

Definition: [B]

The laser writing signal (F-GATE) is still not LOW when the laser writing area +5 mm has passed since the laser writing start position on the drum.

#### Possible Causes:

- BICU board defective
- EMB (Copier feature expander) board defective
- The fax controller or printer controller has a poor connection.
- Fax controller or printer controller defective

#### SC322: Laser synchronization error

-Definition- [B]

The main scan synchronization detector board cannot detect the laser synchronization signal for more than 5 consecutive 100 ms intervals.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the laser synchronization detector board and the BICU board
  - Laser synchronization detector board out of position
  - Laser synchronization detector board defective
  - BICU board defective
  - LD unit defective

#### SC324: LD drive current over

-Definition- [B]

The LD drive board applies more than 100 mA to the LD.

- Possible causes -
  - LD unit defective (not enough power, due to aging)
  - Poor connection between the LD unit and the BICU board
  - BICU board defective

#### SC390: TD sensor error

-Definition-[B]

The TD sensor outputs less than 0.5V or more than 4.0V 10 times consecutively during copying.

- Possible causes -
  - TD sensor abnormal
  - Poor connection of the PCU

#### SC391: Development bias leak

-Definition-[B]

A development bias leak signal is detected.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection of the PCU
  - High voltage supply board defective

#### SC392: TD sensor initial setting error

-Definition- [B]

TD sensor output voltage falls out of the adjustment range (2.0  $\pm$ <> 0.2 V) after the TD sensor initial setting has been finished.

- Possible causes -
  - Someone forgot to remove the toner seal of the PCU
  - ID sensor defective
  - TD sensor abnormal
  - Drum does not turn
  - Development roller does not turn
  - Poor connection of the PCU

# SC401: Transfer roller leak error 1 SC402: Transfer roller leak error 2

-Definition-[B]

A transfer roller current leak signal is detected.

The current feedback signal for the transfer roller is not detected.

- Possible causes -
  - High voltage supply board defective
  - Poor connection of the PCU
  - Transfer/separation unit set incorrectly
  - Transfer roller damaged

#### SC411: Separation bias leak error

-Definition-[B]

A separation bias leak signal is detected.

- Possible causes -
  - High voltage supply board defective
  - Poor connection of the PCU
  - Discharge plate defective

#### SC500: Main motor lock

-Definition-[B]

A main motor lock signal is not detected for more than 500 ms after the main motor starts to rotate, or the lock signal is not detected for more than 500 ms during rotation after the last signal.

- Possible causes -
  - Too much load on the drive mechanism
  - Main motor defective

SC501: 1st paper tray lift motor malfunction

SC502: 2nd paper tray lift motor malfunction

SC503: 3rd paper tray lift motor malfunction (optional paper tray unit)

SC504: 4th paper tray lift motor malfunction (optional paper tray unit)

-Definition- [C]

The paper lift sensor is not activated after the tray lift motor has been on for 18 seconds.

- Possible causes -
  - Paper lift sensor defective
  - Tray lift motor defective
  - Too much load on the drive mechanism
  - Poor tray lift motor connection

## SC506: Paper tray motor lock (optional paper tray unit)

-Definition-[C]

A motor lock signal is not detected for more than 1.5 s or the lock signal is not detected for more than 1.0 s during rotation.

- Possible causes -
  - Paper tray unit motor defective
  - Too much load on the drive mechanism



#### SC507: Tandem tray lift error (optional LCT)

-Definition-[C]

The lower limit sensor is not activated after the paper tray lift motor has been on to lower the tandem tray for 8 seconds.

- Possible causes -
  - Paper tray lift motor defective
  - Lower limit sensor defective
  - Too much load on the drive mechanism

#### SC508: Rear fence drive error (optional LCT)

-Definition-[C]

The return position sensor is not activated after the rear fence drive motor has been on to lower the tandem tray for 8 seconds.

- Possible causes -
  - Rear fence motor defective
  - Return position sensor defective
  - Too much load on the drive mechanism

#### SC509: Side fence drive error (optional LCT)

-Definition- [C]

The side fence positioning sensor is not activated for more 3 seconds when the paper stack in the left tray is moved to the right tray.

The side fence close sensor is not activated for more 3 seconds after moving the paper stack to the right tray.

- Possible causes -
  - Side fence motor defective
  - Side fence position sensor defective
  - Side fence close sensor defective
  - Too much load on the drive mechanism

#### SC541: Fusing thermistor open

-Definition- [A]

The fusing temperature detected by the thermistor was below 55 °C for 15 seconds or below 75 °C for 20 seconds.

- Possible causes -
  - Fusing thermistor defective or out of position
  - Fusing lamp open
  - Fusing thermofuse open
  - · Power supply board defective
  - Poor connection of the fusing unit

#### SC542: Fusing temperature warm-up error

-Definition- [A]

The fusing temperature does not reach 155 °C within 60 seconds after the main switch is turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Fusing thermistor defective or out of position
  - Fusing lamp open
  - Fusing thermofuse open
  - Power supply board defective
  - · Poor connection of the fusing unit

#### SC543: Fusing overheat error

-Definition- [A]

A fusing temperature of over 231°C is detected for 1 second by the fusing thermistor.

- Possible causes -
  - Fusing thermistor defective
  - Power supply board defective

### SC544: Fusing low temperature error

-Definition- [A]

A fusing temperature of lower than 100°C is detected for 1 second by the fusing thermistor.

- Possible causes -
  - Fusing thermistor defective
  - Power supply board defective
  - · Poor connection of the fusing unit

#### SC546: Unstable fusing temperature

Definition: [A]

Fusing temperature more than 60 °C: The fusing temperature does not rise 2°C or more within 6 seconds after the fusing lamp has been on.

Fusing temperature 60 °C or less: The fusing temperature does not rise 2°C or more during a 6 second interval (the 6 s timer starts 14 s after the fusing lamp turned on).

#### Possible Causes:

- Thermistor defective
- Poor connection of the fusing unit
- Power supply unit defective

#### SC547: Zero cross signal malfunction

-Definition-[A]

Zero cross signals are not detected within a certain period.

- Possible causes -
  - Power supply board defective
  - IOB defective
  - BICU defective

#### SC590: Exhaust fan motor error

-Definition- [B]

The CPU detects an exhaust fan lock signal for more than 3.5 seconds.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection of the exhaust fan motor
  - Too much load on the motor drive

#### SC610: Communication error between IOB and duplex unit

-Definition- [B']

The IOB cannot communicate with the duplex unit properly.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the IOB and duplex unit
  - IOB defective
  - Duplex control board defective

#### SC620: Communication error between IOB and ADF

Definition: [B]

The IOB cannot receive a response from the ADF main board for 4 seconds or more.

#### Possible Causes:

- Poor connection between the IOB and ADF main board (DF connector)
- ADF main board defective
- IOB defective

#### SC691: Communication error between BICU and fax controller

-Definition- [B]

The BICU board cannot communicate with the fax controller properly.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the BICU board and the fax controller
  - BICU board defective
  - Fax controller defective

#### SC692: Communication error between BICU and printer controller

-Definition- [B]

The BICU board cannot communicate with the printer controller properly.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the BICU board and the mother board.
  - Poor connection between the mother board and the printer controller
  - BICU board defective
  - Printer controller defective
  - Mother board defective

#### SC694: Communication error between BICU and scanner controller

-Definition-[B]

The BICU board cannot communicate with the scanner controller properly.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the BICU board and the mother board.
  - Poor connection between the mother board and the scanner controller
  - BICU board defective
  - Scanner controller defective
  - Mother board defective

#### SC 696: Communication error between IOB and finisher

-Definition-[B']

The IOB cannot communicate with the finisher properly.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the IOB and finisher
  - IOB defective
  - Finisher main board defective

#### SC722: Finisher jogger motor error

- -Definition-[B']
  - 1) The finisher jogger H.P sensor remains de-activated for a certain time when returning to home position.
  - 2) The finisher jogger H.P sensor remains activated for a certain time when moving away from home position.
- Possible causes -
  - Jogger H.P sensor defective
  - Jogger motor defective

#### SC725: Finisher stack feed-out motor error

- Definition - [B']

The stack feed-out belt H.P sensor does not activate within a certain time after the stack feed-out motor turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Stack feed-out H.P sensor defective
  - Stack feed-out motor defective

#### SC726: Finisher shift motor error

- Definition - [B']

Tray shift does not finish within a certain time after the shift motor turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Shift motor defective
  - Shift tray half-turn sensor defective

#### SC730: Finisher stapler position motor error

- Definition [B']
  - 1) The stapler does not return to its home position within a certain time after the stapler motor turned on.
  - 2) The stapler H.P sensor does not activate within a certain time after the stapler motor turned on.
- Possible causes -
  - Stapler motor defective
  - Stapler H.P sensor defective
  - Poor stapler motor connection

#### SC733: Finisher stack feed-out motor error

- Definition - [B']

The stack feed-out belt H.P sensor does not activate within a certain time after the stack feed-out motor turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Stack feed-out H.P sensor defective
  - Stack feed-out motor defective

#### SC734: Finisher lift motor error

- Definition - [B']

The stack height sensor does not activate within a certain time after the shift tray lift motor turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Shift tray lift motor defective
  - Stack height sensor defective

#### SC735: Finisher exit guide plate motor error

- Definition - [B']

The exit guide plate open sensor or exit guide plate HP sensor does not activate within a certain time after the exit guide plate motor turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Exit guide plate motor defective
  - Exit guide plate HP sensor defective
  - Exit guide plate open sensor defective

#### SC 750: Interchange unit connection error

-Definition- [B']

The IOB cannot communicate with the interchange unit properly when the duplex unit is installed.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the IOB and interchange unit
  - IOB defective

#### SC 751: Bridge unit connection error

-Definition- [B']

The IOB cannot communicate with the bridge unit properly when the finisher is installed.

- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the IOB and bridge unit
  - IOB defective

#### SC752: Finisher connection error

-Definition- [B']

The IOB cannot communicate with the finisher properly when the bridge unit is installed.



- Possible causes -
  - Poor connection between the finisher and bridge unit
  - IOB defective

#### SC760: ADF gate abnormal

Definition: [B]

The ADF Gate signal line between the ADF main board and the IOB is disconnected.

#### Possible Causes:

- ADF main board defective
- Input/output board defective
- Por connection (ADF Gate line) between the ADF main board and the IOB.

### SC770: Shift tray motor error (optional shift tray unit)

-Definition-[B']

The shift tray half-turn sensor is not activated within a certain time after the shift tray motor turned on.

- Possible causes -
  - Shift tray motor defective
  - Shift tray half-turn sensor defective

#### SC900: Electrical total counter error

Definition: [B]

The electrical total counter is not working properly.



#### Possible Causes:

NVRAM defective

#### **SC901: Mechanical Total Counter**

Definition: [B]

The mechanical total counter is not working properly.

#### Possible Causes:

- Mechanical total counter defective
- IOB defective
- Disconnected mechanical total counter

# SC921: EMB (Copier feature expander) hardware error

Definition: [B]

The hardware of the MSU is defective.

#### Possible Causes:

- EMB (Copier feature expander) defective
- BICU defective

# SC980: Program loading error

Definition: [A]

The program cannot load properly.

#### Possible Causes:

- The connection between the BICU and the IC board is poor.
- BICU board defective
- IC board or the program defective

**NOTE:** This SC should be cleared by trying to download again from an IC card.

#### SC990: Communication error between BICU and IOB

Definition: [B]

The BICU board cannot communicate with the IOB.

#### Possible Causes:

- The connection between the BICU board and the IOB is poor.
- BICU board defective
- IOB defective

#### SC999: Program version error

Definition: [B]

An incorrect type of main software was downloaded.

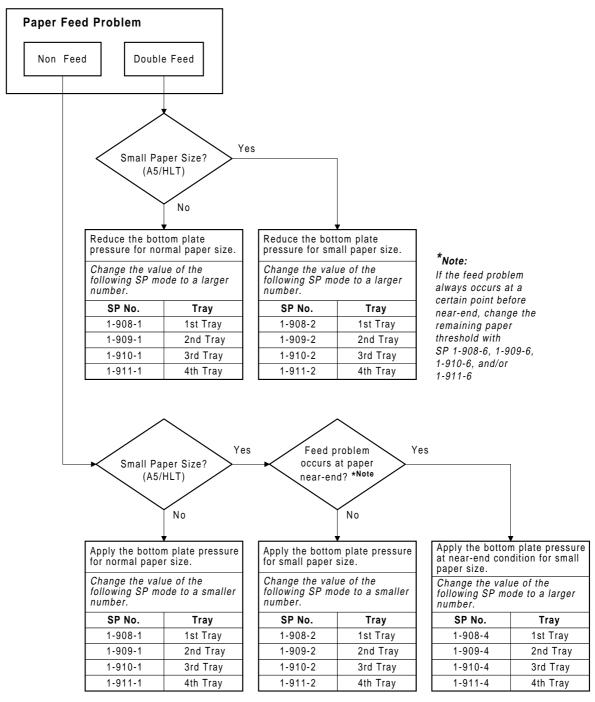
#### Possible Causes:

• The main software for another machine was downloaded to this machine.



# 7.2 PAPER FEED TROUBLESHOOTING

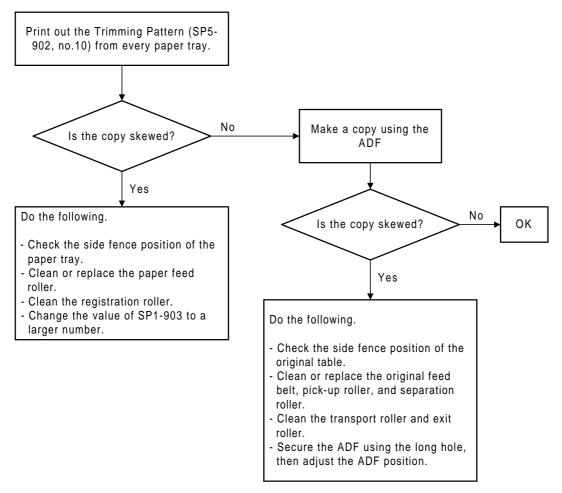
When a paper double feed or paper non feed problem occurs, fix the problem in accordance with the following flow chart.



A265T500.WMF

# 7.3 SKEWED IMAGE

Do the following to fix a skewed image problem.



A265T501.WMF



# 7.4 TONER DENSITY

# 7.4.1 ADJUST THE TONER DENSITY CONTROL

## If the toner density is too low

Change the value of SP 2-201-2 to "1" or "3".

# If the toner density is too high

Change the value of SP2-201-2 to "2" or "4".

## 7.4.2 DIRTY BACKGROUND

Do either of the following.

- Change the value of SP2-929-1 from 2.80 V to 3.10 V.
- Change the value of SP2-201-1 to a value between 550V and -500V

# Troubleshooting

# 7.5 ELECTRICAL COMPONENT DEFECTS

# **7.5.1 SENSORS**

Component (Symbol)	CN	Condition	Symptom
		Open	SC120 is displayed.
Scanner H.P 337-2 (IOB)	Shorted	The CPU does not detect the scanner home position and the scanner motor does not stop.	
Platen Cover	337-5	Open	APS and ARE do not function correctly.
Flaten Cover	(IOB)	Shorted	No symptom
		Open	The CPU cannot detect the original size
Original Width	(IOB)	Shorted	properly. APS and ARE do not function correctly.
Original		Open	The CPU cannot detect the original size
Length-1	(IOB)	Shorted	properly. APS and ARE do not function correctly.
Original		Open	The CPU cannot detect the original size
Length-2	(IOB)	Shorted	properly. APS and ARE do not function correctly.
Toner Density	302-3	Open	SC390 is displayed
Torier Density	(IOB)	Shorted	
1st Paper End 306-2 (IOB)	206.2	Open	The Paper End indicator lights even if paper is placed in the 1st paper tray.
		Shorted	The Paper End indicator does not light even if there is no paper in the 1st paper tray.
	207.40	Open	The Paper End indicator lights even if paper is placed in the 2nd paper tray.
2nd Paper End	307-A2 (IOB)	Shorted	The Paper End indicator does not light even if there is no paper in the 2nd paper tray.
Image Density	321-3	Open	SC392 is displayed (see note)
illiage Delisity	(IOB)	Shorted	
Paper Over Flow	324-5 (IOB)	Open	The paper overflow message is not displayed when the paper overfull condition exist.
(I	(IOD)	Shorted	The paper overflow message is displayed.
Paner Evit	324-2	Open	The Paper Jam indicator will light whenever a copy is made.
	(IOB)	Shorted	The Paper Jam indicator lights even if there is no paper.
	306-5	Open	The Paper Jam indicator will light whenever a copy is made.
Upper Relay	(IOB)	Shorted	The Paper Jam indicator lights even if there is no paper.

Component (Symbol)	CN	Condition	Symptom
Lower Relay	307-A5	Open	The Paper Jam indicator will light whenever a copy is made.
Lower Relay	(IOB)	Shorted	The Paper Jam indicator lights even if there is no paper.
321-6	Open	The Paper Jam indicator will light whenever a copy is made.	
Registration	(IOB)	Shorted	The Paper Jam indicator lights even if there is no paper.
1st Paper Lift	305-7	Open	SC501 will be displayed.
1st Paper Lift (IOB)	Shorted	Paper jam will occur during copying.	
2nd Paper Lift	305-10	Open	SC502 will be displayed.
Ziiu Fapei Liit	(IOB)	Shorted	Paper jam will occur during copying.
1st Paper	307-B2	Open	The CPU cannot determine the paper
Height – 1	(IOB)	Shorted	near-end condition properly.
1st Paper	307-B5	Open	The CPU cannot determine the paper
Height – 2	(IOB)	Shorted	near-end condition properly.
2nd Paper	307-B9	Open	The CPU cannot determine the paper
Height – 1	(IOB)	Shorted	near-end condition properly.
2nd Paper	307-B12	Open	The CPU cannot determine the paper
Height – 2	(IOB)	Shorted	near-end condition properly.

**NOTE:** An SC condition occurs only when a new PCU is being installed in the machine. During copying, if the ID sensor fails, the image density will be changed.

# ı rouple<del>.</del> shooting

# **7.5.2 SWITCHES**

Component (Symbol)	CN	Condition	Symptom
Main	281-1,2	Open	The machine does not turn on.
Iviairi	(PSU)	Shorted	The machine does not turn off.
Right Upper	324-8	Open	The Cover Open indicator is not lit even if the right upper cover is opened.
Cover	(IOB)	Shorted	The Cover Open indicator is lit even if the right upper cover is closed.
Right Cover	308-9	Open	The Cover Open indicator is not lit even if the right cover is opened.
ragin Gover	(IOB)	Shorted	The Cover Open indicator is lit even if the right cover is closed.
Right Lower	307-A8	Open	The Cover Open indicator is not lit even if the right lower cover is opened.
Cover	(IOB)	Shorted	The Cover Open indicator is lit even if the right lower cover is closed.
Upper Paper	308-1,2,4,5	Open	The CPU cannot detect the proper paper
Size Size	(IOB)	Shorted	size, and misfeeds may occur when a copy is made.
Lower Paper	308-	Open	The CPU cannot detect the proper paper
Size 6,7,9,10 (IOB)		Shorted	size, and misfeeds may occur when a copy is made.
	308-12	Open	No symptom. However, the image
Special Paper	(IOB)	Shorted	density problem will occur when using a thick paper.
New PCU	302-6	Open	The TD sensor initial setting procedure is not performed when a new PCU is installed.
Detect	(IOB)	Shorted	The TD sensor initial setting procedure is performed whenever the front cover is closed.
Front Cover Safety	311-2, 4 (IOB)	Open	The Cover Open indicator is not lit even if the front cover is opened.
		Shorted	The Cover Open indicator is lit even if the front cover is closed.
Operation	103-5	Open	The LCD does not off even if the operation switch is turned off.
Operation	(BICU)	Shorted	The LCD does not on even if the operation switch is turned on.

# 7.6 BLOWN FUSE CONDITIONS

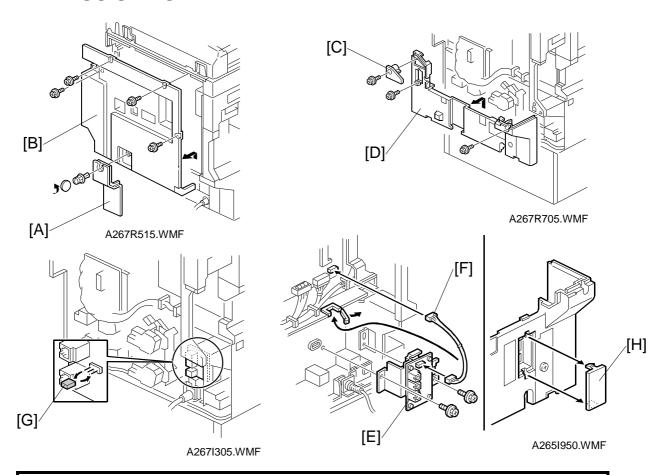
Euso	Fuse Rating		Symptom when turning on the
ruse	115 V	220 ~ 240 V	main switch
Power Supply	y Board		
FU1	15 A/250 V		No response.
FU2	8 A/125 V	3.15 A/250 V	No response
FU3	2 A/125 V	2 A/250V	Anti-condensation/Tray Heater does
1 03	2 A/125 V	2 A/250 V	not turn on.
FU4	4 A/125 V	4 A/250V	"Doors/Covers Open" is displayed
104	7 / 125 V	7 / V 200 V	then SC194 is displayed
FU5	4 A/125 V	4 /250 V	Optional peripherals does not work
FU6	4 A/125 V	4 A/250V	SC752 is displayed
FU7	2 A/125 V	2 A/250 V	SC990 is displayed

30 November 1999 RSS SET UP

# **APPENDIX 1 (FOR RUSSIAN-C)**

# 1. RSS (REMOTE SERVICE SYSTEM)

# 1.1 RSS SET UP



# **ACAUTION**

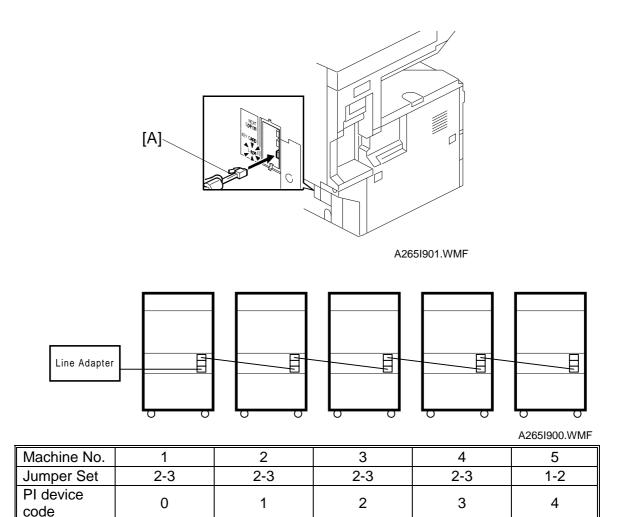
#### Unplug the machine power cord before starting the following procedure.

- 1. Remove the connector cover [A] (1 clip) and disconnect the cable.
- 2. Remove the rear cover [B] (4 screws).
- 3. Remove the duplex connector cover [C] (1 screw) and the lower rear cover [D] (2 crews).
- 4. Install the RSS board [E] (2 screws).
- 5. Install the harness [F] between the RSS board and the BICU board (CN107). **NOTE:** Remove the expansion box if the optional printer has been installed.

#### When connecting only one machine to the line adapter, skips step 6.

- 6. Set the jumper switch [G] on the RSS board as shown (default setting is 1-2).
- 7. Remove the cover [H] from the lower rear cover.

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- 8. Reassemble the machine.
- 9. Connect the modular cord [A] to the line adapter as shown.
- 10. Install the line adapter (refer to chapter 2-1 L-ADP Installation Procedure in the CSS Service Manual).
- 11. Turn on the machine.

# When connecting only one machine to the line adapter, skips step 12.

12. Enter the Copier SP mode and set the PI device code with SP5-821 (default 0).
NOTE: After changing the value, turn the main power switch off and on to enable the PI device code.

30 November 1999 SP MODE SETTING

# 1.2 SP MODE SETTING

After installing the machine and line adapter, perform SP5-816 (CSS Function).

Check the value of the following SP modes. Ensure they are set correctly.

**NOTE:** SP5-507 is only for the Japanese version. Do not change.

- SP5-501-1 (PM Alarm Interval): 120k
- SP5-504 (Jam Alarm Setting): 40
- SP5-505 (Error Alarm Setting): 10
- SP5-508-1 (CE Call Jam Level 1): 1 (On)
- SP5-508-2 (CE Call Jam Level 2): 1 (On)
- SP5-590-3 (CE Call Cover Open): 1 (On)

# 1.3 CHECKING ITEMS USING RSS

# 1.3.1 READ ONLY ITEMS

Item	Item
Paper end	Paper size information
Paper jam information	System configuration
Staple end	Fusing temperature
Door open	Vsg, Vsp, Vsdp, Vt data
Unit connection condition (Fusing and PCU)	Copy counter for user codes
Machine condition	SP7-001~-003, -204, -301~-305, -402, -504~-803, -903, -905

## 1.3.2 AUTO CALL AND READ ITEMS

Item	Item
Jam condition auto call	Continuously jam
SC alarm	Jam auto call
SC auto call	Cover open auto call
SC auto call: communication	

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# 1.3.3 READ AND WRITE ITEMS

All data for SP modes and UP modes except few modes.

# 1.3.4 EXECUTE ITEMS

Item	Item
User code (clear)	Copy counter reset
SC reset	Reset counter by each paper tray
PM counter reset	Total operation time reset
SC/jam counters rest	Key operator code reset
Counters reset (except total counter)	

# 1.4 JAM HISTORY

The jam history is read in this way.



A265I903.WMF

# 1.4.1 JAM CONDITION TABLE

# Copier

Code	Meaning		
01	Jams at power on.		
0A	Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from paper tray unit)		
0B	Paper does not reach the 1st relay sensor.		
1E	Paper does not reach the 2nd relay sensor.		
1F	Paper does not reach the 3rd relay sensor.		
20	Paper does not reach the LCT feed sensor.		
32	Paper does not reach the registration sensor (from by-pass unit)		
46	Paper caught at the registration sensor.		
64	Jams in the duplex.		
79	Paper does not reach the exit sensor.		
7A	Paper caught at the exit sensor.		
7B	Paper does not reach the duplex entrance sensor.		
7C	Paper caught at the duplex entrance sensor.		
7D	Paper does not reach the duplex exit sensor.		
83	Paper does not reach the bridge exit sensor.		

30 November 1999 JAM HISTORY

Code	Meaning	
84	Paper caught at the bridge exit sensor.	
85	Paper does not reach the bridge relay sensor.	
86	Paper caught at the bridge relay sensor.	
95	Paper does not reach the 1 bin exit sensor	
96	Paper caught at the 1 bin exit sensor.	
A0	Paper does not reach the finisher entrance sensor.	
A1	Paper caught at the finisher entrance sensor.	
A2	Paper does not reach the finisher exit sensor.	
А3	Paper caught at the finisher exit sensor.	
A4	Paper does not reach the staple tray.	
A5	Paper stays in the staple tray.	

# Document Feeder

Code	Meaning		
D2	Original does not reach the registration sensor.		
D3	Original caught at the registration sensor.		
D4	Original does not reach the feed-out sensor.		
D5	Original caught at the feed-out sensor.		
D6	Original does not reach the inverter sensor.		
D7	Original caught at the inverter sensor.		
D8	Short interval between originals.		
DA	No original at the stamp.		

# 1.4.2 PAPER SIZE

Code	Paper Size	Code	Paper Size
05	A4 sideways	86	A5 lengthwise
06	A5 sideways	87	A6 lengthwise
07	A6 sideways	8D	B4
0E	B5 sideways	8E	B5 lengthwise
0F	B6 sideways	8F	B6 lengthwise
11	Return post card sideways	91	Return post card lengthwise
12	Post card sideways	92	Post card lengthwise
24	8.5" x 14" sideways	A0	11" x 17"
26	8.5" x 11" sideways	A4	8.5" x 14" lengthwise
2C	8.5" x 5.5" sideways	A6	8.5" x 11" lengthwise
84	A3	AC	8.5" x 5.5" lengthwise
85	A4 lengthwise		

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# 1.5 OTHERS

# 1.5.1 SC630 [RDS COMMUNICATION ERROR]

Frequent occurrence of SC630 indicates a problem in the customer's communication line or line adapter. To maintain the communications environment in good working order, it is necessary to contact planned inspections periodically.

#### 1.5.2 PM PROCEDURE OR OTHER MAINTENANCE

Before beginning PM or other maintenance procedures, SP5-817-1 should be set to "1". This will disable the RDS function. When maintenance is completed, SP5-817-2 should be set to "1". This will re-enable the RDS function.

**NOTE:** The RDS function will remain disabled for four hours. Therefore, if maintenance for longer than four hours is required, SP5-817-1 should be set to "1" again to disable RDS.